Today's Weather.
Showers Followed by Fair Weather Today.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Latest News Edition.

VOL. 119. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 14. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 11, 1904. —TWELVE PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

NEWS SUMMARY

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Three trolley accidents occur in the eastern part of the state.—Page 8.

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State medical board reports that 393 applicants successfully passed examinations for licenses to practice in state.—Page 12.

LOCAL.

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Japanese merchant says war with Russia was caused by a divinity.—Page 12.

Downtown business men preparing for a campaign against the tenderloin district.—Page 5.

The nine directors of the defunct State Bank of Pittsburgh are to face trial in criminal court.—Page 8.

Rather than testify against his brother David Henry of Noblestown kills himself with a rifle.—Page 3.

Congressman Dalzell criticises Judge Parker's speech of acceptance.—Page 6.

Controller Larkin opens battle with administration over filtration.—Page 5.

Twentieth ward councilmen angry at administration over turndown of Director Clark.—Page 5.

SPORTING.

Pittsburgh beats Philadelphia, 6 to 3.—Page 7.

Miss Moeller will compete in Tri-State tennis tourney.—Page 7.

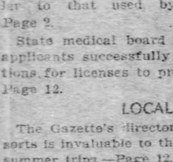
Judge Elliott Rodgers is giving big golf tournament at Cape May.—Page 7.

FINANCIAL.

New York tractions, Sugar and Smelting reached the highest prices of the year. United States Steel lower. Local stocks declined. Bullish wheat sentiment succumbs to conservative element and price goes down a shade.—Pages 10 and 11.

THE WEATHER

Rain, followed by fair weather during the same 24 hours, is the prediction made for Pittsburgh and vicinity today by the weather experts in Washington. The maximum temperature yesterday was 78 degrees and the lowest 68 degrees. The sun rose cloudy at 5:23 a. m. and set cloudy at 7:25 p. m. The following report for yesterday was furnished by the local weather office:



Rain.

Time.	Baro	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m....	18	71	74	S	Pt. Cldy.
8 p. m....	11	78	75	S.W.	Cloudy.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for August 10:

	1904	1903		1904	1903
Maximum temp.	76	84	Mean	72	78
Minimum temp.	68	62	Precipitation	.20	..

Nor. temp. 31 yrs. . 74
Dfcy. for day.... 2
Dfcy. since Aug. 1. 8
Dfcy. since Jan. 1.83

Nor. precip. 31 yrs. .10
Precip. for day.... .20
Exc. for day.... .10
Dfcy. since Aug. 1. .01
Exc. since Jan. 1... .26

Official Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Showers followed by fair Thursday. Friday, fair and warmer; winds shifting to fresh southeast.

West Virginia—Showers Thursday; Friday, fair and warmer.

Ohio—Fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday; fresh southeast winds.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

St. Louis	74 Clear	Cincinnati	72 Cloudy
Louisville	78 PtCldy	Indianapolis	72 Cloudy
Memphis	80 Clear	Chicago	60 Clear
Oklahoma	84 Clear	Kansas City	80 Clear
Red River	84 Clear	Minneapolis	72 Cloudy
Galveston	84 Clear	Washington	76 Cloudy
Buffalo	70 Cloudy	New York	74 Cloudy
Philadelphia	76 Clear	Boston	74 Rain.
Portland	70 Clear	New Orleans	78 Cloudy

RIVAL FLEETS CLASH AGAIN

Russian Ships Escape From Port Arthur and Engagement Follows.

FIGHT LASTS A DAY

Gen. Kuropatkin Is Reported to Have Withdrawn Safely to North.

MUKDEN HEAVILY REINFORCED

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

TOKYO, Aug. 11.—The Russian fleet emerged from Port Arthur Wednesday and a severe engagement with the Japanese fleet, lasting all day, followed. The Japanese destroyers attacked the Russians at night. The results of the engagements are unknown. The Russian battleships Retvisan and Pobieda were seen outside Port Arthur this (Thursday) morning.

CHEFOO, Aug. 11, 7:30 a. m.—A Russian torpedo boat destroyer entered Chefoo harbor at 5:30 o'clock this morning and reported that six Russian battleships, four cruisers and half of the torpedo boats escaped from Port Arthur yesterday morning. The torpedo boat destroyer left Port Arthur last night, bringing in five passengers who stated that the Japanese fleet is pursuing the Russians, and that a battle on the open sea is expected.

Admiral Sah, of the Chinese Imperial navy arrived here tonight from the Miaotao islands. He says the firing of Monday night was at Port Arthur, and was heavy all night long. Further firing, according to the admiral, was heard this afternoon.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—A correspondent of the Daily Mail, who visited Sin-Min-Tin, which is on neutral Chinese territory, about 30 miles west of Mukden, cables the following under date of August 10:

"There is an enormous garrison at Mukden, reinforcements having arrived very rapidly. There are no Japanese north of the city. A force of some strength lies 25 miles to the south, and there is another Japanese army five miles east of Liao-Yang.

"I learn from a reliable source that the main Russian army has fallen back on Chiutsu."

The Tien-Tsin correspondent of the Standard says that 5,000 Chinese bandits attacked the Russian camp in the Tieh pass on August 2. The Russians were taken unawares and had many killed. They also lost a quantity of ammunition and supplies.

LIAO-YANG, Aug. 9.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The Japanese are very active at Bendziko, 27 miles east on the Taitse river. They are bridging the river at eight points to facilitate their advance.

It is reported that the Japanese have 20,000 men and 20 guns idle at Hai-Cheng awaiting the turning movement which they are now attempting around Liao-Yang. The Hai-Cheng force will be ready to advance if the flankers succeed in pocketing the Russians.

Gen. Lubavin made a reconnaissance to the eastward in the valley of the Taitse river on the night of August 8, striking the Japanese at Izyanchan. The night was dark and foggy. Three companies of Cossacks rushed the Japanese outposts in order to develop the strength of their reserves. It was discovered that the Japanese had 30,000 men and eight guns.

The Cossacks found that they had stirred up a hornet's nest. They had a severe fight and drove back the Japanese advance, but got away before reinforcements had time to come up. The Russians lost two men killed and nine wounded, as well as a few horses.

Vague Report of Great Battle.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 11.—(3:30 a. m.)—Telegrams from the front are not only badly delayed, but are arriving with little reference to the sequence of their filing. A dispatch from Liao-Yang, dated August 7 reports that there was continued fighting August 6 and August 7 at Houtsiatze, but gives no details. The dispatch adds that a battle was expected at Aisyadzkan.

A dispatch to the Bourse Gazette, of St. Petersburg, from Liao-Yang, on August 6, said another great battle had been fought in the neighborhood of Hou-Tsia-Tze on the railroad about 14 miles west of Liao-Yang in which the Japanese losses were estimated to have been from 10,000 to 13,000 and the Russian losses insignificant.

A dispatch to the Associated Press from St. Petersburg on the same day said that the Bourse Gazette dispatch was believed to refer to the fighting of July 30, July 31 and August 1. The war office had not received any reports of later fighting, and the officials pointed out that Hou-Tsia-Tze was a couple of miles westward of Yushu pass, whence the Russians fell back on Anping after the battle of July 31.

Kuropatkin Safe in North.

Again the chance of a decisive battle between Gen. Kuropatkin and the commander of the Japanese armies seems to be disappearing. According to a statement issued by the general staff tonight, rains are again falling over a wide area in Manchuria, with the prospect of impending operations, but ever more important is information from an exceptional source that the Japanese once more have delayed too long.

Gen. Kuropatkin has now withdrawn the bulk of his army safely north of Liao-Yang, leaving only a strong rear guard line southeast of Liao-Yang to contest the advance when it comes. According to this information the Japanese have about 300,000 men in the armies operating against Gen. Kuropatkin, considering it no

Continued on Second Page, Third Column.

PACKING HOUSE STRIKERS PARADING IN THE SUBURBS OF CHICAGO

PHIPPS DIVORCE SUIT IN COURT

Wife Endeavors to Put Her Husband on the Defensive in the Case.

SUMMONS SERVICE ATTACKED

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

DENVER, COL., Aug. 10.—Multi-millionaire Lawrence C. Phipps and Mrs. Genevieve Chandler Phipps, from whom divorce is sought, had their first battle in court today. It seems that the real motive in making the present contest is not any more to nullify the suit than to delay action by attacking the service of summons. It is said that Mrs. Phipps hopes thereby to arrange a settlement, and it is her desire therefore to place her husband on the defensive. If she can succeed in having the summons in the case in which she is defendant declared illegal, then the way will be cleared for the vigorous prosecution of the suit in which she will be the plaintiff in Pittsburgh.

Attorney Leftwich of the firm of Wolcott, Valle & Waterman, made the principal argument today in support of the motion to quash service of summons, holding that the courts of Colorado were without jurisdiction over Mrs. Phipps. It appears that Mrs. Phipps was served by Winfield Sutherland, who styled himself as an assistant deputy sheriff of the county of New York. There was no such office as assistant deputy sheriff, Mr. Leftwich argued.

No proof whatever had been offered, the speaker claimed, to show that Sutherland had authority to serve the summons, or that there was any law by which any person or official outside of the designated sheriff of the county where the defendant was located had the right to make service. Gerald Hughes, on Mr. Phipps' behalf, stuck by the Colorado as against New York procedure, seeking to prove that summons could be made by any person authorized by the sheriff. The matter is still pending.

LEITER TAKES CHARGE OF WEST VIRGINIA MINERS

He Personally Conducted a Carload of Men to His Illinois Property.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CARBONDALE, ILL., Aug. 10.—This morning in a car of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad, Joseph Leiter, armed with a revolver, personally conducted a contingent of 39 West Virginia coal miners to his plant at Zeigler. The coming of the train was known to the union miners at Pinckneyville and Duquoin, but after keeping up a vigil until nearly 3 a. m., the men gave up the task, thinking the report was untrue. On the train Leiter talked and mingled with the men freely. He was in buoyant spirits.

Up to date the total contingent from West Virginia is 60. Many of the first who went in have quit. They refuse to work where they are not permitted to make a garden or own domestic animals, or where they are not permitted to own more than their household goods. Tonight another contingent will be landed.

Jerry Simpson Bobs Up.

ROSWELL, N. M., Aug. 10.—Former Congressman Jerry Simpson of this city today formally announced his candidacy on the St. Louis platform for delegate to congress from New Mexico, subject to the action of the Democratic territorial convention, to be held at Las Vegas August 25.

Two Killed by Lightning.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—During a heavy thunderstorm in this city and vicinity today William Hagen, 27 years old, was killed by lightning while driving a truck in Brooklyn. An unidentified boy is also said to have been killed by the lightning in Brownsville.

Contract for Navy Engines.

RACINE, WIS., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Brown Corliss today captured the contract for a $60,000 engine for the United States navy against the competition of the Allis-Chalmers Company and the Westinghouse Company of Pittsburgh.

MRS. HENDRICKS IS IN TROUBLE

Woman, Whose Husband Was Associated With Laura Biggar, Charged With Wrong-Doing.

MALE COMPANION ARRESTED

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

SCRANTON, PA., Aug. 10.—Arthur Burtain Hutchinson, who is represented as a retired millionaire lawyer of Chester, Vermont, was arrested here today on a serious charge preferred by his wife who has had detectives for more than a month watching his movements and those of Mrs. C. C. Hendricks of Brooklyn. Mrs. Hendricks is the wife of Dr. C. C. Hendricks, who achieved unenviable notoriety in connection with the case of Laura Biggar, the actress, whose famous lawsuit against the estate of Millionaire Bennett of Pittsburgh, is still fresh in the public mind.

It was at Dr. Hendrick's sanitarium Miss Biggar was stopping when the supposed Bennett baby was born and the doctor was a witness in her behalf. Soon after the episode Hendricks and his wife separated. Mrs. Hendricks came to Scranton a few days ago and immediately set up a correspondence with Lawyer Hutchinson. The letters were opened and read by Hutchinson's wife and in this way she learned that he was coming to Scranton. She got here ahead of him and had the detectives posted as to the whereabouts of Mrs. Hendricks.

Hutchinson came here on a later train, not dreaming that his wife was in town. Detectives followed him to the house in which Mrs. Hendricks was staying and this morning he was arrested and greatly to his astonishment confronted by his wife who he supposed was in Vermont. It was impossible to find Mrs. Hendricks during the early hours of the day and it was suspected she had obtained a hint of the irate wife's presence in town and gone into hiding.

Hutchinson and his wife were finally brought together by Attorney John Scragg and upon his promising to be good she withdrew the suit against him. They were on their way to the station to leave town when Detective Hall of New York, who claims to represent Dr. Hendricks, again arrested Hutchinson and said he would hold him in custody until such time as Hendricks arrived in town. Hutchinson, however, succeeded in getting Lawyer Scragg to go his bail in $800 for his appearance Aug. 20, and got out of town this evening. The detectives were unable to find Mrs. Hendricks. Dr. Hendricks is on his way to Scranton.

TIBETANS THREATENED.

Younghusband Tells the Amban Every Day's Delay Increases Indemnity to Be Required.

LASSA, TIBET, Aug. 5.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Col. Younghusband, head of the British mission, today returned the Amban's ceremonial visit. He urged the appointment of delegates for the purpose of negotiating terms of peace, at the same time intimating that every day's delay would increase the indemnity to be demanded by the British.

No attempt has yet been made by the Tibetans to start the negotiations. It is stated that the Dalai Lama left behind the seal of state, so that the treaty can be signed in his absence. The inhabitants are freely supplying the mission with necessaries.

HEIRS TO BIG ESTATE.

West Virginians Go to Philadelphia to Look After Interests—Offer of $16,000,000 from Government.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Aug. 10.—Patrick B. Withrow and James Wilcher of Charleston, left today for Philadelphia to look after their interests in an estate valued at $20,000,000. The estate consists of property in the heart of Philadelphia and was formerly owned by their grandfather, David Watkins.

The property is under lease to the United States government and it is understood that the government has offered the heirs, of which there are 110, $16,000,000 for it and that the heirs are likely to accept the offer.

CHARLES F. COLE LEAVES DENVER

Defendant to Mrs. Campbell's Sensational Suit Closes His Factory.

IS COMING TO PITTSBURGH

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

DENVER, COL., Aug. 10.—Charles F. Cole, proprietor of the Western Paper Machine works, has disappeared. He was made defendant in the sensational $200,000 damage proceedings instituted in the federal court in Pittsburgh by Mrs. Cora B. Campbell against her former husband, Edward Campbell, the millionaire lumber merchant of Warren, Pa., and several detectives whom she accused of conspiracy to secure testimony against her in her husband's divorce case.

Last Friday, the day following the institution of the suit, Cole closed his paper machine works and suddenly left Denver. He had previously discharged all his help. The general impression is that he has left for Pittsburgh either to defend himself in the suit or assist Mr. Campbell, who has been mentioned as his employer.

Cole was made defendant by Mrs. Campbell on the grounds that as a detective he with others used improper methods to aid Campbell in getting a divorce.

Mrs. Campbell also averred that she was induced to sign away her rights to Campbell's millions for $8,000, Cole inducing her to allow him to retain most of the money.

ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY EXPECTS GOOD OF VISIT

Believes His Journey to America Will Strengthen Church in Work of Combating Evil.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Aug. 10.—The Most Rev. Dr. Randall Thomas Davidson, archbishop of Canterbury, has issued a message to the clergy and laity announcing his forthcoming visit to the United States to attend the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States and Canada, which will be held in Boston in October.

The message says that for the last two months information has been coming in steadily concerning the gain which competent men in the United States and Great Britain opine is likely to follow the visit of the archbishop to the United States. The bishop says he will also visit a few of the great Canadian centers, which will cause an absence of two months. The journey, he adds, is undertaken in the belief that it will promote closer amity in the common work of the church in the two countries and will strengthen the church in combating the evils which are rife both in Great Britain and the United States.

RETAILERS ASK FOR MEDIATION

With Representatives of Stock Yards Unions They Seek Peace Negotiations.

PACKERS ARE UNRESPONSIVE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Determined efforts are now being made to settle the stock yards' strike by mediation. Negotiations begun early today between the Retail Butchers and Grocers' association and representatives of several labor unions which would undoubtedly be involved in the strike should it be prolonged much longer resulted tonight in the appointment of a committee composed of those who attended today's meeting to negotiate with the packers tomorrow morning in an attempt to bring about a joint meeting betwen the employers and the striking unions. It was the sentiment of all who attended today's conference that, should the meeting be arranged between the two opposing interests, a settlement satisfactory to both sides could be reached.

Meantime, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has been summoned from New York to come to Chicago and see if he cannot accomplish something through mediation. Mr. Gompers will arrive here Sunday morning.

Today's meeting with the union leaders was called at the instance of the Retailers and Grocers' association because of the difficulty and inconvenience which would be caused the members of the association should the strike spread to the ice wagons and meat drivers' unions. It was primarily a meeting of business men whose interests are not directly affected by the strike.

Packers Are Unresponsive.

When the packers were told of the intended visit of the intermediary committee tomorrow all of them declined to make any comment.

"We cannot very well discuss this matter," said one of the packers' representatives tonight, "until we have had some official notification as to what is expected of us at tomorrow's meeting. We now have our affairs in a better condition than at any time since the strike was declared, and as for myself, I am unable to see at the present time just on what grounds we could meet the strikers, as the struggle has reached the stage where we can get along very well should the strikers never decide to surrender."

Under the direction of Mayor Carter H. Harrison, who was urged to take the step by a committee composed of labor leaders and several aldermen, an investigation into the sanitary conditions of the various packing plants where strike breakers are being housed, was begun today. No flagrant violations of the law were found. In two of the plants the

Continued on Second Page, Second Column.

LIEUT. FERRER SEEKS TO AVENGE FATHER'S MURDER

Young Venezuelan Will Follow Custom of His Country and Pursue the Murderer Until He Has Killed Him—Asks Castro's Consent.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 10.—Spending most of his time whetting his saber and oiling his pistols for a vendetta in Venezuela's mountain fastnesses, Lieut. Genaro Ferrer is hiding his time in his apartments at 813 East Girard avenue until Monday, when the next South American mail will arrive. Should the report of the murder of his father, Gen. Diego B. Ferrer, civil governor of the state of Falcon, be confirmed, the lieutenant will cable President Castro for leave to go home to pursue the murderer.

"When a man is murdered in Venezuela his son must pursue the murderer and kill him," the young lieutenant said this afternoon, with a flash from his kindling eyes.

He will easily be able to recognize the man, Gen. Celestino Perrazi, as the lieutenant fought against him under his father and President Castro in the last two Venezuelan revolutions.

Young Ferrer's father was one of President Castro's strongest supporters, while Perrazi was a violent revolutionist until placated with the command of the army in the state in which Gen. Ferrer was governor. Gen. Perrazi is reported to have fled to the mountains with 1,000 armed men after the murder, where he is now organizing a revolution.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

SUBLIME PORTE BACKING DOWN

Turkey Promises Answer to Minister Leishman Today.

SHIPS ARE TO REMAIN

Fleet Will Not Be Withdrawn Until Full Settlement Is Made.

DIPLOMACY MAY BE ENDED

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Room 10, Postal Building, WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 10.

It developed today that the war clouds hovering over Turkey all this week have had brighter linings than was generally known. It is said at the state department that although no confirmation has been received of a Constantinople report that Minister Leishman would receive an answer within 48 hours to his requests for better treatment of American citizens, that he had on Monday cabled the state department that the porte had told him an answer would probably be forthcoming Thursday. That is tomorrow.

The European squadron is expected to arrive at Smyrna either tonight or tomorrow morning. It is admitted that the state department is encouraged and hopeful of settlement, perhaps tomorrow, but it is declared there is no intention of recalling the ships until the answer is really delivered.

With the action of the United States limited by policy, both at home and abroad, to withdrawal of Minister Leishman from Constantinople and severance of diplomatic relations, the incident no longer attracts great interest here.

Baron Von Sternburg, the German ambassador, arrived here yesterday, saw Secretary Hay and dined last night with the president, and has informed himself as to the situation, although apparently without instructions from Berlin. The Austrian ambassador, M. Hengelmuller, came to Washington also yesterday to present the president, as a gift from Emperor Francis Joseph, a book of statistics.

None of the other diplomats at Constantinople are helping the United States in this difficulty, or at least the state department knows of none. It is not definitely known here who is the "diplomatic cock of the walk" at Constantinople, but some reports credit the Russian ambassador with great activity.

Should it be deemed advisable to strengthen the European fleet after it arrives at Smyrna, the cruiser San Francisco, now in the Philippines, will be ordered to Turkish waters for that purpose. The San Francisco was long at Beirut last year on a mission much like the European fleet is now engaged upon. Rear Admiral Cooper, then a squadron commander of the Asiatic fleet, demanded a larger flagship, and now that he has retired, the San Francisco is to be sent back again.

There is a prevalent unofficial opinion in Washington that Turkey would welcome withdrawal of the American minister, as it would put an end to constant pressure for certain concessions in the imperial policy.

State and navy department officials conferred today about orders to be sent to Rear Admiral Jewell when the squadron is reported from Smyrna.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 11.—(7:04 a. m.)—The Russ this morning sees in the threatened breaking off of diplomatic relations between the United States and Turkey not only election tactics, calculated to strengthen the hands of the imperialistic party in the United States, but another trial of strength against weaker European governments preparatory to an effort to take a leading role in European politics. It declares that such a program is fraught with danger and that it will speedily crystallize in a general European coalition against the United States, which it says is already imminent.

NATURALIZATION FRAUDS HAVE NETTED $600,000

Investigation Shows That Italians Are the Greatest Offenders in These Swindles.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—George W. Morgan, New York state superintendent of elections, tonight gave out a statement in which he says it is estimated that $600,000 have been made within the past year in the sale of fraudulent naturalization papers. He adds that the federal authorities estimate that over 100,000 fraudulent naturalization papers have been sold by those engaged in this illicit traffic, and that 30,000 of these have been issued in New York city.

After referring to the discovery of the fraudulent certificates by Commissioner William Williams of the Ellis island emigration bureau to the finding of a plant in Newark, N. J., where three Italians printed and sold them, and to President Roosevelt's message to congress in December last, which caused activity in all the public departments where the evil might be checked, the statement says in part:

"It is found that the Italians are by far the greater offenders in this matter, although many instances have been discovered by the Greeks and Armenians, and a somewhat lesser number among the Germans. It has been estimated that fully 30,000 Italian citizens in this vicinity hold fraudulent naturalization papers. The courts, as a result of this scandal, have become particularly rigid in the enforcement of the regulations governing naturalization."

REPUBLICAN CAUSE IS SAFE IN COLORADO

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Among the callers at Republican national headquarters today was Senator Charles Dick of Ohio, who comes direct from Colorado. He says of the situation there: "It would be idle to deny that the labor troubles have affected the situation, but, in my opinion, they have not jeopardized the Republican cause in that state."

REPUBLICANS FRAME ISSUES

Democrats Not Permitted to Dodge the Money Question.

TO DISCUSS TARIFF

President's Personal Record Is Also a Feature of Campaign Arguments.

SENDING OUT LITERATURE

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Sound money and the gold standard are to be a positive issue in the presidential campaign. Democratic efforts to relegate to the rear the issue which twice defeated them will not be regarded by the Republican national committee, and gold standard literature will be sent broadcast from the headquarters at 1 Madison avenue, beginning this week. The Republican position as stated by a national committeeman is this:

"The money question is not dead, for the Democrats have not confessed their error in their national platform. They dodged the issue, fearing the silver wing of their party. Judge Parker is not the Democratic party, nor is he congress. His gold telegram does not alter the fact that the Democratic platform is silent on the money question.

"The Republican party unequivocally put itself on record in its platform in favor of the gold standard, and for that reason they are entitled more to be trusted than the party that dodged for expediency's sake."

The literary bureau of the national committee will begin sending out tomorrow copies of Elihu Root's speech as chairman of the national Republican convention. This will be followed by copies of John Hay's subsequent speech, and a comparative history of the Democratic and Republican parties during the past eight years.

President's Personal Record.

This the Republican national committee wants the voters to inspect. Then will follow President Roosevelt's personal record, tariff literature in quantity and the currency discussions.

Chairman Odell of the Republican state committee of New York spent some time today with Chairman Cortelyou of the Republican national committee. It was the first confidential talk these gentlemen have had since the campaign was really under way. A complete understanding was reached regarding the campaign in New York state. Chairman Cortelyou recognizes the state machine, for the campaign, and in New York the Republican state committee will manage the canvass with all the aid and assistance the national committee can give. The national and state chairmen are in perfect accord.

Senator Spooner of Wisconsin was in New York today, having returned from a brief trip to Wisconsin. Senator Spooner told his political friends that the Wisconsin situation between the factions of the Republican party was held in abeyance awaiting action by the supreme court of the state. Many Republicans who had a higher regard for party affiliation and loyalty than they did for any faction were holding aloof until the court determined which was regular and which was entitled to the support of Republicans who did not care to take sides, he said. The court is expected to settle the matter next month.

Egan to Support Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—President Roosevelt had as guests at luncheon today Secretaries Taft and Shaw, Postmaster General Payne and Patrick Egan of New York. Mr. Egan was minister to Chili when the Baltimore incident occurred between America and Chili. He always has taken an active interest in political affairs. In 1900 he was an anti-imperialist, but he will support President Roosevelt in the pending campaign. The conference today was understood to have related to the political situation, especially in the east.

Gov. Chatterton of Wyoming had a pleasant interview today with President Roosevelt. He talked briefly to the president about the political situation in his state, assuring him that Wyoming was safely Republican.

SENATOR SCOTT ILL.

West Virginia Statesman Has Sudden Attack of Stomach Trouble in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—United States Senator Nathan B. Scott of West Virginia had a sudden attack of illness while at his desk at the Republican national headquarters today. He was taken to the Fifth Avenue hotel in a cab, and Dr. Edward B. Finch sent for. Dr. Finch reported the illness as a severe stomach affection. Senator Scott had a similar attack a year ago. A trained nurse is in attendance.

The attack came very suddenly. Senator Scott had been at his desk but a few minutes when he felt the first symptoms of the approaching illness and started to leave the room. He felt so badly, however, that he ordered a cab.

Mrs. Scott arrived at the hotel this afternoon. She said the senator was resting quietly, and that the attack was not as serious as several that had preceded it.

KUROPATKIN IS REPORTED TO HAVE MET WITH REVERSE

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 10.—(Copyright Cable.)—Gen. Kuropatkin's forces have suffered a serious reverse, which is as yet withheld from the public. Details are lacking, but matters look very black for the commander-in-chief, although it is assured that he has neither been captured nor wounded.

Texas Populists Hold Convention.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Aug. 10.—The state Populist convention [illegible] Dr. Patrick B. Clark was nominated for governor.

MANILA FOLLOWS THE BUNKER CITY

Will Adopt Philadelphia's Filtration System for its New Water Plant.

CITY ENGINEER IS AUTHORITY

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]
THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Press Building,
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 10.

Manila will soon be drinking crystal filtered water, produced by a system designed after that in operation in this city. Major J. F. Case, city engineer of Manila, has concluded an inspection of the Philadelphia filtration system. He is the guest of Chief Engineer John W. Hill, of the bureau of filtration.

"You have here a filtration system of which you may well be proud," he declared today. "I do not know of anything in the world to which it stands second.

"The Manila authorities authorized a loan of $4,000,000, which probably will be supplemented later by an additional $2,000,000 for the construction of filtration and sewerage systems. There is a population of about 250,000 in Manila, and we shall build a plant with a daily capacity of 22,500,000 gallons—less than one-tenth of what you have here in Philadelphia. We are to this extent, however, ahead of you—that the meter system is in universal use in the Philippines capital.

"The Philadelphia filtration system will be in the main followed in Manila just as it will be in Washington. Our water comes from the mountains where it is impounded in a great storage basin or lake and is then to be run by gravity on to the filtration beds."

Major Case will spend some time in studying the Washington plant for which Philadelphia was the model. About October 1 he will return to the Philippines.

"I hope to have American contractors build the plant," he said in conclusion. "When I return I shall advertise for bids. No doubt Germans, Englishmen, Frenchmen and others will bid. But, if at all possible, Americans will be given the work."

CHESTER D. POTTER.

TO FURNISH KNOWLEDGE FOR THE WHOLE WORLD

Prominent Men Incorporate Intercontinental Correspondence University.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The Intercontinental Correspondence university has been incorporated in Washington. The incorporators and the trustees are Justice David J. Brewer and Justice Henry Billings Brown of the supreme court of the United States, Senator Chauncey M. Depew of New York, the Rev. Edward Everett Hale, Senator George F. Hoar of Massachusetts, Henry B. F. MacFarland, commissioner of the District of Columbia, Channing Rudd, registrar of Columbia university; Martin A. Knapp, chairman of the interstate commerce commission, and Walter C. Clephane, a prominent Washington attorney.

The capital stock is $1,000,000 divided into 10,000 shares at $100 each. The object of the corporation is stated to be "to give and furnish instructions by mail or otherwise, in any or all branches of knowledge in any or all parts of the world."

Channing Rudd, who is manager of the corporation, said today that they expected to build up a great educational institution of world-wide extent with headquarters in Washington. Many of the prominent men connected were interested because of the possibilities they saw in the scheme for diffusing knowledge and education.

GOT A GOOD START.

Young East End Couple Driven Through the City in Wagon After Wedding.

Kidnaped from their carriage and driven through the streets in an open wagon, in company with about two score of hilarious friends who burned red fire and created a din that attracted attention from all quarters, was the embarrassing experience of H. W. Jacob and his bride last night. Mr. Jacob, who is connected with the Best Manufacturing Company of this city, was married at 8 o'clock to Miss Henrietta Wessel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Wessel of 71 Hastings street, East End.

Nothing remarkable developed during the ceremony and the young couple felt secure after they had been permitted without molestation to enter their carriage to start for the Lake Erie depot, from which they were to start on the honeymoon. The carriage had proceeded but a short distance, however, when the horses were stopped and the new man and wife were hustled from the rig into a heavy wagon. Friends of the young couple with tin horns, cowbells, firecrackers and red fire received the two into the vehicle and the drive for the station was commenced. Through the most prominent thoroughfares, where attention would most be attracted, the team was driven, while during streamers on the side of the wagon announced to the public that the two had just been married.

The trip to the depot was made in time for the train and Mr. and Mrs. Jacobs were put aboard under a shower of rice and old slippers. They will spend the remainder of the month in Michigan.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived August 10.

New York—Majestic, Liverpool; Prinz Adalbert, Genoa and Naples; Nord America, Genoa.
Plymouth—Bremen, New York for Cherbourg and Bremen, and proceeded; Deutschland, New York.
Queenstown—Ivernia, Boston for Liverpool; Teutonic, New York.
Glasgow—Anchoria, New York.

Sailed August 10.

New York—Sardegna, Naples and Genoa; Baltic, Liverpool.
Cherbourg—Kronprinz Wilhelm, New York.
Sidney, N. S. W.—Sierra, San Francisco.
Queenstown—Aurania, New York.
Liverpool—Noordland, Philadelphia; Oceanic, New York.

Passed August 10.

Scilly—Bremen, New York for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen.

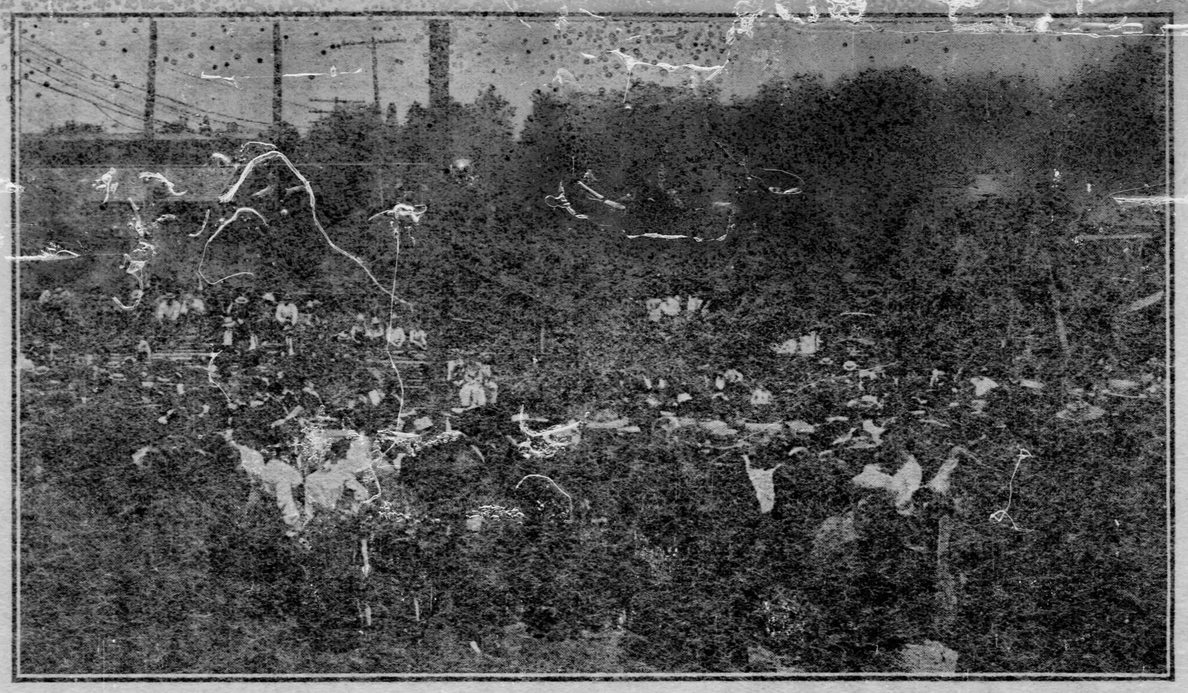
TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

FRIENDSHIP PARK—Pittsburgh Elks' midsummer nights' entertainment, Pain's spectacle, "Last Days of Pompeii," 8 p. m.
BIJOU—"Lighthouse by the Sea, 8 p. m.
ACADEMY—Bon Ton Burlesquers, 2 and 8 p. m.
KENNYWOOD PARK—Homestead Library band concerts, afternoon and evening, and daring ladder bicyclist act.
SOUTHERN PARK—"A Warm Match," musical comedy and vaudeville acts by Crimmins and Gore company, afternoon and evening.

"Practice Makes Perfect."
ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE,
(Penn-Cent Store, Opposite Farmers Bank.)
310 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.
Efficiently conducted by responsible Pittsburgh educators and established 25 years. Practical preparation for profitable positions. Fine faculty invites the attendance of ambitious students. Day and night school for young and middle-aged men and women. Write for catalogue or visit our Miniature Business World.

Travel Advantages to World's Fair
Visitors by Pennsylvania first-class lines include shortest route, smoothest roadbed, easiest riding and best safeguarded—superlative qualities, in addition to daily service of five through trains to St. Louis. Round trip tickets over the Pennsylvania from $12 to $25, according to length of stay.

Laying of Corner Stone of New Masonic Temple at Bay (illegible) Tuesday



IGORROTES ARE CAPABLE OF GREAT CIVILIZATION

Secretary Taft Says Filipinos Rapidly Acquire a Fair Knowledge of Arts.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The basket-hatted Igorrotes and turbaned Moros who yesterday visited President Roosevelt and viewed Washington have started back to the World's fair at St. Louis. The Igorrotes were all without shoes. Their feet are thorough cultivated and they can step on a burning coal without feeling it for several seconds.

Secretary Taft had this to say about the little men today:

"There is no doubt in my mind that the Igorrotes are capable of becoming one of the most advanced of the races of the Philippines. They are intelligent, creative and receptive, and rapidly acquire a very fair knowledge of the arts. They have some ideas of manufactures as it is, and their ingenuity, under proper instruction would easily enable them to advance rapidly.

"Moreover, they are reasonably honest. On my trip through one of the islands the party was compelled to rely almost entirely upon them for all service, and we lost nothing; it was quite safe to leave the houses open at night.

"I believe that the Igorrotes will attain to a degree of civilization more advanced than that now enjoyed by the Tagals and other races that are Christians."

RETAILERS ASK FOR MEDIATION IN STRIKE

Continued from First Page.

ventilation was found to be bad and the sleeping quarters rather crowded, but the employers promised to have these defects speedily remedied when they were pointed out to them. The investigation will probably last two or three days.

Packers Discharge Incompetents.

That not all of the men applying for positions at the stock yards can be taught the duties required of them was demonstrated today by the discharge of 400 employes. A number of these men were replaced by a trainload of men from the east, in all about 150 unskilled laborers.

A large number of extra police were today sworn in for special service at the stock yards. Chief of Police O'Neil stated that out of 1,250 regular police in the city 800 were on stock yards strike duty, and that he had also been asked today to furnish protection to the clothing houses whose cutters are on strike. The clothing strike includes 17 of the largest established houses in Chicago.

Management of the strikers' commissary was today placed in the hands of Secretary William Stirling of the Butchers' international organization. The service will immediately pass through complete reorganization. Lack of organization and system has handicapped the efforts of the strike leaders to furnish ample food for the strikers' families.

How Strike Hurts Graziers.

Harris Franklin, a Deadwood (S. D.) capitalist, is negotiating with Chicago packers for the sale of 30,000 head of cattle he has on his Dakota ranges. He will suffer heavy loss through shortage of water if he is unable to market the cattle.

"I am driving stock 30 miles to water," said Mr. Franklin today, "and then finding only an irrigation ditch. The grass is drying out and the cattle simply must be marketed, regardless of price, or they will permish on my hands. The same is true of any number of big stock raisers throughout the Dakotas."

Violence in Gotham.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Two hundred strike breakers, destined for the plant of Schwartzschild & Sulzberger, were attacked by a number of beef workers today and were completely routed. Several of the strike breakers were badly beaten and others, thoroughly frightened, jumped into the East river, from which they were rescued with difficulty.

The beef workers were "fat men," who clean up after the regular workers. They had almost finished their duties and were about to join their striking fellow workmen when the non-union men arrived on a lighter. They became enraged at the coming of their successors, and quitting work, attacked them. Police reserves were summoned, but no arrests were made.

Charged With Conspiracy.

SIOUX CITY, IA., Aug. 10.—Charles H. McGuire, president of the Pork Butchers' union, and leader of the packing house strike in Sioux City, was this afternoon arrested on a charge of conspiracy to injure the business of the Cudahy Packing Company.

Orders New York Firemen Out.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—President Timothy Healy of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, this afternoon ordered a sympathetic strike of the firemen in the New York packing houses.

Chickasaws' Last Tribal Election.

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., Aug. 10.—Complete returns from the Chickasaw nation, Indian territory, show that D. R. Johnson was elected over R. McLish for governor by a majority of 187. This is the last tribal election in the Chicksaw nation.

THE RIVAL FLEETS CLASH ONCE MORE

Continued from First Page.

hazardous for him to risk a general engagement.

The general staff has no information bearing on the reported presence of a large force of Japanese at Paifuho, a place that cannot be traced on available maps.

Emperor Nicholas has received dispatches from Gen. Kuropatkin, dated August 8 and 9, saying that on the south the Japanese advance posts are nine miles north of Hai-Cheng. Daily fusillades occur between the Russian and Japanese outposts.

Gen. Kuropatkin points out the fact that the Japanese are using bullets of different caliber, some with nickel and other with copper coverings, showing that their reserve men are now in the fighting line.

Russia Will Fight On.

Discounting the fall of Port Arthur and the disastrous defeat of Gen. Kuropatkin at the hands of the combined Japanese armies, some diplomats are already speculating upon the situation in which the combatants would be left, and the question whether it is possible that a way would be opened for peace. The almost unanimous opinion is that with her present record of victories, combined with the financial difficulty of continuing the war indefinitely, Japan would welcome peace. The almost equally unanimous verdict is that Russia would adopt a contrary course. Even should every Russian soldier be driven out of Manchuria, the diplomats believe that Russia could not afford to yield, but would be compelled to doggedly continue the war, collect another army in Siberia, and take the offensive next year.

Several keen diplomats, however, are of the opinion that Japan, by a clever coup in the event of Kuropatkin being routed might, perhaps, force the powers to intervene in a way that Russia could not resist. One diplomat, representing a European power at the court of Emperor Nicholas, said:

Hay's Note Is Reassuring.

"Secretary Hay's note, opening a way for the guarantee of the administrative entity of China, to which all the powers subscribed in principle, may after all become the means of bringing about peace. If Japan, pushing the Russian military forces out of Manchuria and obtaining undisputed possession, should then formally relinquish the province to China, its real owner, and call upon the powers to protect the entity of the Celestial empire, I do not think the powers could escape responsibility.

"It might be objected that the reply of the powers to Secretary Hay's circular note specifically exempted Manchuria as a sphere of military operations, but if Russia is no longer in Manchuria, and Japan should relinquish the province, an entirely different situation would be created.

"It might also be objected that Mr. Hay's circular was designed primarily to prevent the embroilment of China, and secondly the dismemberment of the territory of the empire by the powers at the end of the war. There would, of course, be difficulties growing out of the predilections of the various powers. Nevertheless, all the powers, I believe, are in accord in a common desire to see peace restored, and many are of the opinion that the only hope of peace in the immediate future, if the Japanese succeed in driving the Russians out of Manchuria, rests upon the intervention of all the powers on the basis of their replies to Mr. Hay's note.

Russia could better afford to yield to the powers than to Japan alone."

LOSSES AT THE YALU.

War Department Publishes Statistics Gathered by Military Attache in the Far East.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The war department has made public information concerning the military operations in the Russo-Japanese war as furnished by the observers sent to the front. In this instance an account is given of the battle of the Yalu, the information being obtained principally from the report of Col. E. H. Crowder, one of the officers sent to the far east. The casualties for that engagement are given as follows:

"Russian—Officers killed, 30; wounded, 90; men killed, 1,363, wounded, 1,102; captured prisoners, 613.

"Japanese—Officers killed, 3; wounded, 33; men killed, 218; wounded, 763."

RUSSIA WAS JUSTIFIED IN SINKING THE THEA

Prize Court at Vladivostok Declares That the Vessel Was in Japanese Commission.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 9.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The prize court today condemned the German steamer Thea, which was sunk by the Vladivostok squadron off the coast of Japan, July 24, and declared that the Russian cruisers were justified in sinking the vessel. Evidence was produced that the Thea was chartered by a Japanese company, the Khakosanni Gossikail, and that since March 25 she had been engaged exclusively in the Japanese trade between Japanese ports. On this ground the court declared that she had lost all her rights as the vessel of a neutral nation, especially as her cargo, which consisted of fish, was intended for the use of the Japanese.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 10.—The Russian reply to Great Britain's representations on the subject of the sinking of the British steamer Knight Commander by the Vladivostok squadron, while couched in the friendliest terms, does not recede from the Russian position as set forth in the prize regulations in regard to the exercise of the right to destroy neutral vessels carrying contraband, in cases of emergency, reserving the question for discussion after the war. At the same time, Russia assures Great Britain that the extreme recourse to sinking neutral vessels, announced August 6, will not be resorted to unless circumstances render it impossible to take them to a prize court.

Great Britain's proposal that the British steamer Allanton, captured June 16 by the Vladivostok squadron, be submitted upon the deposit of security, has not been accepted, Russia replying that the documents in this case were already on their way to St. Petersburg, and will have to be submitted to the admiralty court before further action is taken.

Russia has formally notified the United States of the decision of the prize court in the case of the Portland & Asiatic line steamer, Arabia, captured by the cruiser Grombol of the Vladivostok squadron. A statement from Vladivostok on the subject leaves no doubt that all the goods consigned to Japanese ports were declared contraband. The Russian government suggests its readiness to entertain an appeal.

LISBON, PORTUGAL, Aug. 10.—The Russian auxiliary cruiser, Ural, which was off this port yesterday, has proceeded. It is supposed that she is bound for the Mediterranean. Presumably the Ural is the vessel which recently held up the British steamer Manora, off Cape Finisterre.

RUSSIA'S ASSURANCE ACCEPTED BY PORTE

Volunteer Fleet Shall Not Carry Arms or War Munitions Through the Dardanelles.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 10.—The porte has definitely accepted the assurances of Russia as to the character of the volunteer fleet vessels seeking to traverse the Dardanelles. In a note to the Russian embassy agreeing to the exit of the steamers, the porte emphasizes the fact that its understanding of the Russian statement is:

Vessels of the volunteer fleet shall not carry arms or munitions of war. They shall fly the commercial flag throughout the voyage and shall traverse the straits separately, at stated intervals.

The first vessel is expected tomorrow.

CONVENTION INDORSED STRIKE OF FIREMEN

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The convention of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen today indorsed the action of the packing house firemen in going out on a sympathetic strike in aid of the cause of the butchers. A committee was appointed to raise a relief fund of $5,000 to aid the firemen in this strike in South Omaha, Sioux City and St. Louis. The Chicago Firemen's union has 268 of its members out in this strike, but declares itself able to care of them.

Coleman Held for Murder.

WASHINGTON, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—As a result of Coroner Sipe's inquest into the death of Edward Jones, who was killed at California yesterday, Nicholas Coleman was held for his murder and Mrs. Mollie Preston and Mozalia (Meselle) Green were held as witnesses. All concerned in the murder are colored. Mrs. Preston is at the Washington county jail, where the other prisoners were taken. A physician attending her states that she will recover from the wounds inflicted by Jones unless blood poisoning sets in.

MORNINGSIDE CITIZENS MAKE A FEW REQUESTS

They Desire a New Engine House and Better Transportation Facilities for Reaching the City.

The cititzens of Morningside last night held a meeting and formally considered measures looking toward the permanent establishment of communication with the outside world. A committee which had been appointed to consult Director Bigelow with reference to the improvement of the facilities for reaching the city reported progress. It was stated that no definite answer had been obtained from the director.

The matter of establishing an engine house in Morningside to provide adequate fire protection was received with urgent suggestions for the immediate construction of an engine house in the district. Resolutions for the locating of an engine company in Chislett street, between Witherspoon and Marshall streets were adopted. This action on the part of the citizens will be brought to the notice of Director Moore. In the appropriation for a Morningside engine house $20,000 is available.

The Auto Traffic Company last night entered the field for the establishment of an automobile bus line between the Morningside district and the line of the Pittsburgh Railways Company at Highland park. No formal action was taken. The majority of the people prefer a street car line and have made generous offers to the traction company.

JOE GODDARD'S BODY AS MEDICAL EXHIBIT

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The report that a body on exhibition in the medical museum of the Medico-Chirurgical college was that of Joe Goddard, the famous Australian pugilist, caused a sensation in sporting circles tonight. The prize fighter died a year ago last winter as a result of a political fracas near Merchantville, N. J., in which he received a pistol shot wound in the brain. He lived for almost six weeks after the shot, which would have been instantly fatal in ordinary cases.

GIRL OF WINSLOW, PA., WEDS FORMER GOVERNOR

Ceremony Is Performed in the Presence of Hotel Attaches at St. Louis.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—The culmination of a year's correspondence was reached this morning in the parlors of the Laclede hotel, when former Gov. Myron McCord of Phoenix, Ariz., was married to Miss Emma Winslow of Winslow, Pa., by the Rev. L. W. Cunningham. No invited guests attended the wedding, but several of the hotel attaches were present. The announcement of the wedding in Phoenix is expected to cause surprise.

"They'll hear of it from the newspapers," said the governor, when asked about the invitation list.

Gov. McCord arrived from Phoenix yesterday morning and in the afternoon his bride-to-be appeared at the hotel. A trip to the recorder's office was taken and the necessary legal permission to marry was obtained.

Gov. McCord resigned his office as territorial governor of Arizona in 1898 to assume the colonelcy of the First regiment of Arizona volunteers. At present he is managing his financial interests in the territory.

Two years ago his wife died. Miss Winslow, who is a distant relative of his wife, continued a correspondence with him and a year ago he visited her. The wedding was planned at that time, but its details were arranged by mail. Gov. McCord has married sons living in Washington and a daughter in Minnesota.

ODD FELLOWS MEET.

Northwestern Association of Pennsylvania Holds Convention—Some of the Lodges Secede.

OIL CITY, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Representatives from all lodges of Odd Fellows in Venango, Erie, Warren, Forest, Crawford, Clarion and Mercer counties, composing the Northwestern association, met here tonight and elected the following officers: Past president John Hays, Meadville; president, J. H. Fulmer, Oil City; vice president, J. H. Chamberlain, Cambridge Springs; secretary, T. Folk, Warren; treasurer, C. F. Sherrits, Erie. Lodges in Jefferson, McKean and Elk counties seceded from the Northwestern organization and will form a separate association. The delegates claimed it was impossible for the members in these counties to attend reunions and keep in touch with the association.

More than 1,000 members of the fraternity and their families held a reunion at Monarch park today.

STAMP COLLECTORS BANQUET.

After Holding the Second Day's Session of Nineteenth Annual Convention.

The second day's session of the nineteenth annual convention of the American Philatelic association was held yesterday in the lecture room of the Carnegie museum. Proposed changes in the by-laws were discussed and at noon the convention adjourned until this morning at 10:30 o'clock. The officers for the ensuing year will be elected today.

Yesterday afternoon the delegates to th econvention enjoyed another trolley ride, visiting points of interest, and at night there was a banquet at the Hotel Henry.

WANT SOME CHANGES.

Small Stockholders of Crucible Steel Co. May Organize for That Purpose.

A number of small stockholders of the Crucible Steel Company of America have been approached recently by persons who wish the management of the company to be changed. The changes which are desired are not made public as yet.

MURDERER OF AMERICAN CAPTURED BY PERSIANS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Richman Pearson, American minister to Persia, who has been in this country on leave of absence for several weeks, called on President Roosevelt today and later conferred with officials of the state department regarding affairs pertaining to his post. Mr. Pearson says that the Persian officials, through his urgent representations, sent out troops and captured Seyid Ghaffer, the murderer of Dr. Labori, an American missionary, near Ararat. The troops are now seeking to arrest some of the wild Khurdish tribesmen who assisted in the assassination. The principal already has been captured and is now confined in a dungeon at Tabriz, awaiting trial.

Watching Beer Sales in Wilkinsburg.

Burgess Keys of Wilkinsburg announced last night that as a result of complaints received from citizens he had received assurance from Pittsburgh liquor dealers that wagonmen delivering liquor to residents were compelled to return all undelivered liquor to headquarters and to receive no money or orders from customers or others, and that the men would be held personally responsible for breaking the rules.

B. & O. Engineer Killed.

SHARON, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Robert Powers, an engineer on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, was killed at Painesville, O., yesterday. His fireman, not knowing that he was under the engine oiling it, started it and Powers was fatally hurt. He was for many years a resident of Sharpsville.

Balks at Nominating Brown.

GREENSBURG, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The Westmoreland Democrat, the oldest Democratic weekly west of the Allegheny mountains, does not take kindly to the suggested candidacy of John H. Brown on the Democratic ticket and styles the fusion movement a "knavish plot originated among those having a purpose boding no good for the party."

ONE GOVERNOR SNUBS ANOTHER

LaFollette of Wisconsin Would Not See Chief Executive of Nebraska.

OFFICIAL COURTESY BROKEN

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

LINCOLN, NEB., Aug. 10.—Gov. LaFollette of Wisconsin yesterday afternoon snubbed Gov. Mickey of Nebraska and a portion of his official staff, constituting a committee of reception, which called at the Lincoln hotel to welcome LaFollette to the city. The Wisconsin statesman came to Lincoln to speak before the local Chautauqua. He arrived during the morning and went immediately to his hotel and room. Shortly after dinner Gov. Mickey, together with the mayor, the adjutant general, several colonels and majors, ex-congressman Strode and others called at the hotel and sent their cards up to LaFollette.

The bell boy brought the cards back and said Gov. LaFollette said to leave the cards at the hotel office. Gov. Mickey then requested that the visiting governor be informed that the reception committee awaited him. Soon the word came back that when the governor of Wisconsin got ready to arise he would notify the reception committee and they then could receive him. On receipt of this word the committee disbanded.

"I shall not come down to the hotel again," said Gov. Mickey. "I have other things to attend to."

When Gov. LaFollette got ready there was no reception committee to wait on him.

GREETINGS TO FAIRBANKS.

Old Neighbors Give Vice Presidential Candidate a Warm Welcome—He Will Speak Today.

MARYSVILLE, O., Aug. 10.—The feature of the "Old Home Week" program today was the industrial parade. The feature of the week will be the address tomorrow of Senator Fairbanks, the Republican vice presidential candidate, who was born at Unionville Center, near this city, and educated in the adjoining county of Delaware, at Ohio Wesleyan university. He was admitted to the bar here in 1874, and removed to Indianapolis the same year. The occasion is not political. Those who knew Senator Fairbanks 30 years ago are giving him a hearty welcome. The lodges are keeping open house for visiting members and citizens are entertaining former residents, some of whom have not been in Union county for 40 years.

JACKSON OF PITTSBURGH ROBBED OF A GOLD WATCH

YORK, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—While they slept in their room at a hotel here last night, R. H. Jackson of Pittsburgh, a past grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Pennsylvania and W. A. T. Baker of Gladwyne, were robbed of valuable gold watches. Jackson's watch was presented to him by the grand lodge when it met at Reading, in 1895. The chief of police has detailed detectives on the case. They have clues which may lead to the apprehension of the thieves.

BROTHER AGAINST BROTHER IN MARYLAND POLITICS

OCEAN CITY, MD., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Former Gov. Elihu E. Jackson was nominated for congress today by the Democratic convention of the First Maryland district. Ex-Gov. Jackson's opponent will be his brother, William H. Jackson, the present Republican representative in congress from this district, who has been renominated.

Colored Odd Fellows Name Officers.

WHEELING, W. VA., Aug. 10.—The tenth triennial convention of the Grand Patriarchs of the Colored Odd Fellows of the United States elected the following officers: R. V., G. P., Georga Beason, Washington, D. C.; V. G. P., Everett Sherlock, Columbus, Ohio; G. P. R., William H. Forrester, Richmond, Va.; G. P. H., James A. Fowler, Cincinnati, O.; G. P. P., C. H. Carter, Allegheny, Pa.; G. P. E., P. H. Edwards, Philadelphia, Pa.; G. S., S. Green, Altoona, Pa.; G. P. K., John A. Fox, Indianapolis, Ind. The next meeting will be held in Philadelphia.

Candidates for A. O. H. Offices.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—In the Ancient Order of Hibernians' convention, which is being held here, a number of candidates have developed for the various offices to be filled in the state. The candidates for president are John P. Cantwell, Youngstown, and M. J. Barry, Columbus, and J. P. Madigan, Cleveland. In the ladies' auxiliary the candidates for president are: Mrs. Agnes Columbus; Miss Maud Finnucan, Cleveland, and Miss Estelle McKenna, Dayton.

Liberals Win Another Seat.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—In Northeast Lanark today the Liberals won another election victory. The seat was Liberal until 1901, when it was won for the Unionists by Sir William Henry Rattigan, who has just died. The polling today resulted in the election of Provost Findley, Liberal, who received 5,610 votes against 4,677 for Mr. Touch, the Unionist candidate, and 3,984 for Mr. Robertson, representing the Labor party.

Council Refuses to Approve Bill.

D. A. File, a contractor, has instructed his attorneys to proceed to collect a bill of $10,087 against the borough of Avalon for work done on the new borough hall. At a meeting of Avalon council last night the members refused to approve the bill, alleging the work had not been satisfactorily completed. The ordinance committee reported unfavorably on the ordinance giving rights to the Ohio Valley Water Company.

Lawrenceville Families Fight.

Annie Kissick, a 13-year-old girl charged with assault and battery by a married woman, was held for juvenile court by Magistrate Kane yesterday morning. She lives in the rear of 128 Thirty-ninth street. The prosecutor, Mrs. Sarah Dillon, lives next door and accused the child of striking her. Last night the father of the girl entered suit against Mrs. Dillon charging her also with assault and battery.

Received Grand Lodge Rank.

YORK, PA., Aug. 10.—At this morning's session of the Grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, a resolution was passed, requesting the supreme lodge to permit the grand ladies of the order to fix the minimum initiation fees in their respective jurisdictions. Over 400 delegates answered the roll call today. Twenty-two past chancellors received the grand lodge rank. This afternoon a parade was held in which 1,000 knights participated.

Canada's Foreign Trade.

OTTAWA, ONT., Aug. 10.—Canada's foreign trade for the fiscal year up to July totals $473,000,000, an increase of $6,000,000 over the previous year. The imports for consumption totaled $231,569,795, an increase of $17,673,0000. The exports amounted to $219,521,000, a decrease of $12,329,000.

$300 UPRIGHT PIANO $165
$15 DOWN, $8 A MONTH.
A beautiful upright piano, used a short time, has been sent in to be sold by party leaving city, as they prefer sacrificing piano to storing it indefinitely. Best value in the city; has clear, bell-like tone of wonderful volume; finest double repeating action, and richly carved case that looks like new; easy terms at slight advance. Call and see this, or write for particulars to
HENRICKS PIANO CO., Ltd.
611-613 Smithfield St.

HAMILTON'S
Remember, we have moved from Fifth Avenue to Hamilton Hall, 331 and 333 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
Headquarters for
PIANOS
And
Everything Musical
The list of pianos, the exclusive sale of which for Western Pennsylvania is controlled by this house, includes all the most famous makes on the market today. Such names as A. B. Chase, Fischer, Schumann, Hamil-Tone, Smith & Barnes, etc., are familiar to every music lover and connoisseur in the country.
Whether you want the finest instrument made or the most moderate priced piano consistent with good musical quality, it will pay you to come to headquarters.
Easy monthly payments if desired.
S. Hamilton Co.,
Remember, we have moved from Fifth Avenue to
Hamilton Hall, 631 and 633 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

"Strongest in the World."
Wouldn't it be a comfort to you
to know that if death *should* come to you all your family and business interests would be amply and immediately protected?
An Equitable Policy affords just that comforting knowledge—
It also provides for old age, if you do not die—
The Equitable
Life Assurance Society
EDWARD A. WOODS, Manager.
Equitable Floor, Frick Building

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN THE Painless Extraction of Teeth.
Safe as Sleep
VEG-O-ZON
makes it possible to extract from one to twenty teeth absolutely without pain.
Best Teeth $8 A Set
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work $5
SILVER FILLINGS, 75c.
TEETH CLEANED, 75c.
New York Dentists,
12 Years in Same Place.
Cor. Sixth and Liberty Sts.
Open nights till 9, Sundays 10 to 3.

The Strong Bank That Pays
4%
and is noted for its considerate treatment of its customers.
First bank in city open until 9 P. M. Saturday.
NORTH AMERICAN SAVINGS CO.
4th Ave. and Market St.

HAND SAPOLIO
It insures an enjoyable, invigorating bath; makes every pore respond, removes dead skin.
ENERGIZES THE WHOLE BODY
starts the circulation and leaves a glow equal to a Turkish bath.
ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

WHANN
ALKALINE LITHIA WATER
$1.00 for 12 Half Gallon Bottles.
Ask your Grocer or Druggist.

JAS. H. MATTHEWS & CO.
Stamp and Stencil Works.
HAVE REMOVED TO
306 WOOD STREET.

TO APPRECIATE THE OPPORTUNITY FOR REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT AT
THE MARVEL NEW SMOKELESS INDUSTRIAL
CITY OF ECONOMY
YOU MUST BE ON THE GROUNDS TO SEE WITH YOUR OWN EYES HOW BUILDINGS ARE RISING IN ALL DIRECTIONS
Nearly fifty business blocks are going up on Merchant Street in Ambridge.
In the Old Village and at French Point other structures are being erected with rapidity unapproached in any previous era.
In the Orchard Plan, which is the very center of the twin communities, many of the best business and residence sites remain unsold.
The mile of bridge works and the other industries will bring at least 40,000 people there to live, and the lots you will now be able to purchase on easy payments will multiply in value while these people are coming.
For lot prices, maps and illustrations apply to REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, 311 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., or to W. A. Avey, Economy, Pa.

"We Never Follow the Fashion: the Fashion Follows Us."
A. M. Andrews Co. Jewelers
Second Floor Farmers Bank Building. Phone, Grant 1586.

DOCTOR LITTLE
532 FRICK BLDG.
DISEASES OF THE EYES. GLASSES WHEN REQUIRED.

Eureka Harness Oil is the best preservative of new leather and the best renovator of old leather. It oils, softens, blackens and protects. Use
Eureka Harness Oil
on your best harness, your old harness and your carriage top, and they will not crack, but wear longer. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes from half pints to five gallons. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

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Have adopted our window cleaning service. That's high honors. Storekeepers should write or estimate.
National Window Cleaning Co.
207 Third Ave.

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BUCKNELL UNIVERSITY,
Lewisburg, Pa.
John Howard Harris, LL. D., President.
A SCHOOL FOR ALL.
BUCKNELL COLLEGE—With seven courses leading to degrees in Arts, Philosophy, Jurisprudence, Science, Chemistry, Biology and Civil Engineering. Large faculty; 12 modern buildings. Healthy community. Library contains 26,000 volumes. Fixed and working capital one million dollars.
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DEPARTMENT FOR WOMEN—Thomas A. Edwards, A. M., Dean; comprises full collegiate courses, and an Institute with literary and Classical Courses.
SCHOOL OF MUSIC—E. Aviragnet, director; courses open to both sexes. Diploma awarded upon completion of course.
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EVENING SESSIONS
BESSEMER BUILDING.
THE BEST SCHOOLS AND MOST THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED BUSINESS TRAINING SCHOOL IN THE DISTRICT. PUT INSTRUCTIVE CALL BY THE BUSINESS OFFICE, OR ADDRESS THE PRINCIPAL, CHAS. A. ARMOR.

CURRY COLLEGE
Penn Ave. and Sixth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
(45th Year) SUMMER SESSION
Students may enter at any time for the study of one or more branches or for full course. Catalogue free on application. J. H. Wallace, Ph. M., President.

BLAIRSVILLE COLLEGE,
Blairsville, Pa.
College course for young women. Preparatory school for girls. Music, Art, Elocution. Healthful location; thorough instruction; moderate expense. Two hours from Pittsburgh. For catalogue address the President
REV. A. S. LEIGHART.

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Chambersburg, Pa. Courses leading to the degrees of A. B. and Mus. B. Christian influence, very moderate terms, modern buildings. A waiting list last fall. Apply for catalogue to M. H. REASER, President.

MAPLEWOOD—30 boys prepared for business or college; fine gymnasium; athletic field; location most beautiful; modern equipment; little boys admitted; boys failures in other schools become successful students; we all work, then play; no tobacco. Shortridge (Yale), A. M., Prin., Concordville, Pa.

CATHEDRAL SCHOOL OF ST. MARY, Garden City, Long Island, N. Y.
A school for girls, 18 miles from New York. Delightful location; college preparatory; music and modern languages. Miss Annie P. Gibson, Principal.

NINE DIRECTORS MUST FACE TRIAL

Depositor of Defunct State Bank, Bloomfield, Starts Prosecution.

WARRANTS ARE NOW ISSUED

Prosecution of the directors of the defunct State bank of Pittsburgh on a criminal charge was begun yesterday, when on the complaint of William A. Suckling, a grocer of 330 Edmond street, warrants were issued for the arrest of the entire directorate. The bank is located at 4740 Liberty avenue, Bloomfield.

The complaint was made before Alderman Toole of the First ward, who issued the warrants about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. No effort was made for the immediate arrest of the ex-bankers. Last evening a gentleman called at Alderman Toole's office and offered to go on the bail bonds of five of the directors. The alderman told him to come to his office this morning with the five in question, when the formalities will be carried out. The hearing in the cases was fixed for 2 o'clock next Tuesday afternoon.

The prosecution is started under the provision of the Pennsylvania banking statutes, which render the management of a bank liable to fine and imprisonment for receiving deposits after the bank has become insolvent. Suckling, in his complaint, alleges that the bank received from him a deposit on February 8, at which time, he claims, events proved the bank to have been unable to meet its obligations. There is an additional statute which declares a bank is insolvent when its assets do not possess a cash value equal to the obligations, and punishment is proscribed for receiving deposits at such a time.

Name of the Defendants.

The directors named in the complaint are Dr. J. S. Espy, E. Horigan, William Herb, T. J. Williams, T. J. Kirk, Addison Boren, W. A. Merritt, Henry Nichols and Edward Kerr.

Most of these men are well-known residents of Bloomfield or vicinity, and the affairs of the bank have been a source of much distress in that section ever since the closing last winter.

While William A. Suckling appears as the plaintiff in the case, the prosecution is really backed by an association of the depositors. This association was formed at a meeting of the depositors at the Woolsair school shortly after the bank was closed. Several other meetings were called by a committee which had been appointed to look after the interests of the depositors, but all the committee could report was its inability to secure any definite information as to the situation of the bank finances and the likelihood of there being a return of any proportion of the deposits.

John F. Steel was appointed receiver of the bank by the Dauphin county court, and has been wrestling with the difficult problem of settling up its affairs since that time. The court appointed also three appraisers to decide on the value of the bank's assets. Efforts have been made to collect a lot of paper which is due and there have been threats of many prosecutions on account of this paper.

Coal Land Investment Blamed.

The bank had become involved in a number of unfortunate affairs. The principal one of these was an investment in several thousand acres of coal land lying between the Wabash and the Panhandle in Washington county. The value of the land has not been questioned, but the investment of so much of the bank's assets as a first payment on the deal resulted in the inability to meet other payments as they came due. The slump in the values of all investments came and the bank was unable to rid itself of the load.

At a meeting of stockholders a couple of months ago a proposition was advanced to form a coal mining company which would take over the bank's interests in the coal. The proposition was considered a good one, but legal difficulties arose which have so far prevented its being carried out, although many of the depositors are eager to enter into the plan in order to realize more fully upon their sunken deposits.

In the meantime the feeling had run so high among the depositors that prosecution of the directors as the responsible men was determined upon, and at a secret meeting held a couple of weeks ago John Marron, Esq., was chosen counsel for the depositors, and was instructed to proceed against the management. This was exclusively announced in The Gazette at the time.

The case has aroused unusual attention because of the rareness of such legal action in Pittsburgh or in Pennsylvania. The depositors themselves are nearly all men or women of very moderate means and a large proportion of them are of foreign birth. There are so many Italian depositors that a representative Italian was appointed on the committee which acts for the depositors as a whole. The people are poor, but they are determined, and they propose to push the case to the limit.

Looks Like a Case of Desertion.

The New York police have been asked to apprehend Mrs. Mary Kaminski, a widow who recently resided at 1819 White street McKeesport, who paid the fare of her 13-year-old daughter, Maggie, to Pittsburgh and told her to go to the reform school. The woman took passage the same evening for New York, and the McKeesport police believe she intends to sail for Europe and desert the child.

Free Ox Roast.

On Saturday, August 13, there will be given a free barbecue at Wall, Pa. The Valley Realty Company takes this means of securing a crowd on their plan of lots, which will be placed on sale that day.

Wall is a half-mile east of Wilmerding and adjoins the Pennsylvania railroad shops, where are employed over 4,000 men. Visitors to this great barbecue will take any kind of cars to either Pitcairn or Wilmerding, and then follow the crowd. It will be the event of the season in the Turtle Creek valley, and everyone will have a good time. Plenty of refreshments, a whole ox, weighing about 1,000 pounds, will be roasted, besides other good things to eat will be provided. New Wall is the best real estate proposition in Allegheny county. Come to the barbecue, and if you see a bargain buy it.

Everybody, men, women and children, are invited to come and see us on Saturday, August 13. Snyder Bros., Agents, Wilmerding and Wall.

Sixteen Days at the Seashore.

The Pennsylvania railroad will run their fifth seashore excursion, Thursday, August 18. Special train leaves Union station at 8:55 a. m., with day coaches and Pullman parlor cars, to Atlantic City without change. Evening trains with coaches at 4:55 and 9 p. m., and at 10 p. m. with sleeping cars only. Rate, $10 in coaches, or $12 in parlor or sleeping cars, when accompanied by Pullman tickets. Tickets and seats in parlor cars or berths in sleeping cars can now be secured on application at Pennsylvania railroad city ticket office.

$13.25 Boston Excursion Via Only Through Car Route P. & L. E. and New York Central.

Account of Grand Army encampment, Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh & Lake Erie agents will sell excursion tickets August 12, 13, 14 and 15 at rate of $13.25 round trip, good on all trains, including the famous "Boston Special," leaving Pittsburgh 9 p. m., city time, due Boston 5:15 p. m. No change of cars via this route. Tickets good to stop off at Niagara Falls and valid returning Until September 30.

Order Reymer's by Mail.

Nothing so delightful at seashore or lake as a box of Reymer's candy. Mail orders filled promptly. Reymer's, 243 Fifth avenue.

FRATERNAL LOVE CAUSES SUICIDE

Rather Than Testify Against His Brother, David Henry Kills Himself.

M'DONALD'S HURTS ARE FATAL

Rather than testify against his brother, who was to be arraigned yesterday in the Washington county courts on criminal charges, David Henry, aged 57, a miner of Noblestown, committed suicide at that place early yesterday morning by shooting himself through the breast with a Winchester rifle. The bullet passed through his heart, killing him instantly.

Henry fastened a cord to the trigger of the rifle and then passing the cord around the end of the stock he laid on the ground and, placing the muzzle of the rifle against his breast pulled the string. The rifle ball plowed through his heart and body leaving a large wound.

Early yesterday morning his wife heard him go out of the house. About 8 o'clock a neighbor heard a rifle shot in a field some distance from the house. Henry's wife and daughter arose at the usual hour and prepared for the journey to Washington, thinking Henry had gone ahead of them. Maria and Agnes Callahan found the body about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

William Gallagher, aged 28, of Ramb station, died at the Passavant hospital yesterday from injuries received by being run over by a train on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad Sunday. Gallagher's right leg was cut off. He lost his left leg in a similar accident about three years ago. Gallagher was deaf and did not hear the train which run him down.

John McDonald, aged 25, of 546 Lehigh avenue, East End, died at the East End Charity hospital yesterday morning from injuries received in a fight with James Fleming, a hotelkeeper of 6205 Penn avenue, in Attorney Thomas Brown's office in the Maeder building, Fifth avenue, early last month. The cause of death is alleged to be due to an abscess on the brain caused by a blow at the hands of Fleming. Attorney Thomas M. Marshall said last night his client, Fleming, would give himself up this morning.

On July 8 the men met in Attorney Brown's office. They were engaged in a real estate transaction and were unable to reach a satisfactory understanding with each other. They had several meetings prior to this, but always got into an altercation with each other. At the last meeting Attorney Brown was engaged with another client and the men were in the reception room. While discussing their deal they became angry and came to blows. McDonald seemed to have the best of the struggle when Attorney Brown and his office force separated the men. McDonald was bleeding about the face, but was apparently not seriously injured.

At his home that night McDonald was taken ill. The next day he sent for Alderman Walker and made information against Fleming for felonious assault and battery. Fleming was arrested and gave $1,000 bail for his appearance at the hearing. The hearing in the case was postponed pending McDonald's recovery. Last week McDonald's condition became worse and he was taken to the hospital, where he died.

Michael Wanchura, who confessed to shooting and killing Peter Sadosky at Moon Run Tuesday, was committed to jail yesterday by Coroner McGeary to await the results of the inquest. Wanchura told the police he threw the shotgun in an old well near his home in Moon Run and the deputy coroners are trying to find it.

John Dobreleski, aged 48, of Glenwood, employed as a brakeman in the Pennsylvania tube works, Second avenue, was killed yesterday morning by being crushed between two cars.

Special Features at Pain's Spectacle.

Tonight one of the spectacular features at Pain's spectacular production of "The Fall of Pompeii," at Friendship park, will be a portrait in fire of the Rev. A. A. Lambing. It will be known as "Catholic Night" and members of the different societies of the Catholic church are expected in large numbers. Father Lambing's widespread popularity gives him a standing that might be envied by anyone. Everything bids fair to this week of the Pain's engagement being the largest in the history of the show. Tomorrow night will be known as "German night."

Norsemen Put in a Busy Day.

Considerable business was transacted at the tenth annual convention of the Scandinavian Brotherhood of America, in session at McKeesport yesterday. A number of changes were made in the constitution, a standard regalia for the order was adopted and the ritual was changed. The districts of the order were fixed, the McKeesport district having eight lodges. The visiting delegates enjoyed a boat ride up the Monongahela river last night. The convention will finish its business tomorrow when the election of officers will take place.

Lively Game of Lotto.

Joseph Pesanock, who has been in the Passavant hospital since July 31, suffering with knife wounds, was yesterday released from the hospital and locked up in the Center avenue police station until this morning, when he will appear at the hearing of Dominick Russo. The two men became involved in a fight in a Singas street house over a game of lotto and Russo is said to have used a butcher knife on Pesanock. The former has been held pending the outcome of Pesanock's injuries.

PIANO BARGAINS

IN RELIABLE MAKES.

$375 Malcalm Love upright, used, perfect condition, best style, now..... $210
New England upright, just like new, mahogany case, now..... 155
Hardman upright, used, perfect..... 240
Fischer upright, like new, used..... 180
$525 Chickering upright, cabinet style, used, perfect condition, now..... 368
$750 Chickering miniature grand, used, just like new, rare bargain... 540
$425 Haines Bros. upright, used, perfect, mahogany..... 240
New Behr Bros. best style, upright, colonial case, mahogany..... 278
Duquesne upright, used, perfect condition, colonial style..... 128
Schubert piano, like new..... 222
Schomacker square piano, new..... 48
Decker Bros. square piano, new..... 75
Gabler square piano, new..... 39

Above instruments fully guaranteed. Money refunded if not exactly as represented. Bring this with you. Easy terms. W. F. FREDERICK, 933 Smithfield st.

Entire bldg., G. & W. Schroeder, Mgrs. Genuine Chickering, Hardman, Kroeger, McPhail, Estey, Haines Bros., Schubert, Mathushek, Sterling, Kingsbury Pianos and the perfect piano player, Chase & Baker, are sold only by W. F. Frederick. Easy terms if wanted. Largest dealers between New York and Chicago.

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232 Fourth Avenue, - Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000
SURPLUS, $630,000

The Company makes a specialty of handling the accounts of those not engaged in active business and aims in every way to aid depositors.

Interest Paid on All Deposits

GET THE HABIT!
PICKERING'S
10TH & PENN.

Ladies' Day====== Today ======Ladies' Day

We will offer the ladies the following wonderful bargains, and guarantee that you can not secure a duplicate elsewhere for twice the money, and we mean just what we say.

SOFA PILLOWS FOR 35c— Beautiful affairs made of the finest materials from our Parlor Furniture shop—during the dull season we had the girls make several hundred of these elegant Pillows. They are filled with short hair that has been thoroughly cleaned and will have no bad odor. They are finished with fine heavy cord corner knots. Your choice for Thursday only..... 35c

The last of these elegant CHINA DISHES, the sort we sold last Saturday. These dishes are decorated in several colors and finished with red enamel border with gold filigree edges. Get one Thursday only..... 25c

Maybe you have seen one of your neighbor's NICKEL COFFEE POTS and would like one for yourself—if so you can be accommodated; only..... 50c

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF THE SAMPLE SALE HERE IS WHAT IS LEFT OF THE GRAND RAPIDS
FURNITURE

EXTENSION TABLES

$30.00 Extension Table, Price..... $21 00
$22.00 Extension Table, Price..... 15 00

ROCKERS

$ 6.00 Rocker, Price..... $ 4 00
$10.00 Rocker, Price..... 7 00
$ 4.50 Rocker, Price..... 3 00
$65.00 Leather Rocker, Price..... 46 00
$30.00 Leather Rocker, Price..... 21 00
$12.00 Leather Rocker, Price..... 9 00

PARLOR SUITS

$300.00 Leather Suit, 5 pieces; Price..... $216 00
$250.00 Parlor Suit, 5 pieces; Price..... 180 00
$200.00 Parlor Suit, 5 pieces; Price..... 144 00
$185.00 Parlor Suit, 3 pieces; Price..... 132 00
$250.00 Parlor Suit, 5 pieces; Price..... 108 00
$145.00 Parlor Suit, 5 pieces; Price..... 104 00
$100.00 Parlor Suit, 5 pieces; Price..... 72 00
$ 75.00 Parlor Suit, 3 pieces; Price..... 54 00

And a lot of 3 and 5 piece Suits ranging to $50.00 that represent a saving of from $3.00 to $14.00 on each.

SIDEBOARDS

$150.00 Sideboard, Price..... $108 00
$125.00 Sideboard, Price..... 86 00
$ 90.00 Sideboard, Price..... 64 00
$ 65.00 Sideboard, Price..... 46 00
$ 48.00 Sideboard, Price..... 34 00
$ 42.00 Sideboard, Price..... 30 00
$ 35.00 Sideboard, Price..... 25 00
$ 30.00 Sideboard, Price..... 21 00

DAVENPORTS

$65.00 Davenport, Price..... $46 00
$45.00 Davenport, Price..... 32 00
$35.00 Davenport, Price..... 25 00

CHAMBER SUITS

$ 85.00 Mahogany Suit, Price..... $ 61 00
$ 60.00 Mahogany Suit, Price..... 43 00
$195.00 Swell Front Oak Suit, Price..... 170 00
$185.00 Oak Suits, Price..... 133 00
$110.00 Maple Suits, Price..... 73 00
$ 65.00 Brass Beds, Price..... 46 00
$ 22.00 Brass and Iron Beds, Price..... 15 00
$ 12.00 Odd Beds, Price..... 8 00
$ 7.50 Odd Beds, Price..... 5.00

CHIFFONIERS

$22.50 Chiffonier, Price..... $16 00
$12.00 Chiffonier, Price..... 9 50
$ 4.50 Chiffonier, Price..... 3 75

DRESSING TABLES

$ 7.00 Dressing Tables, Price..... $ 5 00
$17.50 Dressing Table, Price..... 12 00
$52.00 Dressing Table, Price..... 37 00
$18.50 Odd Dresser, Price..... 13 00

COUCHES

$75.00 Leather Couches, Price..... $54 00
$50.00 Leather Couch, Price..... 36 00
$25.00 Im. Leather Couch, Price..... 18 00
$15.00 Velour Couch, Price..... 10 00
$55.00 Davenport, Price..... 39 00

PARLOR STANDS

$4.50 Parlor Stand, Price..... $3 00
$3.75 Parlor Stand, Price..... 2 00
$7.50 Parlor Stand, Price..... 6 00

WARDROBES

$42.00 Wardrobe, Price..... $30 00
$27.50 Wardrobe, Price..... 19 00
$20.00 Wardrobe, Price..... 14 00
$15.00 Wardrobe, Price..... 10 00

If You Live Out of Town You Will Save Car Fare Ten Times Over—COME SURE. Exposition Visitors Are Welcome. Come Take a Look.

Get the Habit. Don't Bother About Money. **U-NO-Y** Your Credit's Good. "Nuf Ced."

4%

INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

compounded semi-annually.
ASSETS OVER $7,000,000.00.

No trouble to BANK BY MAIL. Drop us a postal for our booklet telling "how."

GERMANIA SAVINGS BANK
WOOD AND DIAMOND STS.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

MICA AXLE GREASE lightens the load—shortens the road.

Helps the team. Saves wear and expense. Sold everywhere.

MADE BY STANDARD OIL CO.

Shoes WB LOVELESS SIXTH & PENN Stockings

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R. CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.

Schedule in Effect June 19, 1904.

CENTRAL TIME.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	* 7:30 am	* 6:45 pm
Cleveland "Flyer"	* 7:00 am	* 6:30 pm
Youngst'n & Cleve. Mail	* 8:30 am	* 5:10 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	† 8:20 am	† 7:15 pm
Lake Chaut'qua Fast Line	*12:50 pm	* 6:30 am
St. Louis Express	*12:50 pm	* 8:50 am
Buffalo and Erie Express	† 5:00 pm	* 9:45 pm
Cleveland and Chicago Ex.	† 2:30 pm	*12:30 pm
Boston Special	† 5:00 pm	* 6:35 am
Cleve. & Detroit "Flyer"	* 6:15 pm	*11:15 am
Chicago Limited	* 9:00 pm	* 8:20 pm
Buffalo and Cleveland Ex.	*10:30 pm	* 6:35 pm
Youngstown Accom.	† 5:30 am	* 8:50 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 6:40 am	† 5:35 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 8:00 am	† 9:30 am
West Pittsburgh Accom.	†12:10 pm	† 4:15 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 3:30 pm	†12:15 am
New Castle Express	† 4:30 pm	† 7:30 am
New Castle Express	† 8:05 am	† 1:10 pm
Beaver Falls Express	† 5:25 pm	† 8:30 am
Brownsville Accom.	† 6:10 am	† 6:45 am
Brownsville & N. Hav. Ex.	* 8:00 am	* 8:00 am
McKeespt. & Brownsville	*11:50 am	*12:40 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	* 3:20 pm	* 4:50 pm
Brownsville & NN. Haven	* 5:20 pm	* 5:45 pm

F., C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beadling and Beechmont, 10:30 a. m., 10:15 a. m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. ‖Note—Daily train (Sunday, Youngstown only).

City ticket office, 355 Fifth ave., Park bldg.

J. B. YOHE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis	* 1.10 am	* 1.45 am
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 8.15 am	* 8.15 am
Tiffin and Toledo	8.15 am	* 3.30 pm
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis	* 4.00 am	* 6.00 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 4.20 am	* 8.40 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	† 8.00 am	† 7.25 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5.00 am	† 6.35 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	† 8.00 am	† 11.05 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	† 8.08 am	* 5.30 pm
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 6.50 am	* 8.20 pm
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 6.00 am	* 12.05 pm
Ohio Valley Express	† 8.48 am	* 8.50 pm
Salem and Alliance	† 2.00 am	* 10.50 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 1.00 am	* 3.00 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 7.30 am	† 4.05 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 7.50 am	† 6.05 pm
Mercer and Oil City	* 7.45 am	*10.35 am
Jamestown and New Castle	* 7.45 am	† 1.59 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	† 7.42 am	† 8.25 am
The Forest and Erie	* 9.00 am	* 5.10 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8.00 am	* 5.40 pm
Expo Train, Ft. Wayne, St. Louis	* 8.40 am	* 6.05 pm
Youngstown and Niles	* 8.20 am	* 6.00 pm
The Toledo Special	*11.30 am	* 8.30 pm
Youngstown, Ashtabula and Jamestown	*12.35 pm	† 5.50 pm
New Castle and Ashtabula	*12.55 pm	*10.55 am
The World's Fair Special	* 1.00 pm	* 2.15 pm
Columbus and Chicago	1.05 pm	* 2.00 pm
Cleveland and Erie	1.25 pm	* 3.15 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	† 1.35 pm	† 1.00 pm
New Castle and Erie	* 4.20 pm	† 5.50 pm
Youngstown and Niles	* 4.20 pm	* 6.00 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 4.35 pm	† 5.40 pm
The Cleveland Special	* 5.00 pm	* 11.35 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5.10 pm	† 9.10 am
The Chicago Special	* 6.50 pm	* 7.45 am
Columbus and Indianapolis	* 8.10 pm	* 5.55 am
The St. Louis Limited	* 8.10 pm	* 6.55 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	8.15 pm	* 6.00 am
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 8.18 pm	* 6.00 am
Toledo and Detroit	* 8.20 pm	* 5.55 am
Beaver Falls and New Castle	*11.40 pm	* 6.50 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*11.40 pm	* 5.40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., 16.00 am, 17.30 am, 10.00 am, 10.45 am, 11.30 pm, 4.10 pm, 4.40 pm, 5.15 pm, 11.30 pm, 12.30 pm, 1.05 pm.

Leave for Wheeling, 16.45 am, *8.20 am, *11.50 am, 12.30 pm, *3.15 pm.

Leave for Steubenville, *8.40 am, *8.35 am, 11.26 pm, 110.55 pm, 111.35 am.

Leave for Dennison, *5.40 am, 12.30 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, *8.25 pm.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

Leave Station, Smithfield and Water Streets.

LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom'dation	* 6:30 am	* 9:25 pm
Connellsville & Mt. Pleas.	† 6:30 am	†10:00 am
Wash., Balt. & New York	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
Cumb., Ex'tin & Fairmont	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
West Newton Accom.	† 9:15 am	† 8:00 am
Cumb., Wash. & Balt.	† 1:00 pm	† 6:45 pm
Connv., Un'in, Morgant'n	† 1:00 pm	† 6:45 pm
Connellsville & Mt. Pleasant	† 1:35 pm	† 5:05 pm
Connellsville Accom'dat'n	* 4:00 pm	† 8:05 pm
Morgantown, Clarksburg & Weston	† 5:00 pm	†12:50 pm
Philadelphia & New York (Duquesne Limited)	* 6:30 pm	* 9:00 am
West Newton Accom.	† 6:40 pm	† 1:30 pm
Wash., Balt. & Phila.	* 9:00 pm	* 7:15 am
LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.		
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	* 7:00 am	*10:35 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Ex.	* 8:30 am	* 7:45 am
St. Louis Limited	* 1:30 pm	*11:00 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling	* 4:35 pm	* 8:45 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	* 8:30 pm	* 9:45 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Ex.	* 8:50 pm	* 7:55 pm
LINES WEST VIA AKRON.		
Cleve., Akron & Y'g'stn.	* 7:50 am	* 8:15 pm
Chicago & Cleveland	* 4:30 pm	*12:15 pm
Chicago Limited	* 4:30 pm	* 5:40 am

(Leave P. & W. Station, Allegheny.)

Butler	† 7:00 am	† 8:00 pm
Butler, Foxburg	† 7:30 am	† 7:25 pm
Butler, Foxburg	† 9:10 am	† 6:35 pm
But'r, Conn. Lake & Erie	† 3:15 am	† 6:35 pm
Butler	†10:40 am	* 9:40 am
But'r, Conn. & Lake Erie	† 1:15 pm	† 1:00 pm
Bllwood Citv	† 1:15 pm	* 6:20 pm
Butler, Clarion, Greenv.	* 3:00 pm	†10:25 am
Butler, Ellw'd, N. Castle	† 5:30 pm	* 9:40 am
Butler	* 6:15 pm	* 5:10 pm
Ellw'd, Foxbg., N. Castle	† 6:15 pm	† 9:40 am
Butler	*11:59 pm	* 7:25 pm

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh & Morgantown Packet Co.

Daily at 3 p. m., except Sunday, at 8:30 a. m. Fare, round trip, $5. Meals and berth included. To meet down boat and return same night $1.50. Meals extra. Wharfboat foot Smithfield st.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time From Union Station, Pittsburgh.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Keystone Express, daily..... 3:00 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily, for North Philadelphia and New York..... 3:35 a. m.
The Pennsylvania Limited, daily.. 7:15 a. m.
New York Limited, daily..... 7:15 a. m.
Atlantic Express, daily..... 7:30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily..... 8:00 a. m.
Day Express, daily..... 12:01 p. m.
Mail Express, daily..... 12:45 p. m.
Chicago Mail, daily for Baltimore and Washington..... 4:50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily for Philadelphia and New York..... 4:55 p. m.
New York Express, daly for Philadelphia and New York..... 7:10 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily..... 9:00 p. m.
New York Special, daily from New York only..... 10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily, Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches..... 10:00 p. m.

For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. daily.

For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 11:00 p. m. week days.

For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., and 11:00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., and 11:00 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week days.

For Dubois, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.

For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 2:00 and 8:50 a. m. and 7:10 and 9:00 p. m. daily. "The Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," 7:15 a. m. week days, 10:00 p. m. daily with through sleeping car.

For Cape May, 10:00 p. m. daily. "The Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," 7:15 a. m. week days.

For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove and Long Branch, 7:15 a. m. "The Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," weeks days, 9:00 p. m. daily.

For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:15, 8:25 a. m., 12:30 and 5:05 p. m. week days, 8:00 a. m. and 4:50 p. m. Sundays.

For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:55 a. m. week days and 4:30 p. m. daily. For Brownsville only, 8:20 a. m., 3:25, 6:45 and 11:35 p. m. week days; 7:00, 9:35 a. m. and 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m. Sundays. For West Brownsville, 6:05 a. m. and 1:00 p. m. week days. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 6:05, 8:20, 10:55 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 4:30 (5:30 to Monongahela City), 6:45 and 11:35 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7:00, 9:35 a. m., 1:05, 4:30, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY.

For Butler, 6:50, 9:20, 10:30 a. m., 3:10 and 4:10 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7:00 a. m., 9:30 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check Baggage from Hotels and Residences. Time Cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices—No. 355 Fifth Avenue, corner Fourth Avenue and Try Street, and Union Station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr'l Traffic Mgr. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

WABASH

TRAINS LEAVE WABASH STATION DAILY
Corner Liberty Ave. and Ferry St.
City Ticket Office, 320 Fifth Ave.

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Toledo and St. Louis	6:30 a. m.	7:00 p. m.
St. Louis & Kans. City	1:00 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
Chicago & St. Louis	7:30 p. m.	6:30 a. m.

All trains between Pittsburgh and St. Louis Union Station stop at Wabash World's Fair Station, directly opposite main entrance to the Exposition.

RAILROADS.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard time), for Conneaut, O.; Erie, Girard, Meadville and Conneaut Lake at 8:15 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.; for Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Keister at 8:15 a. m., 1:15 and 5:00 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday. E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Showers. Yesterday's Temperature—Max. 76; Min. 68.

Thursday, August 11, 1904.

Today Men's Summer Suits for Less Than They Cost Us.

The man who buys his clothes at the end of the season is the one who gets them for a fraction of regular prices. We know men who have bought, in these special sales of ours, two and three Summer suits and will not use them until next season. They have long heads for business and economy. We tell you the exact number we have at each price so that you will understand about getting here early today.

40 suits, originally $15.00 each, today $ 9.00 the suit
23 suits, originally $16.50 each, today $ 9.00 the suit
34 suits, originally $18.00 each, today $11.00 the suit
49 suits, originally $20.00 each, today $12.50 the suit
29 suits, originally $22.50 each, today $14.50 the suit
46 suits, originally $25.00 each, today $14.50 the suit
14 suits, originally $30.00 each, today $18.50 the suit
8 suits, originally $32.00 each, today $18.50 the suit

The Reduced Prices on Two-Piece Suits

14 suits, originally $10.00 each, today $ 6.50 the suit
32 suits, originally $15.00 each, today $ 9.00 the suit
28 suits, originally $18.00 each, today $11.00 the suit
9 suits, originally $25.00 each, today $15.00 the suit

The size range in the Outing Suits runs from 33 to 44 chest.

We will also sell men's fancy cheviot and black cheviot Trousers, out of broken lines of suits, worth $5.00 and $6.00, today for $3.00 a pair.

All Outing Trousers in stock at less than one-third of original prices. Sizes range from 34 to 42 waist.

We have about 50 men's blue and black odd Vests, out of suits, worth from $1.50 to $3.00, and will sell them today for 25c each.

Summer News of the Book Nook.

Books relative to Russia, Japan, China and other far eastern countries are in great demand just now. In fact, there isn't a public library in the city that can supply its readers with books on these countries. The unusual interest is, of course, aroused by the Russo-Japanese War. However, ours is just the reverse case. Every book of timely interest will be found in our Book Nook, so if you are disappointed in getting the book you want, rest assured you can get it here.

The following are alive with interest for those who want information on the subjects brought to light by the war.

"Japan Today." By J. A. B. Scherer.
"Present Day Japan." By A. M. Campbell Davidson.
"Things Chinese." By J. Dyer Ball.
"The Russian Advance." By Albert J. Beveridge.
"Korea." By Agnes Hamilton.
"Manchuria, Its People, Resources and Recent History." By Alexander Hosie.
"Theodore Roosevelt, the Citizen." By Jacob Riis.
"Tatlings of a Retired Politician."

For those who prefer fiction our $1.08 list abounds with interest. All the newest books at this price in artistic bindings. Some of the books people are talking most about.

"The Rose of Old St. Louis." By Mary Dillon.
"The Motor Pirate." B. G. Sidney Paternoster.
"The Lure o' Gold." By Bailey Millard.
"The Crossing." By Winston Churchill.
"Tillie, a Mennonite Maid." By Helen R. Martin.
"The Queen's Quair." By Maurice Hewlett.
"Villa Claudia." By J. A. Mitchell.
"He That Eateth Bread With Me." By H. A. Mitchell Keays.
"The Admirable Tinker." By Edgar Jepson.
"The Challoners." By E. F. Benson.
"Rosabel." By Esther Miller.
"Olive Latham.' By E. L. Voynich.
"The Magnetic North." By Elizabeth Robbins.
"Bred in the Bone." By Thomas Nelson Page.
"Daughter of Nijo." By Onoto Watanna.
All the above $1.08.

A book which is getting more than its share of comment is "The Fat of the Land," by John Williams Streeter. It's a happy combination of fiction and agriculture—out of the ordinary. $1.50.

Today Any $5.00 Colored Umbrella $3.00.

There is one limitation to this offer. We use the word "colored" in the sense of more than one color, which excludes the plain, or solid color umbrellas.

On the other hand you can choose from solid color umbrellas with contrasting borders and umbrellas with many combinations of different colors. For instance there is plenty of blue and white, green and white, red and white and black and white, and a choice assortment of borders and some checks.

The quality of the silks are the very best, they have fine natural sticks and are excellently finished.

Raincoats for the Young Ladies.

Every young girl likes to own a raincoat. The school girl looks her best in a long stylish garment of this sort, and consequently she wears a raincoat, rain or shine. The manufacturers have awakened to this fact and put more style than ever into the coats for the Autumn of 1904-5.

They come in covert cloth, in mohair and in fancy mixed cloths.

Prices are $7.50, $11.00, $13.50 and up to $30.00.

Children's Raincoats, loose box styles, with and without capes, sizes 4 to 12 years. $4.50, $6.00, $6.50 and up to $13.50.

New Black Dress Goods for Autumn.

New blacks galore for the women who revel in black Voiles, Etiennes, Crepe d'Paris, Cheviots, Mohairs and Panamas. Old names to be sure, but the fabrics are the newest. Beautiful and novel in weave, exquisite finishes, in fact blacks that appeal at sight. As to prices about any price you care to pay. Plenty of pretty things at 50c a yard and from that figure right on to $3.50 a yard.

SPECIAL—1,000 yards of fine Black Broadcloth, the sort that retails in a regular way at $1.00 a yard, here today at 75c a yard.

A saving of just 25c a yard.

Boxbay Nevertear Lining Silks.

For durability we recommend it. There is such a thing as beauty in linings and we also have many goods words for the beauty of this Boxbay Nevertear Lining Silk. It is all silk and pure dye. It will not split, rip, nor will it tear. It is fully guaranteed by us.

Many of our customers know its good points and will have nothing else. We show it in all the new shades to match the Autumn dress goods. At Lining Counter.

The 27-inch width retails for 75c a yard.
The 19-inch width retails for 50c a yard.

The Finest Shoes Money Ever Bought.

Queen Quality by Name.

Queen Quality shoes have more friends among the women of Pittsburg than any other five styles of shoes combined. And for the matter of that, not only has Queen Quality hosts of friends in Greater Pittsburg, but all over the United States, east and west, north and south, women wear this famous shoe and men admire them—and who would not admire a foot daintily shod in Queen Quality?

60 Different Styles From Which to Select.

This will give you an idea of the advantage Queen Quality possesses over all other makes. Every foot, whatever its contour or peculiarities, whatever its points of beauty, will look its best in one of the sixty styles.

And the comfort-giving qualities of Queen Quality are of utmost importance. So much attention has been given to every point that would add to the comfort of the wearer that we can say without hesitancy, Queen Quality for comfort every time.

In fact nothing has been overlooked in their making, qu

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS.

Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents a week.
Sunday Edition, 5 cents per copy.
Rates by mail within the United States and Canada, outside of the City of Pittsburgh:
Daily Edition at the rate of $3.00 per year.
Sunday Edition, $2.50 per year.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 50 cents.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5.00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Thursday, August 11, 1904.

The Gazette desires to call the attention of those of its readers who contemplate summer trips to the announcements of the many summer resort hotels published on page 12 of this issue.

The industrial warfare in Chicago is adding a heavy burden to the municipality. Of the 1,250 men on the police force, 800 are now on duty in connection with the stock yard troubles, and yesterday there was a call for men from the clothiers, whose employes have quit work. There are 17 firms involved in this trouble. Strikes in Chicago are apt to be accompanied by disturbances, and as rarely a season passes without strikes the frequent demands for extra police duty adds largely to the cost of government. This is another point at which the public is burdened by industrial warfare.

The success of the work of the state dairy and food commissioner in enforcing the state law against unwholesome aduiterations is shown by a report just made by inspectors who have been working in the western part of the state. Out of a total of 525 samples examined, only three were found to contain illegal adulterations. This is in marked contrast with the scores of prosecutions a year ago in the same territory under the same law. We are now assured that we are receiving just what we pay for in the way of dairy products, and we must commend the zeal of the dairy and food commissioner for bringing about this result.

The feeling in Washington that European powers signatory to the treaty of Paris will bring influence to bear upon the sultan to force a settlement of the demands of the United States is probably well justified. Recent telegrams from European capitals say America's demands are considered just and should be granted. It would somewhat disarrange the program of the powers in regard to Turkey if the United States were compelled to adopt coercive measures. Therefore, as they have no good ground of objecting to the action the United States proposes to take, they probably feel that the best solution is to induce the sultan to accede to our demands.

The August crop report, which has been looked forward to with keen anticipation, shows little change save for the better in crop prospects as compared with this time last year. Corn is in better condition, although the last year's record was an exceptionally high one. Although there has been a marked falling off in the average condition of spring wheat during the month it is much better than this time last year. Possible damage from rust is, however, still to be estimated. Oats, barley, rye, tobacco, potatoes and timothy hay are all in better condition now than this time last year. While there has been some decline in the exceptionally high promise shown in previous months of the year, yet the prospects still remain much above the average.

Great Britain announces that all obstacles have been removed from her path in Egypt and she can now permanently occupy that country with the consent of Russia, Germany, Austria and Italy. In return she grants these countries favored nation rights for their commerce. Inasmuch as this will perpetuate good government in Egypt, there can be no objections raised to the program. The rule of Great Britain in Egypt has brought order out of chaos. Before her occupancy the country was the scene of grinding oppression and abominable misrule. All this is past, and in its place is a government that is not only good for the world at large, but also the best possible for the people governed. Trade has been expanded, taxes lowered and life protected. Great Britain therefore had no difficulty in gaining consent of the interested powers for a continuation of her Egyptian program.

Congressman Champ Clark's notification speech is immensely superior to the one he delivered as chairman of the St. Louis convention. He skillfully turned the weak points of the convention to account by exhibiting them as proof of the freedom of speech and action there and of the fair representation of every phase of Democratic sentiment. The argument would have been forcible had the action of the convention been conclusive as to party doctrine, evoking order and discipline out of political chaos, but nothing was done but to agree to disagree, waiving irreconcilable differences as to principle so that the factions can consort without harmony of purpose. The platform by which this was accomplished was eulogized by Mr. Clark, who discreetly avoided any mention of the monetary standard or other campaign issues. The speech was a clever exhibition of the art of being eloquent without saying anything.

Judge Parker's Acceptance.

If Judge Parker's speech of acceptance is a fair sample of what the quality of his formal letter of acceptance will be those who expected that he would give the party a platform will be disappointed. Except this his adherence to the gold standard is incidentally reiterated, his speech follows closely the lines of the Democratic platform which he refers to as "admirable." Where that is vague he is vaguer, contenting himself by saying undisputed things in a solemn way. No one doubts that the law should be supreme, or opposes "the encouragement of industry, economy and thrift." Discourse upon general principles constitutes the mass of the speech. There is no room for dissent in this field. Where issues arise is in the particular application of general principles to existing conditions and only a few stray hints can be gained from the speech as to Judge Parker's policy as regards actual procedure.

About the tariff he does venture to make a specific recommendation, namely, that any revision shall not become operative until such period as shall be deemed sufficient to enable business to adjust itself to the new conditions imposed. In practice this would mean cessation of enterprise and doing business by the method expressively described in a proverbial phrase as "living from hand to mouth." No more efficient means could be devised for causing a prolonged shrinkage of government revenue and stagnation of general business. Any sort of tariff revision, even if necessary, will produce a temporary disarrangement of business, and if it has to be done at all the quicker it is gotten through with the better. The method which Judge Parker proposes is like cutting off a dog's tail by inches so that the operation won't hurt so much. But even this recommendation is cautiously qualified by the suggestion that there is really no cause for alarm since "it is a fact and should be frankly conceded that should our party be successful in the coming contest we cannot hope to secure a majority in the senate during the next four years, and hence we shall be unable to secure any modification in the tariff save that to which the Republican majority in the senate may consent." The logic of this is that it will be safe to trust the Democratic party with power because they will not be able to use it. This is a singular inducement to offer voters.

There is a marked tone of irresolution in Judge Parker's comments on the subject of trusts. He thinks that on the whole the common law affords a complete legal remedy against monopolies, but should it turn out that this view "is a mistaken one, then I favor such legislation within constitutional limitations as will give the people a just and full measure of protection." Here we have a recourse to glittering generalities. The all-important points in this question of trust control is what are the "constitutional limitations" and what is "a full and just measure of protection." It is upon such points that real issues arise, but Judge Parker avoids them and the only practical idea one can get of his position is that he is averse to regulation of corporation management by statutory control and would depend upon common law remedies for the correction of abuses. The inadequacy of such remedies under modern business conditions is just what gives force to the demand for stricter control by statute law.

Like Cleveland before him Judge Parker pledges himself to the one-term principle of presidential tenure. That did not prevent Cleveland from being a candidate three times and from being elected twice, nor did it prevent his admirers from working to the last to secure for him a fourth nomination. No more would it stand in Judge Parker's way if circumstances should be propitious for another term, nor should it. However plausible the argument in favor of a single term, the principle that will always actually control party action is that one good term deserves another.

In general Judge Parker's speech has a tone of traditionalism. The sentiments are those of a man who clings to old ideals without due regard to changed conditions, and who would like to ignore new issues arising in the unfolding of national destiny. Hence he would like to get rid of the Philippines and he does not think we owe any duties to the human race other than such as can be discharged by attending solely to the concerns of the people of these United States. He closes his eyes to the fact that those concerns may become mixed with the interests of other peoples and races so that it is impossible to sever them, attempts to do so being certain to produce increase of trouble and responsibility. He takes his stand as a candidate looking backward and his offer of service is that he would do all a good man can do to set the country going backward, because to his mind the past is preferable to the present and its hopes for the future.

Strikes in Presidential Years.

The labor situation is far from satisfactory. In New England the cotton mill operators are striking against a reduction in wages. In New York there is a lockout in the building trades. In the west the union meat packers are idle. These comprise the present struggles and in the aggregate they are formidable. Still, they are not so bad as in some former presidential years, and thus far the disorders have not got beyond control of the civil authorities and called for intervention by the state.

In the presidential year 1892 the magnitude of the strikes attracted general attention, and it is the pretty general belief now that the troubles at Homestead had an important part in defeating the Republican candidate. In addition there were the Buffalo switchmen's strike and the Tennessee miners' strike, both ultimately calling for military aid upholding law. The year 1896 was comparatively free from disputes between capital and labor. There were two good and sufficient reasons for the absence of strikes. One was the extreme depression in business and the paralysis in financial circles. No one would venture into new enterprises while the money question was threatening the credit of the nation, and the curtailment of business resulted in a congested labor market. Workingmen were glad to obtain employment at current rates. The second reason was that the labor unions were impoverished and disheartened by the events of 1894, which included such notable struggles as the prolonged bituminous coal strike, in which 200,000 miners were engaged; the tieup of the Great Northern railroad system, which occurred in April and May of that year, and the great railroad strike in July, which had its storm-center at Chicago and for a time paralyzed the commerce of the country.

In the last presidential year serious disturbance in the relations between capital and labor did not occur until September, when 140,000 anthracite coal miners struck and remained idle for nearly two months. This dispute was settled before the November elections by the granting of an advance of 10 per cent to the miners, and was the only important struggle that resulted in favor of the workingmen. Earlier in 1900 the St. Louis street car tieup occurred, and there were numerous small strikes in various industries throughout the country; but times were prosperous, confidence had been restored by the act of congress declaring for the gold standard, and capital quickly recognized the fairness of demands for higher wages.

In nearly all the great railroad strikes which have occurred in recent years the labor unions have failed to carry their point. It is possible that one reason for failure was the feeling on the part of railroad managers that on such questions they had to stand together. In some respects the great industries of the country are now in the position of the railroads a half score or more years ago. They have been reorganized, and ownership of the various properties is scattered all over the United States and in foreign countries in the hands of the holders of securities. Meanwhile control is concentrated and there is not now the same feeling of anxiety as existed when the properties were under separate and oftentimes individual ownership, with more or less of a disposition to take advantage of opportunities afforded by a strike in a competitor's plant. At the same time labor is better organized and is probably in better financial position to prolong a contest. The situation therefore emphasizes the desirability of arbitration being substituted for the wasteful methods now pursued in settling such disputes.

The Filtration Holdup.

The grounds assigned by Controller Larkin for holding up the payroll of the filtration bureau are different from those heretofore reported in newspaper interviews, and give a color of legality to his action. His objections are purely technical and are to the effect that councils have not passed such an appropriation ordinance as to make the filtration fund available for the purpose for which it was created. The issue is one which the courts will have to settle, but the controller's discovery of the technical flaw which he alleges comes rather late as the bureau's payroll has gone through before and has been in part allowed this time also. Mechanics and laborers employed under the filtration bureau have been paid as usual and the class of employes affected by the holdup are the engineers and draughtsmen engaged in preparing detailed plans and estimates on which contracts can be let. The controller's action, therefore, strikes at the progress of the work upon the system recommended by the original filtration commission and recommended anew by the special commission of engineering experts. Mr. Larkin desires to substitute another system and his present course seems intended to aid that purpose.

Mr. Bryan says he will speak in several states, but won't announce his plans now "because if I did I might be subjected to considerable annoyance." Perhaps he has in mind the possibility of earnest suggestions from Chairman Taggart as to the advisability of concentrating his efforts upon Nebraska.

The Colorado woman who fired through a closed door and killed her husband will probably be acquitted on the plea of accident. If she had seen him she would have missed him, sure.

If the transatlantic rate war continues we are threatened with a season of $6 immigration. That would make it cheaper to cross the Atlantic than to stay at home.

Local pilots and masters gave their annual outing yesterday on the river, and of course, it rained. But if there is anything a riverman likes it's plenty of water.

The new railroad safety appliance should have the effect of reducing the number of damage suits, thus pleasing the railroad officials and the accident victims.

No one need be alarmed by the report that the Carnegie museum scientists are bringing a triceratops to Pittsburgh. It's dead.

The Georgia legislature should adopt the Marquis of Queensbury rules for its deliberations. They bar kicking and biting.

The Pittsburgh "newsie," when he reaches the world's fair as the guest of the Chronicle Telegraph, will be the whole show.

Judge Parker says he only wants one term as president. He will still be wanting it after the November vote is counted.

The sultan is showing an inclination to listen to reason, since he fears that he will be compelled to do so anyhow.

Several hundred Turkish soldiers have been killed by Armenians. The worm will turn occasionally.

Champ Clark continues to strengthen his reputation as a humorist.

At last the silence at Esopus has been broken.

Talked of in Gotham

By ALEXANDER DODDS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—From the lord of the Riverside drive to the smallest peddler in Broadway the motto of the New Yorker is "bluff." This word combines every phase of the life here, and it is probable that no other city in the country has so much of the artificial life. No matter where you go or whom you meet it is the same, the very air, the sky—all of Gotham in fact, is cloaked in the rainbow tints of making a show or sinking into what Ajax Jones is pleased to term the "vortex of oblivion." After a few months of the metropolis one even suspects the dogs on the streets.

But the greatest place for the study of life is at an apartment hotel, where the inflation exists in the superlative degree. If you are to put on the proper "front," your suite will cost you $1,200 a year. That's $100 a month out of a $2,000 salary, for two rooms and a bath. But then you have the pleasure of entering through a magnificent lobby on the first floor that has real palms, true oriental rugs and buttoned bellboys to jump at your call. The fancy cozy corner is an ice box underneath and a two-burner gas stove reposes under the bath tub, but mock turtle soup and rolls fade in the dim distance when it comes to the glory of evening clothes and a walk through the tesselated lobby going "out" to dinner after having supped before starting. This species does go "out," but it is when invited to some other man's mahogany. All one has to do is to sit quiet at the airshaft of an apartment hotel and exercise three senses, sight, hearing and smell and you have the life spread before you like a panorama. Over all hangs the odor of coffee and you know that two minute eggs are on the way. Then you hear, "We'll have to live the rest of the week on $2.50, but there are still three cans of soup." And so it goes. But this is only one phase of "Let's pretend to be that which we are not," the most fitting motto for the average New Yorker that is known.

Will Chase Rainbows No Longer.

Every Pittsburgher remembers the meteoric career of Dr. W. E. Woodend, the broker here, whose fortunes went up in smoke. Well, Mrs. Woodend, who had her horses and carriages and everything else that a society matron exhibits to public gaze, has decided to go on the stage. She is not seeking notoriety, but it is to just help along the family finances, she getting $90 the week from Kirke Lashelle to take the part of Clara Esmond in a revival of "Checkers." The Woodends are now living very quietly in their beautiful West Seventy-first street home and she will remain behind the footlights until the "doctor gets on his feet again."

No, She Is Not a Prima Donna.

Society today stands aghast at the thrilling game of "Jewels, jewels, who's got the jewels?" as played by Mrs. Ogden Goelet. Along the Rialto there is not a soubrette not green with envy. The story has all the earmarks of a first-class press agent's yarn, and it seems a cruel shame that the wise dreams of the subtle writers of detective stories should be swept aside by the announcement that the $200,000 worth of gems were not lost at all, but locked up and forgotten in a safe in the Goelet town house. Just the same, time will show, the Goelet jewels were out of that safe. They were not at Newport either. They were not in the possession of Mrs. Goelet. None knew where they were from July 12 until yesterday.

The Newest Graft on Broadway.

A new species of graft of the minor sort, has struck Broadway. The principal sufferers are the hotels, restaurants and theaters. During the past week several hundred lamps have been taken from the electric light signs and as they are worth about eight cents second hand, the new grafter is netting himself a pretty neat income. He appears in the shape of an expert lineman and examines the sign. No suspicion was attached to him until it was found that almost every restaurant and hotel in Broadway had been visited and lamps were missing. The light company was called up and asked about the missing lamps and it was then the graft was discovered.

Poison Ivy To Be Exterminated.

Health Inspector Bowman, over in East Orange, is preparing to institute a crusade against the plant rhus tox, commonly called poison ivy. Mr. Bowman says he has seen many children suffering from the attacks of the parasite which exist on the leaves of the plant and cause little bead-like eruptions that are so painful. This edict recalls a similar one issued against the mosquitoes, who still do guard duty along the Jersey coast. But then the rhus tox cannot fly about.

Covered His Face and Wept.

Few believed Gustave Meyer, the "young American astrologer" of Hoboken, when he announced it would be wise for those going down to sea in ships today to defer their departure. But the astrologer seems not to have gotten his wireless message from Saturn twisted, for it was so dark for about two hours today that the bold mariners could not have sailed for the briny deep had they wanted. A great black cloud hovered over the city and bay and for a time it looked as if night were coming. Then came torrents of rain. Just once during this time was the sun visible and then the blackness closed over the gleaming ball and the rain came. Mr. Meyer gave notice also that an earthquake was to come, but the metropolitan skyscrapers are still standing and the rain has come and gone.

Red Whiskers Start a Fire.

Ten minutes after a red whiskered man had them cut off in the barber shop of Gilardo Perdengo, No. 166 West Twenty-seventh street, Paul Escott, an assistant, discovered a fire where they had been thrown. Clouds of smoke poured into the flats above and Mrs. Jane Smitze, who resides on the second floor was overcome. She was rescued by the firemen and the blaze extinguished before any extensive damage was done to the building.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
T. P. Jones.
Mrs. Jones.
Mrs. J. Brady.
Misses McKinney.
Mrs. J. P. McKinney.

Imperial.
E. E. Patton.
W. G. Cochran.
C. W. Cochran.
R. Garland.
A. Saug.
A. J. Jones.
Mrs. H. J. Brady.
F. J. Forsythe.

Broadway Central.
B. Neiman.
D. Goldman.
S. Lando.
M. Silverblatt.
W. F. Hunter.

Astor.
S. S. Smith.
A. S. Robinson.
T. M. Allen.
J. J. Dougherty.
D. F. Weld.

St. Denis.
J. Barrett.
F. J. Barrett.
M. A. McLain.
L. M. Aspinwall.

St. George.
Miss E. Young.
J. E. Thomas.
Mrs. Thomas.

Grecorian.
C. C. Nevins.

Murray Hill.
D. P. Tanner.
W. Lee.
Mrs. Lee.

Herald Square.
G. E. Lorch.
J. Jackels.

Wolcott.
Miss J. M. Hadick.
Mrs. A. P. Shumaker.

Manhattan.
E. P. Mellon.
Miss Mellon.

New Amsterdam.
Miss A. Bothwyne.
Miss J. A. Ayres.

Normandie.
M. J. Kelly.
Mrs. Kelly.

Holland.
R. W. Kenney.
Mrs. Kenney.

Gilsey.
J. C. Chapman.
Mrs. Chapman.

Victoria.
C. B. Connelly.
F. N. Kondolf.

Bartholdi.
J. A. Hanlon.

Marlborough.
J. A. Thomas.

York.
T. F. Dean.

IT IS TO SMILE.

He—Girls are queer creatures—they marry the first fool who asks them, as a rule. I suppose you would do the same, wouldn't you?

She—Suppose you ask me and find out.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

"Where is my wandering boy tonight?"
The sad mother wailed; the reply came soon;
"I think if you look," the neighbor said,
"You'll find him in Bishop Potter's saloon."
—Cleveland Leader.

"What! Marry my daughter?" snorted old Gotrox, "why, you must be destitute of all reason—"

"Yes," interrupted young Poorley, with refreshing candor, "I admit I am destitute, but that very fact is my reason."—Philadelphia Press.

The Quiet Observer

By ERASMUS WILSON.

And now regimental reunions are on tap, and that means a whole lot—a whole lot of discussion as to which regiment put down the war.

Of course, each particular regiment knows the organization that was responsible for the long desired ending of the rebellion and the return of peace to Uncle Sam's family of states; but since truly brave men are always generous, and never boggish, you will hardly hear the mouthpiece of any regiment specifying by number or name the shattered and tattered body that delivered the knockout blow, not because he doesn't know, but because he doesn't want to stir up strife or create jealousy.

It was this generous disposition on the part of the many regiments composing the armies on both sides that rendered them so harmonious, and it was this same harmony that made them so awfully hard to whip. Had the minor organizations been boastful and jealous the war would have been a farce, more or less, which it was not by a long shot.

So let the boys fight it all over again during these pleasant autumn days. It will, at least, keep them out of mischief for the time.

* * * * *

Boys, do you say?

Sure, for that is what they are on reunion days. If you had been out at Kennywood park yesterday you would have been convinced of this fact, for every man of the bloody, fighting, irresistible One Hundred and Second regiment was just as gay and full of fight as when he donned the blue and shouldered his knapsack, box and gun.

And had you listened to these boys talking among themselves, and on the dead quiet, you would have learned how the war came to be put down, and who did it, and they could have given you facts and figures, day and date, time and place, to back up their claims.

Nor would it have been a bore to you, nor time wasted to have listened to their talk, for it was most interesting. Some imagine that the boys do nothing but lie when spinning war yarns. Why, bless you, they don't have to lie, for the truth is more interesting and more wonderful than the inventions of any liar.

* * * * *

If you should happen to be at Uhrichsville, O., today you may hear the true story concerning the successful closing of the war. The Ninety-Eighth Ohio regiment holds a reunion there, and it knows every foot of the ground from Mingo Junction all the way around to the national capital by way of Perryville, Chickamauga, Atlanta, Savannah, Columbia, Bentonville and Richmond. And it was in it every time there was a fight, save at Stone river, when it was playing hide and seek with Morgan in Kentucky.

The colonel of the regiment, C. L. Poorman of Bellaire, has promised to be there. When he left the regiment in 1863 it had been reduced to pure nerve and bone by hard campaigning and hot fighting, so that it could never muster enough men to entitle Lieut.-Col. Pearce to get eagle shoulder straps. It was not unusual among fighting regiments to find them commanded by majors and lieutenant colonels, because their ranks had been so decimated that they were not entitled, under the regulations, to commanders of a higher rank.

But great goe! they could do more fighting, and better, than when they were plumb full.

* * * * *

What's the use of these old boys getting together just to blow and strike for an hour or two, maybe drag up from the accumulated rubbish of two score years or more a lot of stuff that is only interesting to them, and tell again the stories they have told before, many a time?

Well, what's the use of anything?

Why, nothing to you, unless you know how to use it.

If their recitals of events which occurred in the times that stirred men's souls, times that developed men equal to every emergency, are not interesting you don't have to listen to them, and it is your privilege to go away off by yourself and laugh up your sleeve, or just sit around and feel mean and uncomfortable.

These same fellows are going to continue to meet and to talk, or blow and strike, just as long as they have any breath left in them, no matter what other folks think about it. They got into that style of arguing during the war and became quite noted for insisting upon having things pretty much their own way. So don't blame 'em for it now.

* * * * *

Can you stand an army incident?

If not you needn't read any further down this column, for here follows one by Maj. E. H. Ropes of the Third New Jersey, concerning Gen. Webb and his famous fighting brigade:

It was at Gettysburg. I was an artillerist, and it so happened that when that heroic charge was made by Longstreet's divisions, and those splendid lines of gallant southerners came sweeping grandly across that field up into the very teeth of our guns, the time came when we must cease firing, for our own men were so closely engaged with the confederates that they would receive as much damage from our fire as the enemy would.

During this interval I had what a soldier in battle rarely has, leisure to watch. On a little knoll just to our right stood Webb's brigade of the old Second corps. In their front the brave Kemper was hurling down his brigade of Virginians upon them. Forward and backward went that thin and constantly thinning line of brave boys, the officers rushing up and down behind the decimated ranks, waving their swords and cheering on the men. Toward the left of the line stood two color sergeants bearing the only colors visible, and these they waved slowly to and fro in that leaden storm in the face of the opposing host. The battle smoke hung like a thick cloud above and in front of those brave men; the deafening roar of battle, the lurid line of fire dimmed by the thickening smoke, the hoarse shouts of the brave men on either side who struggled madly for victory, the roar of shell and whistle of bullet swerved not those heroic men from their perilous duty—the fate of a nation hung upon their bayonets and they knew it, and every man became a hero!

I stood looking upon that scene perfectly transfixed, the blood tingling through every vein, sweeping great, hot, successive waves through my frame, and a thrilling through every nerve such as you and I have felt when reading of some grand, heroic deed of ages past and gone. Suddenly an officer breaks from the line, hatless, coatless, pale, leaning heavily on his sword, limping rapidly toward where I stood. A great shell-rent at his right hip was letting the rich blood in streams down his leg. He was evidently seeking help to reach the hospital? Not he! When near enough to be heard above the roar, he demanded: "Who is the commander of this battery?" I pointed to Maj. Fitzhugh, commanding the artillery brigade, to whom he rushed and besought him for God's sake to send a section of guns to the support of his men, he could not hold them against that fierce onslaught 10 minutes longer.

Two guns dashed at a gallop toward Webb's enfeebled ranks; they broke way right and left with a cheer, and our canister tore great gaps in Kemper's lines. He fell wounded. But now come on Armistead and Garnett with their brigades, and again the odds are with the southerners. Would our brave boys be forced to give way? Would the army be cut in two at that point? The sight grew maddening! Oh, somebody give the right order now, if ever! The fate of the army—of Washington—of the country—hangs upon a thread! Is there no help?

To the right a terrible blackened line of disabled artillery, dead and dying men, and fiercely struggling lines. To the left the same. But what's that? A flag comes up the hill from the rear following hard after it comes five solid columns of troops, double-quickening it under that fierce July sun. A moment more, and on the flag we make out the blue St. George's Cross of the Third division, Sixth corps—and then we knew that after the word "Gettysburg" should be written "victory!"

But the die was cast before they could fire a shot. Webb's brigade made a fight that day which the imperial guard of Bonaparte never surpassed, and which, for heroism and results, deserves to be handed down among the proudest annals of war. I say every man in that poor, weak line of Webb's was a hero that day, fit to be ranked with Coeur de Lion; and as the sun went down upon that bloody field, I registered a vow never to cease telling my countrymen how that handful of heroes fought for the dear old flag at Gettysburg. Again I have performed that vow!

And the Limelight Hurts His Eyes.

Kuropatkin would be almost justified in pleading illness and turning his post over to an understudy.—Washington Star.

Mistaken Identity

THE STROLLER.

Before the day was over he cursed the telephone, he cursed the newspapers and incidentally he cursed the fact that his name is William Hatton and that he was born in England instead of free America. But the fact that he was born before he reached the age of discretion, and in no way was responsible for the choice of his birthplace, relieves him of all stigma in that respect. But it did not relieve him of a miserable day—all because another man of the same name was accused of bigamy.

Few people in the business section of Pittsburgh fail to recognize Billy Hatton on the street. He is an advertising man, and advertising men are always well advertised. Then Billy is one of the clever sort of fellows that everyone likes to know. Consequently he had not been in his office many moments yesterday morning before his troubles began. The morning papers had announced that Mrs. William Hatton had arrived from England and began a search for her recreant husband, in the course of which she discovered that he had taken unto himself another wife without the formality, she alleges, of legally becoming unencumbered with the first. Everybody read the story, and everybody who knows Billy was surprised—and even doubtful.

Billy was also surprised when the first person who called him up over the 'phone during the morning accused him of bigamy. But he pulled himself together in time to plead "not guilty." Then he looked over his paper a little more closely—and prepared for a day of misery. If one man thought him the William Hatton described in the paper, others were sure to.

Finally Billy ventured upon the street. Women friends who have known him for years cast a doubtful glance. He didn't attempt to stop them to explain; he knew it was no use. Men who had known him almost since boyhood insisted upon buying him a drink so that he could more easily drown his sorrow—and shame. To this faction he could explain that while he was married in 1896, it was his first and last offense, and that some other William Hatton had chosen the same year for his escapade. Then the drinks were declared to be on Billy.

"I would advise you to change your name," said one friend.

"Too late," replied Billy, "the damage is done, and it would look like a confession of guilt if I did it now. But if I had known what I was up against I would have changed it earlier. About 1896 would have been the proper time."

Altogether it was a day of tribulation for the genial and wholesouled Billy, and even when the evening papers appeared with the story that William Hatton had taken a train for Chicago, many of his friends thought he must certainly have missed the train. They never stopped to think that with the whole police force on his track he would be unable to walk Fifth avenue unmolested.

When the business day was ended Billy was happy. He could go to his home and rest in peace. And this little tale is written partially to set Billy right before the world, and partially to fill this space, where it is the daily duty of The Stroller to "make good."

The spectacular fireworks of our old friend, Mr. Pain, recalls a tale that was told in Pittsburgh many years ago upon the first appearance of that gentleman with a production of "The Last Days of Pompeii." A couple of the unlettered were standing in front of a book store in Fifth avenue and one of them, happening to glance into the window, saw a number of copies of Bulwer-Lytton's novel displayed there.

"Gee whizz!" he exclaimed, "they've been only running that show about a week, and here's a book about it already."

"Ah, that's nothing," replied his friend, "I'll bet they had the book ready to print when they started to get up the show."

As this incident was before there was a Carnegie library in every other block, let us hope that these two gentlemen are better informed by this time.

Made "Little Giant" Very Tired.

"My recollection of a visit made in company with several young Democrats, to the Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, is still fresh," remarked Col. Joseph C. Smith of Harrisburg, Pa., at the Shoreham.

"Mr. Douglas had just returned from his famous southern tour and was resting at the Burnett house in Cincinnati. I happened to be in that city, and was anxious to see the 'Little Giant,' so it pleased me greatly to be invited to go with a delegation that included several men of national fame.

"I shall never forget the wearied and depressed look Mr. Douglas had. He talked a good deal of his trip, and especially of the outbreak caused by certain rude fellows when he appeared in Montgomery, Ala. The newspapers had been full of the incident, and it was the political sensation of the hour. Mr. Douglas admitted that the conduct of some of his auditors at Montgomery had been very humiliating to him, but added that the incident had been considerably magnified in the press reports."—Washington Post.

The Word of an Expert.

Charles M. Schwab has come back from his fifth journey to Europe this year, and says that Americans have nothing to learn from the Krupp processes at Essen in the making of armor plates and in other departments of steel manufactures. Mr. Schwab is recognized as a steel expert, and this assurance of his will gratify his fellow-countrymen. While our steel companies can equal or excel the finest productions of Germany and compete with foreign nations in the markets of the world there can surely be no discouragement as to the future of Brother Jonathan's industries.—New York Tribune.

West Virginia Is All Right.

Representative Dayton of West Virginia, who has a good reputation for sound judgment as to the result of a coming election in that state, says that the Republican majority this year will be from 20,000 to 30,000. Mr. Dayton says: "The party of dollars, dumbness and doubt—the Democratic party—has not a leg to stand on in our state." That appears to be the feeling that prevails among West Virginia Republicans in general.—Philadelphia Press.

FABLES FROM THE NEWS.

The Candidate was just emerging from his Daily Bath, when a large body of Men appeared in the road.

"I must get into my Clothes," Exclaimed the Candidate as he started on a run for the House. "If this Story gets out, how can I Hope to get the Votes of the Great Unwashed?"

Which Shows that a Mud Slinging Campaign has its Advantages.

◇ ◇ ◇

When the Minister of the Great Nation in the West arrived at the Palace he discovered the Ruler of the Unspeakable astride a very High Horse.

"Our Warships are in the Offing," said the Minister, "and you do not Look Well in your Present Position. You had better Climb Down."

"I'm with you," replied the Ruler. "This is only a Hobby anyhow."

A Moment Later he was Telling the Minister how much he loved the Great Nation of the West.

REVENGE.

I'd like to be the man who puts my things in type each day.
I'd like to have him do my work—or try to, anyway!
I'd mix his rhymes and jokes all up—I'd twist his metered line—
I'd spoil a lot of it, I know, as he spoils some of mine.

I'd like to be the fellow, too, who reads proof on my stuff;
I'd like to have him writing things—I'd change them quick enough!
I'd stick in words and fix them as I think they ought to be;
I'd make him look like thirty cents, just as he does to me.

I'd like to be the editor, who lets my work go through;
I'd like to criticise his work—I'd mutilate it, too!
I'd fix it up to suit me, in the way I think is right;
I'd make his things look foolish as he does the things I write.
—Cleveland Leader.

The Death Roll

T. E. Roessle.

News of the death in Paris yesterday of T. E. Roessle, proprietor of the Arlington hotel, one of the leading Washington hostelries, was received in Washington yesterday with general regret. Under his management and that of his father to 1869 and since then under his own personal management the Arlington hotel has become a notable gathering place for prominent public men. Senator Hanna made his home there and was a warm personal friend of Mr. Roessle, who was a man of striking presence, large in figure, of erect, military carriage and whose snow white hair and military sidewhiskers always attracted the attention of newcomers to the Arlington. Senators Platt of Connecticut; Aldrich of Rhode Island; Allison of Iowa, and Spooner of Wisconsin, also made their homes at various times at the Arlington. Many eminent visitors from foreign countries have stayed at the Arlington when visiting Washington, including the Infanta of Spain, who visited the world's fair in 1893; Dom Pedro of Brazil, and Prince Pu Lun of China; the mission which represented France at the unveiling of the Rochambeau statue, and the crown prince of Siam. Mr. Roessle served on several committees on inaugural ceremonies. He owned much real estate in Washington and in New York and his fortune is estimated at about $1,000,000. He was on the staff of Levi P. Morton when governor of New York.

Joe C. Gregg.

Joe C. Gregg died Monday night in Bellevue hospital, New York, after a short illness from acute stomach trouble. He had gone to New York to assume his duties as advance agent of the "Red Feather Opera Company, and being taken ill was sent from the Hotel Vendome to the hospital. While in delirium he received a number of bruises from a fall, but an autopsy by the officials developed the real cause of death. He was 38 years of age, and for 12 years past had been in the theatrical and circus business. He is survived by his widow and mother, living in Hazlewood. The funeral will be at West Newton.

Patrick Rice.

Patrick Rice, aged 45, died yesterday at his residence, No. 1707 Penn avenue, after an illness covering a long period. Mr. Rice for 20 years resided in the Ninth ward, during which time he was employed as shipping clerk at the West Penn freight station. He had been a lifelong member of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church, and was associated with Catholic Mutual Benefit association No. 76, and division No. 4, Ancient Order of Hibernians, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Relief association. Mr. Rice is survived by his widow and seven children.

Mrs. Albert K. Williamson.

Mrs. Mary Virginia Williamson, aged 41, wife of Albert K. Williamson, paymaster of the National Tube works, McKeesport, died at her residence in Lloyd street, Edgewood, early yesterday morning. She was a member of the Presbyterian church of Edgewood. She was born in McKeesport and was a daughter of the late I. N. Coursin of that place. She is survived by her husband, her mother, three daughters, Anne, Bessie and Mildred, and two sisters, Mrs. James Ward and Miss Minnie Coursin of McKeesport.

Mother Mary Veronica.

Mother Mary Veronica, head and founder of the Sisterhood of the Divine Compassion, died at the convent of the order at White Plains, N. Y., last night. She was 64 years of age. Prior to forming the order she was a Mrs. Starr of New York.

Obituary Notes.

John J. Stotler, for many years a well-known resident of Meyersdale, Pa., died yesterday.

Mrs. Sarah Ryan, wife of William Ryan, died at New Castle, Pa., yesterday, aged 63. She was born in Ireland.

Mrs. Ella M. Rummell, wife of William J. Rummell of Youngwood, Pa., died yesterday. She was 35 years old.

Joseph Oswalt, aged 81, was found dead in bed at his home at Alliance, O., yesterday. He had lived in Alliance for over 50 years.

Thomas Newell died at the home of his nephew, A. D. Newell at Mahoningtown, Pa., aged 76, Tuesday night. He was born in Ireland.

Charles W. Kissinger, aged 32, is dead at New Castle, Pa., from lung trouble. He served in the Philippines in company F, Forty-second United States volunteers.

Mrs. Joseph Gillespie, formerly of Alliance, O., late of Washington, D. C., died Tuesday night at Amsterdam, O. Deceased was the wife of Joseph Gillespie, a well-known newspaper man.

Sir Frederic Bateman, M. D., born in 1824, died yesterday at Norwich, England. He was a member of many societies, consulting physician of the Norfolk and Norwich hospital, and author of numerous medical works.

Howard Spaulding, one of the oldest and best-known men of Williamsport, Pa., died yesterday, aged 84. He had been a railway mail agent, having been appointed by President Lincoln. He was the seventh man appointed by the martyred president after his inauguration.

Mrs. W. G. Mears of New Castle, Pa., has received word of the death of her father, Capt. Thomas Moore, aged 87, at the home of his son, Capt. William Moore at Tilmanville, O. Capt. Moore was the oldest riverman between Pittsburgh and Louisville.

Frank B. Thomas, president of the Johnstown Baking Company, president of the board of trustees of the First Baptist church and one of the most prominent merch

FRANCE LOSES GREAT STATESMAN

Death Takes Waldeck-Rousseau, Strongest Man of Nation Since Thiers and Gambetta.

STORY OF HIS USEFUL LIFE

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

PARIS, Aug. 10.—Former Premier Waldeck-Rousseau died this afternoon as the result of an operation. His death occurred at Corbeil, 18 miles from this city.

Pierre Marie Waldeck-Rousseau, the greatest man France has seen since the days of Thiers and Gambetta, was born on December 2, 1846, and made his debut in political life on April 6, 1879, when he was elected a member of the French chamber of deputies. Early in life he took up the study of law, and even if he had never entered politics he would have made a great name for himself as a most brilliant member of the French bar. He was an ideal lawyer, and while practicing practically enjoyed a monopoly of big cases.

His Arguments Unanswerable.

In contrast to most French lawyers he was never known to have lost his temper. He always pleaded his client's cause in a rather monotonous manner, but his arguments were always like blows from steam hammer—unanswerable and final. He was a caricaturist and painter in water colors surpassed by few living artists, but his works were never seen outside the narrow circle of his friends. He was an inveterate cigarette smoker, but his iron nerves were

M. Waldeck-Rousseau.

never affected by this pernicious habit.

He was repeatedly a member of the government of France, first serving in Gambetta's cabinet, as minister of the interior; under Jules Ferry he again held the same portfolio, and later he distinguished himself as prime minister, and there is no doubt that his policy saved France at the time of the Dreyfus trial. He retired from the premiership because he was in sore need of a rest, the arduous burden of the government of France having proved too much even for his strong constitution, and though he had many enemies, his resignation was acknowledged by even these to be a loss to France.

France Needed Strong Man.

When he was called upon to form a ministry the forces of disorder were rampant in the capital. The president of the republic had been the subject of a cowardly attack at the race track at Auteuil. Insubordination was rife among officers in high command in the army. Marchand, the hero of Fashoda, had just arrived at Paris and the cruiser Sfax, with Dreyfus aboard, was steaming toward the coast of France. Never since the time of the commune had France been so much in need of a strong hand to steer the ship of state safely through the maelstrom of turbulent water.

Waldeck-Rousseau immediately showed himself a man of both boldness and resource. In his cabinet were such men as the noted Socialist, Millerand and Gen. de Galliffet, who slew the communards with ruthless hand in 1871. Millerand was regarded with suspicion by the middle classes. Gallifet was held in horror and detestation by M. Millerand's political adherents. But the apparent incongruity of the combination in the cabinet proved to be its strength. When Gen. de Gallifet with iron hand stamped out the tendency of insubordination in the army, and when it was seen that M. Millerand's presence in the government simply meant the addition of an able and level-headed minister, the opinion of the cabinet changed, and it lasted unchanged for nearly three years.

His Practical Diplomacy.

The management of French affairs during these three years in which the Dreyfus affair and the Boer war kept the French people in a dangerous state of excitement, was a masterpiece of practical diplomacy, and France of today thoroughly realizes how much she owes to Waldeck-Rousseau.

During all stages of his career this great statesman was attacked by unscrupulous slanderers, nothing was left undone to blacken his reputation; he was accused of having received part of Mme. Humbert's millions; that he sold French military secrets to Germany, and other equally scandalous rumors, but he emerged stainless from them all, and future historians will undoubtedly put him down as the greatest French statesman of his time.

NEW YORK LIFE BEATS ALL.

Has Its Money Safely Invested, Does Immense Business—Can Write Insurance in Germany.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The superintendent of the insurance department reports that he has held a force of 25 examiners engaged for seven months in an examination of the affairs of the New York Life Insurance Company, John A. McCall, president. The company has no investments in stocks of any kind. Its investments, $352,000,000, are confined to state, government, municipal, railroad and other bonds, and bonds and mortgages on improved real estate. The company's statement is verified as correct in every particular.

The New York Life from the last annual report of the superintendent has the largest number of policy holders, 812,711; the largest amount of new business, $326,000,000; the most insurance in force, $1,745,000,000, and the largest premium income, $73,000,000, and total income, $88,270,000, of any regular life insurance company reporting to the state insurance department.

It was announced yesterday in New York that the New York Life had received its concession to transact business everywhere in the German empire. The New York Life is the only one of the great American life companies now authorized to do business in Germany.

Lands and Acreage.

In the states of Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana corn, cotton, truck, stock and general farm lands can be purchased very cheap along the line of the only double-track railroad in the south. Best markets in the United States. We secure lands for homeseekers or for colonies at lowest prices. For free descriptive matter and full particulars address

E. A. RICHTER,
Pass. and Land Agt., Illinois Central R. R., 617 Bessemer Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

$7.45 Niagara Falls and Return $7.45.
$8.90 Toronto, Ont., and Return $8.90.
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Ry.
Excursions every Tuesday at above rates, tickets good 15 days. Trains leave Allegheny depot, end Ninth street bridge, 9 a. m. and 10 p. m., city time.

To Make You Feel Right
(after a delightful Sunday outing up the beautiful Monongahela valley. Sidewheel steamers Columbia and Woodward leave foot of Smithfield street Sundays at 8:30 a. m., to meet down boat. Fare $1.50. Meals on boat. Fare to Morgantown and return, including meals and berth, $3. Telephone, Bell Court 2368; P. & A., Main 2215.

LARKIN STARTS MORE TROUBLE

Gives Bigelow Formal Notice He Will Not Pay Filtration Salaries.

MAYOR CALLS HIM A CRANK

Controller Larkin threw a bomb into city administration circles yesterday by giving Director Bigelow formal notice that he would not pay the salaries of employes of the filtration bureau, thus leaving the administration without any recourse except the courts. Bigelow says practically, that the controller will be taken into court. This will hardly be done, however, before September, owing to the adjournment of the courts for the summer, unless an extraordinary session is held to hear this particular case.

The controller held up the filtration payroll last week, as published in The Gazette. It was also published yesterday that the controller had paid the laborers and watchmen but had refused to pay the employes of the other bureau, including the chief engineer, Morris Knowles, whose salary is $4,000 a year. Director Bigelow and Mayor Hays fell upon this fact yesterday, claiming the controller had put himself in a predicament by paying some of the employes and refusing to pay others. Larkin explained that the mayor's clerk had come to him and told him that the laborers needed their money as their landlords were pushing them for rent.

"These men had done the work for which I paid them, but the question is, what work have the others done? None, so far as I know," said Lardin.

No Appropriation Was Made.

The controller makes the point that councils failed to make any appropriation for the filtration bureau this year, and that there is no legal authority for the payment of the expenses of the bureau out of the bond fund unless councils has appropriated this fund or a portion of it for this particular purpose. He says the appropriation for the bureau should have been made at the beginning of the year with the regular appropriations. This is a new point which the controller has not raised before and one which the administration has not been expecting.

The controller had previously indicated that his fight against the payment of salaries of the filtration bureau would be based on the assumption that the bureau was not doing any work and that none of the funds could be expended until all the bonds authorized for filtration had been sold and the money on hand in the city treasury.

Director Bigelow declared yesterday that he would consult Solicitor Rodgers about Larkin's letter and that Rodgers had told Bigelow that if Larkin held up the payroll he would take the controller into court at once. Bigelow said that Rodgers had also told him that Attorney Guthrie had advised Larkin against the course he is pursuing. This Larkin denies.

Acted on Guthrie's Advice.

"Guthrie told me that there was no law for the payment of money for the running expenses of a bureau where there was no appropriation for the same," said the controller.

Solicitor Rodgers is out of the city but a message will be sent at once to bring him back from his vacation to institute proceedings to mandamus the controller. The controller's hold-up affects 38 men and cuts off a monthly expenditure of $6,000, besides an additional monthly expenditure of $1,800 for new positions created by the ordinance just passed by councils.

Mayor Hays, as well as Director Bigelow, was deeply incensed at the controller yesterday and intimated that the administration would do everything in its power next spring to beat Larkin for re-election. "He is very narrow," said the mayor, speaking of the controller, "as shown by the number of petty bills he has held up. I understand that Larkin is counting on the indorsement of the Republicans for controller, but it is a mistake for any person to say that Larkin cannot be defeated.

Calls Larkin a Crank.

"The controller is a scold and a crank. It would be bad politics for the Republicans to indorse him, for if Larkin were re-elected he would do no more for the Republicans after being elected than he did for us after we elected him. The trouble with the controller is that he wants the credit for everything and if he cannot get the credit, he will not play. I have had more than one experience with him of this kind. The people are learning to know him and instead of making himself stronger he is getting weaker every day. I predict that he will be easily defeated next February."

Larkin says that Morris Knowles, chief engineer of the filtration bureau, is a "high flyer." "Everything he wants must be gilt-edged," said the controller. "He sent me a bill for a carriage to haul the experts around when they were here in the spring. I refused to pay the bill because the experts had agreed to pay all their own expenses out of the $5,000 which the city paid them. Another bill for carriage hire was sent me a week or so ago, and I turned it down.

Many Other Bills Held Up.

"It was $8 for a carriage to haul two policemen to the filtration plant, above Aspinwall, one morning after a robbery had been committed there. I have never found who rode in the carriage. Two detectives, who were sent out on the case came to me and told me that they had ridden on a street car. Knowles also wanted some file record books, but the books we had in stock were not good enough for him and he bought some bound in Russia leather, after I told him I would not pay for them. I held this bill up. A few days ago an employe of the filtration bureau was sent to the Westinghouse works to see some machinery and a bill of $1.20 for his expenses was turned in. I refused to pay this. They also bought a shoe polishing case for the Aspinwall plant and presented a bill of $3.30, which I refused to pay."

LOST HIS BRIDE.

Poezell Got Angry When Maier Ran Off With His Intended Wife.

Emil Poezell, a grocer of East street, Allegheny, is in the county jail, where he was sent by Alderman Armstrong of Hazelwood, on a charge of assault and battery, preferred by Louis Maier. The defendant is held in $300 bail for court. According to the testimony of Poezell, his former boarder, Maier, stole his bride.

At the death of an old friend, recently, Poezell assumed the care of the deceased man's family. He fell in love with the widow and she consented to marry him. Maier at this time was a boarder at Poezell's house. In June Poezell's bride expressed a wish to go to New Jersey with her children, to visit relatives. Poezell supplied the funds, he says, but never received any communication from the departed ones. On Monday he learned the woman and Maier were in Hazelwood and his visit there resulted in a fight.

CHANCE FOR A GOOD JOB IN OUR NEW POSSESSIONS

A civil service examination will be held in the Federal building next Wednesday for a candidate for veterinarian in the Philippine service at $1,600 a year. The applicant must be between the ages of 18 and 40, and will be examined in letter writing, veterinary anatomy and physiology, veterinary pathology, veterinary practice, experience and training.

Engineers' Convention Opens.

MONTREAL, Aug. 10.—The first session of the International Brotherhood of Engineers' annual convention opened here today with a secret meeting, during the progress of which the ladies' auxiliary also met. W. S. Stone of Cleveland, grand chief, presided. There are between 700 and 800 delegates in the city.

Mismated Pair in Justice's Court.

J. W. Edwards, colored, of New Homestead, who is married to a white woman, yesterday sued his wife for assault and battery before Justice Miller of Homestead, and the woman was held for court in $300 bail. Some time ago she sued him for suing her two children by a former husband.

DIVES MUST FIND NEW TENDERLOIN

Downtown Business Men Preparing for a Campaign Against Unpleasant Neighbors.

LARGE FUND IS BEING RAISED

Business interests are slowly but surely crowding the disorderly element off from the lower avenues, and the aid of the city officials will shortly be invoked to eliminate them from a considerable portion of the present tenderloin district. A petition has lately been circulated among substantial business men of the district above Smithfield street and lying between Water street and Fourth avenue, asking them to co-operate in an attempt to rid that part of the city of the disorderly houses. Many signatures were received, among them being those of some of the most prominent firms in the city, who have large warehouses or stores in that quarter. General interest has been aroused in the project and the men behind it are determined to push the issue to a finish this fall.

To back up their convictions a fund has been raised on which drafts can be made at any time for the expense of the work. This fund is sufficient, it is said, to make it decidedly uncomfortable for the city officials who show any disposition to slight the wishes of business interests which represent millions of dollars. No formal organization has been completed, but the leader of the movement said yesterday that a vigorous campaign would be inaugurated this fall.

Blocks the Road of Progress.

The movement is the outcome of large purchases of property made since 1900 by representative business firms who have erected big warehouses. These purchases themselves caused the razing of dozens of old shacks, which had been rented for years at fabulous prices as resorts. Dozens of similar buildings are to be seen in Water street, First, Second and Third avenues and Grant and Ross streets. It is in this quarter that some of the most disreputable resorts in the city are to be found, and the business men who have spent hundreds of thousands of dollars on buildings that are a lasting credit to the city, do not propose to have their trade injured by these notorious places next door. As one of the prime movers in the project remarked yesterday:

"The tenderloin can go elsewhere, but the wholesale interests of Pittsburg belong here, near the rivers and convenient to the railroads, and they should be given a chance to grow and expand, free from this blight upon their business."

An appeal will be made this fall to the city authorities, it is said, to have the houses rented for improper purposes closed up. Property owners will also be urged not to rent their houses for these purposes, but to improve them with buildings that, when erected, would pay nearly or quite as much revenue as the exorbitant prices now demanded from the tenants of the one and two-story shacks.

May Go to the Legislature.

If these measures fail of any good, an effort will be made to have legislation enacted by the next legislature, making more stringent the existing law forbidding property owners to rent their buildings for improper purposes, and if even these means avail, the business men propose to employ detectives and, after securing abundant testimony, proceed against the proprietors of the houses and the property owners, with a view to pushing the tenderloin out of the warehouse district. The campaign promises to be a lively one, and if the suits are brought into court, sensations by the dozen, involving many well-known property owners, may result.

At present a large portion of the buildings in the lower avenues would not pay 1 per cent on their valuation if rented for legitimate purposes. To get an average of even 4 per cent many of the old shacks are rented for from $75 to $200 a month to proprietors of disorderly houses. Reputable business firms hesitate to locate in the midst of these tumbledown buildings and values of adjacent properties are kept down as a result. The movement being inaugurated for which a thorough preparation is being made, will result, if successful, in a transformation of this part of the city and badly needed improvements in its buildings.

FIRED AND REINSTATED.

McChesney Stayed Too Long on His Vacation and Got Into Trouble.

J. H. McChesney, an inspector in the Allegheny department of charities, was dismissed yesterday morning and reinstated about an hour later. McChesney had been on a vacation and overstayed his time, it is said. This resulted in his discharge when he returned yesterday. Mayor Hays of Pittsburgh is given credit for having McChesney restored to his position.

C. D. Callio, a janitor in the department, resigned yesterday. It is said he intends to run for council next spring on the Republican ticket in the Twelfth ward. The open expression of this plan, it is said, led to friction in the department.

THREATEN DEPORTATION OF BONDSMEN OF MINERS

DENVER, COL., Aug. 10.—Information was received at the headquarters of the Western Federation of Miners that bondsmen for the men charged with crime in connection with the Victor riot of June, who have been released on bail, have been notified by a committee representing the Citizens' Alliance and Mine Owners' association that unless they withdraw from the bonds of the accused men they will be deported. All the bondsmen, except one, accordingly have called at the office of the district attorney and asked to be released of their responsibility. The request was granted in the cases of men who are in Cripple Creek and could be immediately rearrested. Several of the accused, however, have left the district and their bonds will stand until they are again taken into custody.

GEN. DAVIS LEARNS OF WIFE'S DEATH ON LANDING

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Gen. George W. Davis, governor of the Panama canal zone, who had been summoned home because of the illness of his wife, learned upon his arrival here today that Mrs. Davis was dead. Mrs. Davis had been passing the summer in the Adirondacks region. When she became seriously ill several days ago the governor was notified and he left Colon last week on the steamer Alliance. Mrs. Davis died soon after the steamer sailed.

Lost Steamship's Hull Found.

SEATTLE, WASH., Aug. 10.—The hull of the Nome steamship Discovery is lying on the inner side of Middleton island near Valdez. Advices to that effect were received in Seattle today. When the steamship Discovery went down between 25 and 40 persons met death. The vessel made her last call at Yakutat en route from Nome about the middle of November, 1903.

Preferred Death to Illness.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Despondent because he believed himself the victim of an incurable disease, William R. Manz, son of the wealthy president of the J. Manz Engineering Company, killed himself in his home here today.

Extraordinary Bargains

Men's and Women's Oxfords, this week—

25 to 50% Off

Plenty to select from—

W. M. LAIRD CO.

TWENTIETH WARD MEMBERS ANGRY

Ready to Revolt Against Administration on Account of Clark's Turn Down.

ATTACK ON TRACTION BILLS

The relations between the administration and the Twentieth ward councilmen are considerably strained, as shown yesterday by an attack made on the ordinances of the Pittsburgh Railways Company in the corporations committee. By order of the administration the ordinances granting the traction company franchises in Seventh avenue, Grant street, New Grant street and in the Morningside district were put through, but A. G. Roenigk, after a conference with the other councilmen from his ward, sought to have the ordinances amended and made a motion to have the bills referred to a sub-committee of three. His objections were that the ordinances contained no provision regarding the company paving inside the rails and one foot of the street outside of the rails, and that there was no provision for compensation. Roenigk was the only member of the committee who voted for his motion, and all three ordinances were affirmatively recommended to councils.

James W. Clark, director of charities, was present, and it was assumed by the members of the committee that Roenigk was acting as spokesman for Clark because the latter is an officer of the Hall traction syndicate, the Hall company holding charters for the downtown route covered by the ordinances.

Clark's connection with the Hall syndicate was not the only reason, however, that Roenigk opposed the ordinances. The Twentieth ward councilmen are all devoted to Clark and they have been industriously booming him for the city chairmanship of the Citizens party to succeed the late Thomas S. Bigelow. The administration recognizes Clark's power as a practical politician and has decided that he shall be kept in the background for fear that he may become too influential a factor and may gain control of the Citizens machine.

"The administration does not want Clark for city chairman because they think he may become too powerful and that he may have too much to say if he becomes chairman," said Common Councilman C. W. Helmold. "Mayor Hays will eventually be chosen chairman, but he cannot lead councilmen."

This statement portends that unless some recognition is given Clark the Twentieth ward delegation, and possibly other Citizens councilmen, may revolt against the administration and show independence, as displayed yesterday by Roenigk. Roenigk is also displeased with the administration because of the treatment of his artesian well scheme. This was Roenigk's pet hobby. To gain his support for filtration and other measures the administration put the artesian well ordinance through common council for him and then killed it in select. Maj. Hammer, the third common councilman from the Twentieth ward, is acting in conjunction with Helmold and Roenigk.

The public works committee also held a meeting yesterday afternoon and affirmatively recommended a large number of street improvement ordinances.

The public works committee approved an ordinance repealing the ordinance for the widening of Second avenue from Try street to the South Tenth street bridge, this action being taken because the board of viewers assessed the city $107,000 for the improvements, assessing the property owners $88,000. The property owners object to the improvement, claiming their assessment is too high and that more should be paid by the city.

Director Bigelow says the assessment against the city is too high and that more should have been assessed against the property owners. The city and the property owners, who are to bear the expense jointly, are, therefore, in favor of the repealing ordinance. The committee approved the ordinance directing the mayor and director of public works to advertise and sell the electric fountain in Schenley park. The city expects to sell the fountain for $800, but it cost the city $8,000.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Thousands of sickly people have been restored to health and strength by the use of the Bitters. Many of them voluntarily testify that it cured them of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Troubles or Malaria. It will cure you, too. Try it today.

DIED.

HENDERSON—On Tuesday, August 9, 1904, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Jamison, No. 423 Elizabeth street, Hazelwood, MARTIN HENDERSON, in his 70th year.

He is survived by his three daughters, Mrs. J. Huffman, of Braddock; Mrs. Toliday, of Hazelwood, and Mrs. Jamison, with whom he made his home.

Interment in the Braddock cemetery on Friday at 2 p. m. G. A. R. post of Braddock will have charge.

KEARNS—Suddenly, on Thursday, August 11, 1904, at 2 a. m., ANNIE DICKSON KEARNS, sister of Mrs. William L. Coyle, at her home, 149 Dithridge st.

Notice of funeral later.

MCNAMEE—MARY EMMA MCNAMEE, daughter of Philip and Martha McNamee, aged four months.

Funeral services will be held at the family residence, Shousetown, Pa., on Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MCDONALD—On Wednesday morning, August 10, 1904, at 5 o'clock, JOHN M'DONALD, son of Jane M. and the late Samuel McDonald, in his 25th year.

Funeral services at the family residence, No. 346 Lehigh avenue, East End, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WEIER—On Wednesday, August 10, 1904, at 2:45 a. m., JOHN WEIER, husband of Sarah Weier (nee Lighthill) in his 74th year.

Funeral from his late residence, Lighthill place, Reserve township, on Friday afternoon at 2:30. Interment private.

WILLIAMSON—At Edgewood, Pa., on Wednesday, August 10, 1904, at 3 a. m., MARY VIRGINIA, wife of Albert K. Williamson, in her 41st year.

Funeral services will be held at her late residence, No. 145 Lloyd avenue, Edgewood, on Friday, August 12, at 7:30 p. m. Interment private on Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock. [McKeesport Pa.) papers please copy.]

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

HARRY A. WRAY
Funeral Director and Embalmer
882 Sandusky Street, Allegheny, Pa.
Bell 'Phone 28 Cedar.

MOUNT ROYAL CEMETERY, Pittsburgh's newest cemetery, 22 minutes from Pittsburgh via Pittsburgh & Western R. R.; 500 feet elevation; forever free from smoke. Park Lawn Plan, with private (stone) railway station. Price of lots much less than charged in the city cemeteries. Office, 641 Wood st., 'Phone 3449 Grant.

Wrinkles
Crows Feet
Baggy Eyes
All cellular signs on the face scientifically removed and the Skin made smooth, young, and healthy. Call or write for full information free.
J. H. Woodbury D. I. 22 West 2nd Street, N.Y.

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD!
Coca-Cola
At all Soda Fountains, Groceries, Cafes and Stands.

Tekla Bread
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
TRADE MARK
FRESH EVERY DAY AT THE GROCER'S

Cleanliness is the first law of health and the first rule in the making of
Tekla Bread
After that come quality of materials and skill in baking, and the result is a loaf unequaled for satisfaction and nutrition—and *always* uniform.

THE
UNION SAVINGS BANK
FRICK BUILDING, PITTSBURGH.

"Economy comes too late when your pocketbook is empty."

Thrift Series.

The time to save is when you begin to earn—guard against extravagance—put a part of your income regularly in this strong bank and you will soon be on the high road to Prosperity.

4% INTEREST COMPOUNDED SEMI-ANNUALLY.

No. 14.

Excerpt from Dictionary of the
Reliance Life Insurance Company
JAMES H. REED, President.
PITTSBURGH.

Affluence (*n*)—An influx; as of money to the credit of one who applies a small portion of income to a Reliance Life Insurance policy.

2—Abundance of property; wealth.
An old age of elegance, affluence and ease.
—*Goldsmith.*

i. e.—The happy condition assured to those who secure Reliance Life Insurance policy before it is too late.

WRITE FOR BOOKLET A-2.

PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.
If you want a safe and profitable investment for savings, free from worry or bother, start an account in
THE BANK THAT PAYS 4%
CAPITAL $1,000,000. SURPLUS, $1,000,000.
Booklet telling how to bank by mail sent free.
FOURTH AVENUE AND WOOD STREET.

YOUR LOVED ONES
who have passed over the dark river may be honored by the erection of a handsome monument or headstone at a reasonable cost if you let us do the work. We use the finest granite money can buy, but improved labor saving machinery keeps the price down.
Beautiful booklet of designs free if you mention this paper.
DUNNING MARBLE & GRANITE CO., Pittsburg, Pa.

URLING BROS
204 Sixth St., Cor. Penn Ave.
6125 Penn Ave., Cor. Collins Ave.
See Sunday Papers for Prices.
Born Here and Established 18 Years.

MANACEA WATER
Cures Dyspepsia
GEO. K. STEVENSON
Sixth Avenue & Center and Highland
CO.
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Our Light Fixtures
aren't the result of haphazard work—It's because we take the greatest care with designs, materials, workmanship and finish that we sell more
Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures
than any other house in Western Pennsylvania.
and our prices are always right.
Reineke, Wilson Co.,
Wood and First.

DR. WARNER,
413 PENN AVE., PITTSBURGH.
Opposite Hotel Lincoln.
PILES—Rectal Diseases
Safe, Quick, Permanent Cures. No Knife—No Pain. Hours 9 a. m.—4 p. m. Special appointments made for Sundays and evenings.

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Artistic Photography.
Posing and Lighting a Specialty.
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LOW PRICES.

NATATORIUM TURKISH BATHS,
Duquesne Way, Near Sixth St. Swimming and Tub Baths. Ladies' Day, Friday. From 7 A. M. to 9 P. M.

B. & B.
medium and fine white goods

Greatest season's business ever known.

Cleaning up both wholesale and retail stock at retail.

Bought some remarkable lots of fine White Goods last week—as it was the end of the season—remarkable prices.

On sale with the big stock brought down from wholesale floor.

16,000 yards fine White Goods, 10c.

What makes them extraordinary is the quality and styles.

Fine Victoria Lawns with satin stripes—India Linons in neat broken plaid and grouped cross barred satin checks.

Perhaps what more people will be interested in—in this sale of White Goods—is the extra good revered stripe corded P. K.'s at 10c—three lengthwise P. K. cords with dainty revere stripes.

Such White Goods at such prices will go "a-flying."

Lot of superb 85c White Goods, 59c—styles especially adapted for Coat Suits.

B. & B.
OPPORTUNITY

now presents itself to women of economical tendency to save a lot of money and get a fine new dressy suit.

We have a few extra fine Voile Suits worth from $42.50 to $65.00 which we are going to dispose of to those who come first for $25.00 each.

In the lot there is one superb $85.00 Voile Suit—size 38—which we will also sell for that money.

Various shades of Tan and Grey.

Lot of $25.00 to $30.00 Jacket Suits, $15.00—nearly all sizes.

Showing several lines charming new Fall Suits for those who will be wanting the newest things—$18.50 to $45.00.

Specially pretty things for $25.00—30 to 40 inch swagger Loose Coats—full pleated Skirts—plain Cheviots, stylish Mixtures and Striped Tan Coverts.

B. & B.
HOUSE GARMENTS

Large and thorough department of this business.

Large assortments leave many odd lots and broken lines after the bulk of the season's business is over.

Going to clean these all out at once to make room for new, heavier weight fall goods—But there's plenty of time to wear these yet

Put prices on low enough to do it and do it effectively.

B. & B.

Women can and will get $2.50 and $3.00 Kimonos, Negligees and Wrappers for $1.75—Lawns and Dimities in light and dark colorings—all sizes.

$1.75 to $2.50 House Dresses and Matinee Suits, $1.25 — fresh and clean—all sizes—pretty black and white and blue and white color effects.

$1.50 to $2.00 Lawn Wrappers, 75c—nice goods but not all sizes—so they're to be cleaned out.

Showing new styles and new designs in Percale and Print Wrappers, $1.00 to $2.00 — prices you'll see advantage in at once.

B. & B.
TOILET GOODS

One of the important adjuncts to pleasure on a trip is a plentiful supply of refreshing and rejuvenating Toilet Goods.

Things to go to the Toilet Goods Department for.

Toilet Waters—Hudnut's, 75c to $1.40—Roger & Gallet's, 85c to $1.50—Colgate's, 45c to 85c—Rubigant's, $3.50—Woodworth's, 25c to 65c.

Talcum Powder—Mennen's Violet and Borated, 15c—Bradley's Woodland Violet, 15c—Colgate's Violet, 15c—Hudnut's Violet Sec and Extreme Violet, 25 and 50c—Riker's Violet, 15c—Babcock's Violet, 15c—Roger & Gallet's, 15c.

SPECIAL—Extra large box of good Talcum Powder, 10c

Battle Creek Sanitary Soap taken along greatly lessens chances of contagion and infection—helpful for skin afflictions, 10c a cake—3 for 25c.

Special lot Armour's 10c Toilet Soaps, 5c a cake—6 for 25c.

Bath Tablets, 25 to 90c a box.

Bathsweet—perfumed luxury for the bath, 18c a box.

Mum and Amolin Powder are delicate deodorants—effectually destroy all traces of the odor from perspiration.

All kinds of Mouth Washes, Tooth Powders, Sachets, Perfumes, Soaps, Tooth Brushes, etc., as low and in many cases lower than generally sold for.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allgheny.

"Follow the Flag."
Wabash
Excursion
From Pittsburgh

$12.00 To St. Louis and return, Aug. 9, 23, Sept. 6.
$15.00 To St. Louis and Return—on sale daily.
$40.00 To Denver, Colorado Springs and Return—on sale daily.
$60.50 To San Francisco, Los Angeles and other Pacific Coast points and Return—Aug. 9 to Sept. 3—liberal stop-over privileges.
$42.00 To San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle and other Pacific coast points—one way colonist tickets on sale Sept. 15 to Oct. 15.

Tickets read via Chicago or St. Louis as preferred. Through passengers routed via St. Louis and the Wabash pass directly in front of the main entrance to the World's Fair and from the car windows can see that wonderful exposition; if time will not permit of stop-over. Full information cheerfully furnished at WABASH TICKET OFFICE, 520 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

Everything is Cleaner where
20-Mule-Team Borax
is used—upstairs, downstairs.

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Jos. Fleming & Son, No. 412 Market St., Pgh.
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Crystal Pharmacy (Rosenbaum Co.)
H. J. McBride, Cor. Federal and Ohio Sts., Ally.

Trade Supplied
BY THE
George A. Kelly Co.

BEAUTY
TO look well take care of your complexion. Do not allow unsightly pimples, blackheads, tan, or freckles to blemish your skin.
Derma-Royale
will remove these like magic. Cures Eczema and Tetter. Used with DERMA-ROYALE SOAP, a perfect skin is insured.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, or may be ordered direct.
Derma-Royale, $1 per bottle, express paid.
Derma-Royale Soap, 25 Cents, by mail.
Both in one package, $1.25, express paid.
Portraits and testimonials sent on request.
THE DERMA-ROYALE CO., Cincinnati, O.

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ALTON B. PARKER ACCEPTS THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION, DECLARING THAT ONE TERM OF THE PRESIDENCY IS ENOUGH FOR HIM

Talks of Sound Money, Philippines, Labor Troubles and the Constitution.

BREAKING OF LONG SILENCE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

ESOPUS, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Alton B. Parker today received formal notification of his nomination for the presidency of the United States as the candidate of the Democratic party, and in accepting he gave public expression for the first time of his views on the issues of the campaign.

The notification was brought to him by Representative Champ Clark of Missouri, as chairman of a committee representing every state and territory in the union. Mr. Clark in a brief speech informed the candidate of his nomination, and presented to him a formal communication signed by the committee.

Standing bareheaded, during a brief lull in the rainstorm which had lasted since soon after daylight, Judge Parker accepted the nomination in a speech that evoked frequent applause.

The ceremony was held on the lawn at Rosemount, under the trees at the north of the house, and was attended by about 500 persons, the larger number of whom came from New York city with the notification committee on the steamer Sagamore. The company included many Democrats of national prominence as well as a delegation from Tammany hall.

As Judge Parker spoke his closing words the band struck up "The Star-Spangled Banner," and from the deck of the yacht Sapphire in the river below a number of bombs were fired in salute. These bursting in the air released parachutes from which were suspended the national colors. Later there were whistle salutes from the steamer Sagamore. John Pierce's yacht Sapphire and August Belmont's yacht The Scout, which brought former Senator D. B. Hill from Hyde Park. After the ceremony all crowded up eagerly to shake the candidate's hand.

Grateful for Nomination.

Judge Parker said:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee:

I have resigned the office of chief judge of the court of appeals of this state in order that I may accept the responsibility that the great convention you represent has put upon me, without possible prejudice to the court to which I had the honor to belong, or to the eminent members of the judiciary of this state, of whom I may now say as a private citizen I am justly proud.

At the very threshold of this response and before dealing with other subjects, I must, in justice to myself and to relieve any sense of gratitude, express my profound appreciation of the confidence reposed in me by the convention. After nominating me and subsequently reaching a communication declaring that I regarded the gold standard as fixed and irrevocably established, a matter concerning which I felt it incumbent upon me to make known my attitude so that hereafter no man could justly say that his support had been secured through indirection or mistake, the convention reiterated its determination that I should be the standard bearer of the party in the present contest. This mark of trust and confidence I shall ever esteem as the highest honor that could be conferred upon me—an honor that, whatever may be the fate of the campaign, the future can in no degree lessen or impair.

The admirable platform upon which the party appeals to the country for its confidence and support clearly states the principles which it seeks to have established in the inaugural address of President Jefferson, and points out with force and directness the course to be pursued through their proper application in order to insure needed reforms in both the legislative and administrative departments of the government. While unhesitating in its promise to correct abuses and to right wrongs wherever they appear or however caused; to investigate the several administrative departments of the government, the conduct of whose officials has created scandals, and to punish those who have been guilty of a breach of their trust; to oppose the granting of special privileges by which the few may profit at the expense of the many; to practice economy in the expenditure of the moneys of the people and to that end to return once more to the methods of the founders of the republic by observing in disbursing the public funds the care and caution a prudent individual observes with respect to his own; still the spirit of the platform assures conservative, instead of rash action in the protection of the innocent as well as the punishment of the guilty; the encouragement of industry, economy and thrift; the protection of property and a guarantee of the enforcement of the bench of all of man's inalienable rights, among which, as said in the Declaration of Independence, are "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." Liberty, as understood in this country, means not only the right of freedom from actual servitude, imprisonment or restraint, but the right of one to use his faculties in all lawful ways, to live and work where he will and to pursue any lawful trade or calling. These essential rights of life, liberty and property are not only guaranteed to the citizen by the Constitution of each of the several states, but the states are by the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States prohibited to deprive any person of any one of them without due process of law.

Something About the Constitution.

Occasionally, by reason of unnecessary or impatient agitation for reforms, or because the limitations placed upon the departments of government by the Constitution are disregarded by officials desiring to accomplish that which to them seems good, whether the power exists in them or not, it becomes desirable to call attention to the fact that the people, in whom all power resides, have seen fit, through the medium of the Constitution, to limit the governmental powers conferred and to distribute the departments created by it: "Thus far shalt thou go and no farther." To secure the ends sought the people have by the Constitution separated and distributed among the three departments of government the powers which it was deemed necessary to confer, and it is the duty of those administering each department so to act as to preserve, rather than to destroy, the potency of the co-ordinate branches of the government or any of the powers of those or all the powers conferred by the people.

Thomas Jefferson, in a letter to William C. Jarvis, touching the perpetuity of our institutions, written many years after he had retired to private life, said that the three powers of our government must maintain their mutual independence of each other, it may last long, but not so if either can assume the authority of the other." It must be confessed that in the course of our history instances have occurred of powers not belonging to them; statutes have been passed that were expressly forbidden by the Constitution and statutes have been set aside as unconstitutional when it was difficult to point out the provisions said to be offended against in their enactment; all this has been done with a good purpose, no doubt, but in disregard, nevertheless, of the fact that ours is a government of laws, not of men, deriving its "just powers from the consent of the governed." If we would have our government continue during the ages to come, for the benefit of those who shall succeed us, we must ever be on our guard against the danger of usurpation of that authority which resides in the whole people, whether the usurpation be by officials representing one of the three great departments of government, or by a body of men acting without a commission from the people.

Impatience of the restraints of law, as well as of its delays, is becoming more and more manifest from day to day. Within the past few years many instances have been brought to our attention, where in different parts of our beloved country supposed criminals have been seized and punished by a mob, notwithstanding the fact that the constitution of each state guarantees to every person within its jurisdiction that his life, his liberty or his property shall not be taken from him without due process of law.

Colorado Labor Troubles.

In a struggle between employers and employes, dynamite is said to have been used by the latter, resulting in the loss of life and the destruction of property. The perpetrators of this offence against the laws of God and man, and all others engaged in the conspiracy with them, should, after due trial and conviction, have had meted out to them the most rigorous punishment known to the law. This crime, added perhaps to others, led to the formation of a committee of citizens that, with the support of the military authority, deports from the state, without trial, persons suspected of belonging to the organization of which the perpetrators of the dynamite outrages were supposed to be members. In both cases the reign of law gave way to the reign of force. These illustrations present some evidence of the failure of government to protect the citizen and his property, which not only justified the action of your convention in this regard, but made it its duty to call attention to the fact that constitutional guarantees are violated whenever any citizen is denied the right to labor, to acquire and to enjoy property, or to reside where his interests or inclination may determine; and the fulfillment of the assurance to rebuke and punish all denials of these rights, whether brought about by individuals or government agencies, should be enforced by every official and supported by every citizen. The essence of good government lies in strict observance of constitutional limitations, enforcement of law and unrelenting opposition to all encroachment upon the sovereignty of the people.

The foregoing suggestions but emphasize the distinction which exists between our own and many other forms of government. It has been well said, in substance, that there are but two powers in government, one the power of the sword, sustained by the hand that wields it, and the other the power of the law, sustained by an enlightened public sentiment. The difference in these powers is the difference between a republic—such as ours, based on law and a written Constitution, supported by intelligence, virtue and patriotism—and a monarchy—sustained by force exerted by an individual, uncontrolled by laws other than those made or sanctioned by him; on representative government, and on despotism.

The present tariff law is unjust in its operation, excessive in many of its rates and so framed in particular instances as to exact inordinate profits from the people. So well understood is this to be the case that many prominent members of the Republican party, and at least two of its state conventions, have dared to voice the general sentiment on that subject. That party seems, however, to be collectively able to harmonize only upon a plank that admits that revision may from time to time be necessary, but it is so phrased that it is expected to be satisfactory to those in favor of an increase of duty to those who favor a reduction thereof, and to those opposed to any change whatever.

Would Tamper With Tariff.

Judged by the record of performance, rather than that of promise, on the part of that party in the past, it would not be safe, if the outcome, in the event of its success, would be to gratify the latter class. With absolute control of both the legislative and executive departments of the government since May 4, 1897, there has been neither reduction nor an attempt at reduction in tariff duties. It is not unreasonable to assume, in the light of that record, that the future congress of the party would not undertake a revision of the tariff downward in the event that it shall receive an indorsement of its past course on that subject by the people. It is a fact and should be frankly recognized that the Democratic party successful in the coming contest we cannot hope to secure a majority in the senate during the next four years, and hence we shall be unable to secure any modification in the tariff save that to which the Republican majority in the senate may consent. While, therefore, we are unable to give assurances of relief to the people from such excessive duties as burden them, it is due to them that we state our position to be in favor of a reasonable reduction of the tariff; that we believe it is demanded by the best interests of both manufacturer and consumer, and that a wise and beneficent revision of the tariff can be accomplished as soon as both branches of congress and an executive in favor of it are elected, without creating that sense of uncertainty and instability that has on other occasions manifested itself. This can be achieved by providing that such a reasonable period shall intervene between the date of the enactment of the statute making a revision and the date of its enforcement, as shall be deemed sufficient for the industry or business affected by such revision to adjust itself to the changes and new conditions imposed. So confident am I in the belief that the demand of the people for a reform of the tariff is just that I indulge the hope that should a Democratic house of representatives and a Democratic executive be chosen by the people, even a Republican senate may heed the warning and consent to give at least some measure of relief to the people.

The combinations, popularly called trusts, which aim to secure a monopoly of trade in the necessaries of life as well as in those things that are employed upon the farm, in the factory and in many other fields of industry, have been encouraged and stimulated by excessive tariff duties. These operate to furnish a substantial market in the necessities of 80,000,000 of people, by practically excluding competition. With so large a market and highly remunerative prices continuing long after the line of possible competition would naturally be reached, the temptation of all engaged in the same business to combine so as to prevent competition at home and a resulting reduction of prices, has proved irresistible in a number of cases. All men must agree that the net result of enacting laws that foster such inequitable conditions, is most unfortunate for the people as a whole, and it would seem as if all ought to agree that the effective remedy would be to appropriately modify the offending law. The growth of monopoly, of which complaint is justly made, cannot be laid at the doors of the courts of this country. The decisions of the supreme court of the United States the court of appeals of this state and the courts of last resort in many other states, warrant the assertion that the common law as developed affords a complete legal remedy against monopolies. The fact that they have multiplied in number and increased in power has been due, not to the failure of the courts to apply the law when properly invoked by administrative officials or private individuals, but to the failure of officials charged with the duty of enforcing the law to take the necessary procedure to procure the judgments of the courts in the appropriate jurisdiction, coupled with the fact that the legislative departments of some of our state governments, as well as congress in the manner already referred to, have, by legislation encouraged their preparation. What is needed—in addition to the passage of a statute revising the tariff duties to a reasonable basis—is not so much other and different laws, as officials having both the disposition and the courage to enforce existing law. While this is my view of the scope of the common law, it should be made to appear that it is a mistaken one, then I favor such legislation within constitutional limitations as will give the people a just and full measure of protection.

The Philippine Question.

It is difficult to understand how any citizen of the United States, much less a descendant of revolutionary stock, can tolerate the thought of permanently denying the right of self-government to the Filipinos. Can we hope to instill into the minds of our descendants reverence and devotion for a government by the people, while denying ultimately that right to the inhabitants of distant countries, whose territory we have acquired either by purchase or by force? Can we say to the Filipinos, "Your property, your liberty and your property may be taken from you without due process of law for all time," and expect we will long glory in that feature of Magna Charta, which has become incorporated, in substance and effect, in the constitution of every state, as well as into the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States? Can we hope for the respect of the civilized world, while proudly guaranteeing to every citizen of the United States no law shall be made or enforced which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, or deny to any person the equal protection of the laws, and at the same time not only deny similar rights to the inhabitants of the Philippines, but take away from them the right of trial by jury, and place their lives and the disposition of their property in the keeping of those whom we send to them to be their governors? We shall certainly run it as a nation if we make any such attempt.

Viewing the question even from the standpoint of national selfishness, there is no prospect that the twenty millions of dollars expended in the purchase of the islands and the six hundred and fifty millions said to have been since disbursed will ever come back to us. The accidents of war brought the Philippines into our possession and we are not at liberty to disregard the responsibility which thus came to us, but that responsibility will be best subserved by preparing the islanders as rapidly as possible for self-government and giving to them the assurances that it will come as soon as they are reasonably prepared for it. There need be no fear that the assertion so often made of late, that we have now become a world power, will ever be without support. Ours is a world power, and as such it must be maintained, but I deny that it is at all recently that the United States has attained that eminence. Our country became a world power over a century ago, when, by flinging thrown off foreign domination, the people established a free government, the source of whose authority sprung, and was continuously to proceed, from the will of the people themselves. It grew as a world power as its sturdy citizens, to whose natural increase were added immigrants from the old world seeking to obtain here the liberty and prosperity denied them in their own countries, spread over the face of the land, reduced the prairies and forests to cultivation, built cities, constructed highways and railroads, till now a nation which at the formation of the government numbered only 3,000,000 in population, has become 80,000,000, and from ocean to ocean and the lakes to the gulf, the country is the abode of a free and prosperous people, advanced in the highest degree in learning and arts of civilization. It is the liberty, the advancement and the prosperity of its citizens, not any career of conquest, that make the country a world power. This condition we owe to the bounty of Providence, unfolded in the great natural resources of the country, to the wisdom of our fathers manifested in the form of government established by them, to the energy, industry, manly character and law-abiding spirit of the people themselves.

Makes Some Protests.

We are not a military people, bent on conquest, or engaged in extending our domains in foreign lands, or desirous of securing natural advantages, however great, by force; but a people loving peace, not only for ourselves, but for all the nations of the earth.

The display of great military armaments may please the eye and, for the moment, excite the pride of the citizen, but it cannot bring of the country the brains, brawn and muscle of a single immigrant, nor induce the investment here of a dollar of capital. Of course such armament as may be necessary for the security of the country and the protection of the rights of its citizens, at home or abroad, must be maintained. Any other course would be not only false economy, but pusillanimous. I protest, however, against the feeling now far too prevalent, that by reason of the commanding position we have assumed in the world, we must take part in the disputes and broils of foreign countries; and that because we have grown great we should intervene in every important question that arises in other parts of the world. I also protest against the erection of any such military establishment as would be required to maintain the country in that attitude. We should confine our international activities solely to matters in which the rights of the country at large or of our citizens are directly involved. That is not a situation of isolation, but of independence.

The government of the United States was organized solely for the people of the United States. While it was contemplated that this country should become a refuge for the oppressed of every land, who might be fit to discharge the duties of our citizenship, and while we have always sympathized with the people of every nation in their struggles for self-government, the government was not created for a career of political or civilizing evangelization in foreign countries or among alien races.

The most efficient work we can do in uplifting the people of other countries is by the presentation of a happy, prosperous, self-governing nation as an ideal to be emulated, a model to be followed. The general occupation of our citizens in the arts of peace, or the absence of large military armaments, tends to limited taxation, safe pensions, physical courage, and for the truth of this I refer the young men of today to the history of the civil war. For 50 years, with the exception of the war with Mexico, this country had been at peace, with a standing army at most of less than 10,000 men. He who thinks that the nation had grown effeminate during that period should read the casualty rolls of the armies on either side at Shiloh, Antietam, Fredericksburg and Gettysburg, Chickamauga and Chickamauga. I would be the last man to pluck a single laurel from the crown of any one of the military heroes to whom this country gives honor for the splendid and almost heroic deeds proceeded infinitely more from devotion to the country than from martial spirit.

Said Too Much, Already.

As I have already proceeded at too great length, other questions suggested in the platform must await my letter of acceptance.

Mr. Chairman: In most gracely speech you have reminded me of the great responsibility, as well as the great honor of the nomination bestowed upon me. I am profoundly impressed this day. He assured that both are appreciated—so keenly appreciated that I am humbled in their presence.

I accept, gentlemen of the committee, the nomination, and if the action of the convention shall be indorsed by an election by the people, I will, God helping me, give to the discharge of the duties of that exalted office the best service of which I am capable and at the end of the term retire to private life. I shall not be a candidate for, nor shall I accept a renomination. Several reasons might be advanced for this position, but the controlling one with me is that I am fully persuaded that no incumbent of that office should ever be placed in a situation of possible temptation to consider what the effect of action taken by him in an administrative matter of great importance might have upon his political fortunes. Questions of momentous consequence to all of the people have been in the past and will be in the future presented to the president for determination, and in approaching their consideration, as well as in weighing the facts and the arguments bearing upon them, he should be unembarrassed by any possible thought of influence his decision may have upon anything whatever that may affect him personally. I make this statement, not in criticism of any of our presidents from Washington down who have either held the office for two terms or sought to succeed themselves; for strong arguments can be advanced in support of the re-election of a president. It is simply my judgment that the interests of this country are now so vast and the questions presented are frequently of such overpowering magnitude to the people that it is indispensable to the maintenance of a befitting attitude before the people, not only that the chief magistrate should be independent, but that that independence should be known of all men.

High Wind Kills a Teamster.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 10.—A severe windstorm struck the state fair grounds this afternoon while a large crowd had gathered for the harness races. James Lilewellyn, a teamster, was killed.

JOHN DALZELL GIVES HIS VIEWS ON JUDGE PARKER'S ACCEPTANCE SPEECH

Pittsburgh Congressman Points Out Glaring Defects in Democratic Candidate's Address.

EVADES IMPORTANT ISSUES

"Judge Parker's speech of acceptance is of a piece with all his previous actions. It is ingenious, evasive and in most respects colorless. He takes credit to himself for the telegram as to the gold standard with which he tricked the convention," said Congressman John Dalzell last evening in expressing his views of the political performance at Esopus yesterday, when Judge Parker was formally notified of his nomination for the presidency by the Democrats.

Mr. Dalzell found things in the speeches of Congressman Champ Clark and Judge Parker which he said were significant and amusing, and he shows these up in forceful and spicy language.

"I have just read an account of the proceedings at Esopus today," said Mr. Dalzell, "and they are both significant and amusing. My friend, Champ Clark, who made the notification speech and for whom I have a genuine admiration, is a prince of humorists, and he did not fall below what was demanded of him in that character today. Mark Twain is not in it with him, nor Mr. Dooley. The burden of it all is that he wants Judge Parker to 'guard the constitution.' Can you match that for genuine American humor?

Guarding the Constitution.

"Speaking as the representative of the great aggregation of political freaks that met at St. Louis and called themselves a Democratic convention, he wants Judge Parker 'to guard the constitution.' Indeed! The Jefferson Democrats so-called, the Populists, the single taxers, the free coin taxers, the advocates of the millennium and all the other political freaks that gathered at St. Louis want Judge Parker 'to guard the constitution.'

"These constitution defenders agreed upon a platform. It was on a compromise basis, to wit: That whatever declarations it contained should be without reference to their effect, but should contain only such sentiments as would be potent to secure votes. Each and every man and each and every faction agreed to sink itself and agree to a platform that might win. And yet, with all their ingenuity, compromises and concessions, they finally slipped up. Hill and Belmont and Wall street wanted to give notice to all the voters that the money question was settled, and the sub-committee on resolutions agreed to so report. But Mr. Bryan said, 'No, you can't put that into a Democratic platform,' and so they did not.

Parker Put on a Patch.

"But the slick politician that he is, Hill's man Parker, undertook to patch up the platform by a telegram after he had been nominated and when he could not be unnominated. He proved himself a better politician than Bryan and John Sharp Williams and all the rest of the free-silver gang. Judge Parker has been largely advertised as a judicially-minded man, of statesmanlike caliber and not a politician, but he has shown himself to be the shrewdest politician of them all. He did a big thing. He bunkoed a Democratic convention, and the politicians not of his school are sore about it. Hear what Mr. Bryan has to say:

"'I have nothing to take back. I have nothing to withdraw of the things I said against the methods pursued to advance his candidacy. It was a plain and deliberate attempt to deceive the party. The New York platform was vague, and purposely so, because the advocates of Judge Parker were trying to secure votes from among the people who would have opposed his views had they known them. The nomination was secured, therefore, by crooked and indefensible methods.'

Great Democrat's Opinion.

"This is the judgment of the greatest living Democrat on the nomination of which my friend Clark today gave notice to Judge Parker.

"Judge Parker takes credit to himself for the telegram as to the gold standard with which he tricked the convention. He stands for the doctrines enunciated in the Declaration of Independence. He is for freedom of speech and of the press, and for man's inalienable right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, all of which, I presume, Judge Parker and the Democratic party have a monopoly of and the Republican party and the rest of mankind are opposed to. He is for the platform, but he would have it to be understood that 'the spirit of the platform assures conservatism, instead of rash action.'

"Upon the subject of trusts he seems to be of the opinion with Mr. Roosevelt, that their regulation has already been provided for by law—Republican law, by the way—and in this he differs from Mr. Cleveland and his attorney general, Mr. Olney, who justifies their neglect of the law's enforcement upon the ground that it was unconstitutional and incapable of enforcement.

"He thinks the tariff ought to be revised, but he frankly tells his party that neither his election nor that of a Democratic house of representatives, nor both together, can result in such revision, and so from his standpoint the Democratic crusade for tariff revision seems to be rather hopeless.

Knocks Down a Straw Man.

"With respect to the Philippines, he solemnly sets up a straw man for the seeming pleasure of knocking him down. He says, 'Can we hope to instill in the minds of our descendants reverence and devotion for a government by the people while denying ultimately that right to the inhabitants of distant countries whose territory we have acquired either by purchase or by force?' and all that sort of thing. Then he says 'that responsibility (for the Philippines) will be best subserved by preparing the islanders as rapidly as possible for self-government and giving to them the assurances that it will come as soon as they are reasonably prepared for it.'

"Shades of Uriah Heep! Who pretended to deny to the Philippines their ultimate independence? Is not the Republican administration preparing the islanders as rapidly as possible for self-government, and has it not made progress in so doing?

"There is one consoling thing about Judge Parker's speech of acceptance for which we should be thankful. He does not insist that his countrymen shall force on him a second term in the presidency."

ANSWERS JUDGE PARKER

Hon. John Dalzell.

CAMPAIGN OPENS IN GRANITE STATE

"Uncle Joe" Cannon Is Principal Speaker at Rally in Burlington.

DISSECTS PARKER'S TELEGRAM

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

BURLINGTON, VT., Aug. 10.—The Republican campaign was formally opened in Vermont this afternoon, with an open air rally in City Hall park, with Speaker Joseph G. Cannon of the national house of representatives, as the principal speaker. Congressman D. J. Foster of Vermont presided and the speakers, besides Mr. Cannon, were Congressmen Charles E. Littlefield of Maine and United States Senators Redfield Proctor and W. P. Dillingham of Vermont.

Speaker Cannon prefaced his address by outlining the history of the Republican party. He said that as a party it was founded not upon sentiment but upon the principles of freedom and equal rights and was ever in favor of progress. He presented exhaustive statistics tending to show a prosperous condition of business under Republican rule.

Referring to Judge Parker's telegram to the Democratic convention, announcing his position on the money question, Speaker Cannon said:

"It was Judge Parker's only chance. He sent that telegram because he was between the devil and the deep sea."

He characterized a New York newspaper as "the devil," and the Bryan wing of the Democratic party as "the deep sea."

"Judge Parker," said the speaker, "had to send that telegram to satisfy his New York friends. If he had not done so he would have offended them, whereas, on the other hand the sending of it offended the Bryan wing."

Referring to Candidates Roosevelt and Parker, Mr. Cannon said:

"Voters of the country can choose between the two men, one who has stood by the politics of the Republicans from first to last, voting with it and commending all its measures by which it has grown to greatness and power, the other who has been against the Republican system of protection, who is unsound in his views on money, and who voted for Bryan.

Speaker Cannon declared President Roosevelt to be the friend of the laboring man, and commended the president's action in inviting John Mitchell to the White House.

Congressman Littlefield devoted his time to a reply to the article written by John Sharp Williams, entitled "What Democracy Stands For." Senators Proctor and Dillingham followed in brief speeches.

LOVE FOR ICE CREAM WAS FATAL TO LUCY

Lucsy Langhorn, colored, of 101 Harriet street, Rankin, died yesterday of peritonitis brought on by eating too much ice cream at a social held in the Mt. Hope Baptist church Saturday evening. Seven colored lads decided to test her capacity for ice cream, each in turn inviting the girl to have frozen sweetness with them. None of the invitations was refused, but the girl was taken seriously ill the same night. She was about 23 years old.

School Teacher Quits to Marry.

The Duquesne school board has received the resignation of Miss Mary M. Henratty as vice principal. Miss Henratty will shortly become the bride of William Conger, who is associated in business with Burgess Fitz. Miss M. Pauline Minford has been elected to fill the vacancy. A number of teachers were transferred and the salaries of some raised. Miss Laura F. Sheldon of Westport, N. Y. was elected drawing teacher at a salary of $80 per month.

Women's $5 & $6.50 shirtwaists suits 2.50

Shirtwaist suits—made of linen, lawn, organdie or washable voile; plain tucked waists, embroidery or lace inserting trimmed or new bertha effect; newest walking or dress length skirt—in white, linen shade or colors—made to sell for $5 and $6.50, price this sale, 2.50

KAUFMANN'S
"THE BIG STORE"

Women's $18 & $21 silk shirtwaists suits 9.95

Women's silk shirtwaist suits—handsome box or knife pleated waists, trimmed with taffeta or French knots, with the new tie stock collar, new pleated skirt to match waist—made of the best quality plain taffeta or the new stripe and check silks—regular $18 and $21 suits, this sale at 9.95

Our Annual Mill and Factory Sale now in progress

Straw Hats Below cost

WE'RE determined to run no chances of having any straw hats to carry over when the season closes—and so offer the entire stock at half price and less.

all our former 50c and 75c straw hats now go at 25c

all our former $1 and $1.50 straw hats now go at 50c

all our former $1.90, $2.50 and $2.90 straw hats now 95c

all our former $3.50, $4 and $5 straw hats 1.50

Today and tomorrow are positively the last two days of the

Gusky and Sampter clothing sales

EVERY garment must be sold—no matter how great the sacrifices. The following price list will give you an idea to what extent prices have been cut. Of course, you can't appreciate the real import of the bargains until you see the goods. Gusky handled the best clothing manufactured—and the house of Sampter, too, has long been famed for the excellence of its product. We repeat today and tomorrow are the last two days of these sales.

Our entire stock of men's outing suits at ½ off

This offer embraces every outing suit in our entire stock without reservation—our own regular goods, made especially for us by the best outing suit manufacturers in the country.

Men's trousers

All Gusky's men's trousers that sold for $2, now 75c
All Gusky's men's trousers that sold for $2.50 and $3.00, now 1.00
All Gusky's men's trousers that sold for $3.50 and $4.00, now 1.48
All Gusky's men's trousers that sold for $6.00 and $7.00, now 2.48
All Gusky's men's trousers for $8, $9 and $10, now 3.48

Full dress apparel

Gusky's $10 and $12 full dress, tuxedo and Prince Albert coats and vests, 5.00
Gusky's $15 and $20 full dress, tuxedo and Prince Albert coats and vests, 7.00
Gusky's $25 to $30 full dress, tuxedo and Prince Albert coats and vests, 10.00
All cutaway coats and vests from the Gusky stock marked $12 and $15 go in this sale for 2.50

Men's suits worth up to $10 now 3.00
Men's suits worth up to $15 now 5.00
Men's suits worth up to $20 now 7.00
Men's suits worth up to $25 now 8.50
Men's suits worth up to $30 now 10.00

Winter overcoats

Gusky's $5 and $7 heavy winter overcoats, now 1.98
Gusky's $8 to $10 heavy winter overcoats, now 3.48
Gusky's $12 to $15 heavy winter overcoats, now 5.00
Gusky's $18 to $20 heavy winter overcoats, now 7.00
Gusky's $22 to $30 heavy winter overcoats, now 8.50
Gusky's $35 to $40 heavy winter overcoats, now 15.00

Men's topcoats and raincoats

All the topcoats and raincoats which Gusky sold for $12 and $15, now go at 5.00
All the topcoats and raincoats which Gusky sold for $20 and $22, now go at 8.50
All the topcoats and raincoats which Gusky sold for $28, $30 and $32, now go at 12.00
Gusky's livery coats—which sold for $18 to $25, now go at 10.00

Sporting Goods Reduced

Two-piece bathing suits—both men's and boys', odds and ends, reduced from $1 to 50c
Bathing and gymnasium suits—of fine all worsted yarn — reduced from $2 to 1.00
A lot of leather belts—which formerly sold for 25c to 50c, now reduced to 10c
Bathing shoes—white and black canvas sandals—former price 35c, now 19c
Men's all-wool jerseys—all combinations — former price $1.25, now 65c
Single baseball shirts or pants—broken from suits—worth $2 and $3, go at 1.00
Lot of fine college and outing caps—made of regulation flannels—former price 50c and 75c, reduced to 25c
Celebrated "Olive" bicycles—fitted with M. & W. guaranteed tires (the tires alone are worth $5), go at 12.50

A silk petticoat maker closed out

3,400 petticoats to us at an average price concession of 40%—Sale starts today

THE maker had too much capital tied up and came to us for quickest help. We've assorted the petticoats into four big lots, as follows:

Lot 1.	Lot 2.	Lot 3.	Lot 4.
Consisting of all the $5 and $6 petticoats — choice	Consisting of all the $8.50 to $11 petticoats — choice	Consisting of all the $12 to $16.50 petticoats — choice	Consisting of all the $18 to $25 petticoats — choice
3.50	6.50	9.00	15.00

These petticoats are made of best quality taffeta silk, trimmed with ruffles, ruchings, accordion pleated flounces, tucking, Van Dyke effects, ribbons and laces. They come in black and the most desirable shades, as well as changeable effects, plaids, etc.—every petticoat properly cut with fitted tops and neatly gored.

It's certainly an extraordinary

Umbrella sale

THE bargains are unbelievably great—and that's not deviating from fact one iota. There are umbrellas in the lot worth $10—yes, and some even worth more. But the majority of them range in value from $3 to $6. They're the samples of that good old umbrella house, FOLLMER CLOGG & CO.—and such a style-range of handles you never before saw. There are gold, silver, gun-metal and ivory combinations in addition to many hand-carved Austrian novelties, and many sterling trimmed natural woods. Men's and women's, of course—the men's in 28 in. size, the women's in 26 in. size. The coverings are of pure French silks and plain and taped edged union taffeta. They go at two prices—

Those worth $2.50, $3 and $3.50 are selling for 1.45
Those worth $5, $6, $7 and $8 are selling for 1.95

Many people are buying them by the half dozen. Many are anticipating Christmas giving—they're certainly foresighted—for what is more appreciable for a birthday or Xmas gift than an umbrella?

Several fortunate purchases of

Curtains and draperies

enable us to lower prices 30 to 50%

DON'T you think it'd be wise to anticipate your fall needs a few weeks and share in such bargains as these?

Pretty Nottinghams, Scotch Guipure and net, cable or wire net and fine madras weave curtains, all well made and finished—priced as follows:

$1.50 curtains at 98c
$2.50 curtains at 1.50
$4.00 curtains at 2.45
$6.00 curtains at 3.98

Handsome Irish point, swiss tambour, Brussels, Arabian, Cluny and novelty net curtains of every style and description, both hand made and machine embroidered—priced as follows:

$5.00 curtains at 2.75
$7.50 curtains at 4.98
$10.00 curtains at 6.50
$15.00 curtains at 7.50

Dainty ruffled swiss and net curtains, with full deep ruffles, exceptionally pretty bedroom curtains—priced as follows:

75c curtains at 43c
$1.00 curtains at 65c
$1.50 curtains at 89c
$2.50 curtains at 1.35

Splendid portier bargain—a big line of regular $4 and $5 tapestry, ottoman and basket weave portiers, in plain, two-tone and combination colors—go in this sale at, per pair, 2.39

Curtain swisses and nets—plain, figured and ruffled; white, ecru or colored, thousands of yards in numerous styles—worth up to 25c yd., this sale 9c

White curtain loops—regularly 6c and 8c pair, special today at, pair, 2½c

Sale of the famous

Stransky kitchen ware

at less than half usual prices

EVERY housewife who is acquainted with the high merits of Stransky's blue and white enamel ware will see the advisability of stocking up her kitchen while prices are down so low. But they must act quickly, we only have about enough to last today.

Here's a partial list of the offers:

	Regular price	Our price
Stransky's 8 qt. cooking pots	$1.45	65c
Stransky's 8 qt. coffee boilers	2.35	98c
Stransky's 6 qt. cooking pots	1.25	59c
Stransky's 4 qt. cooking pots	1.05	49c
Stransky's preserving kettles	50c	22c
Stransky's milk buckets	60c	25c
Stransky's flower vases	1.00	25c
Fruit or vegetable strainers	35c	15c

Special in the new housegoods annex department, on the fifth floor:

All refrigerators
All porch and lawn swings
All go-carts
All gas and oil stoves
All gas and coal ranges
} At 20% off

Today is your last chance to take advantage of this 20% discount offer.

MR. DOOLEY
on "THE POLITICAL PROSPECT" in
THE SUNDAY GAZETTE

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 11, 1904.—PAGES 7 TO 12.

JOHN MITCHELL
on "WORKINGMEN'S INSURANCE" in
THE SUNDAY GAZETTE

PITTSBURGH TAKES THE LAST GAME OF SERIES FROM PHILADELPHIA BY 6 TO 3---OTHER SPORTS

LEEVER'S SINGLE WINS HIS GAME

Pittsburgh Pitcher Hits in Runs That Beat Phillies—Score 6 to 3.

LEACH DOES NOT PLAY

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULT.

Pittsburgh	6	Philadelphia	3
Other games postponed by rain.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	67	25	.728	St. Louis	49	47	.510
Chicago	57	36	.613	Boston	37	61	.378
Cincinnati	57	40	.588	Brooklyn	32	64	.333
Pittsburgh	54	48	.857	Philadelphia	26	68	.277

GAMES TODAY.

Pittsburgh at Boston.
Cincinnati at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 10.—By playing heady baseball and by timely batting, Pittsburgh defeated Philadelphia, 6 to 3, in the final game of the series today. Sam Leever won the game with a single in the eighth that broke the tie and gave Pittsburgh a lead of two runs.

Leever was in fine trim and made two errors which, however, did not count in the run getting. Pittsburgh presented the same batting order as on Tuesday. Tommy Leach did not play. The doctor wanted him to undergo an operation but he will not consent. Sebring, who will join the Cincinnati at New York tomorrow, spent a part of the day with his former team mates.

Harry McCormick, the first man up, beat out a hit to Lush. Beaumont advanced him to second on a pretty single to center. Cassady attempted to sacrifice and Schaff fielded the ball to Wolverton to head off McCormick. Barrett beat out a bunt, but overran the bag and was an easy out. Both Wagner and Kruger were out on flies to right and left field.

For the Phillies Titus made a hit but did not advance. In the second inning Ritchey fouled to Roth. Diehl singled to center and went to second on Smith's pass. Leever fouled out and McCormick forced Diehl at third. Although Lush cracked a two-bagger to left field he did there.

Pittsburgh earned two runs in the third inning. Beaument, by speedy sprinting, beat a grounder to Donohue. Cassady was safe on a neat bunt 10 feet in front of the plate. With the runners on first and second Wagner hit a fly ball to Roth, which he dropped. Hans was declared out by Emslie, but the runners each advanced a base. Beaumont scored on Kruger's fly to left and Ritchey sent Cassady home with a hit to left field.

The Phillies tied the run in this inning. Donohue hit to left. Suthoff's grounder bounded off Leever's glove, but Diehl headed the runner off at first. Wagner dropped Diehl's throw of Thomas's grounder. Donohue scored on Titus's fly to McCormick.

McCormick drew a pass in the fourth inning, but was out at second, overrunning the bag. Gleason reached first on Diehl's muff, which McCormick could have handled easily.

Titus robbed Beaumont of a hit in the fifth by a fine running catch. Cassady struck out, but Wagner hit to left field. He was safe at third on Wolverton's fumble but was left there as Kruger struck out.

The Phillies took the lead in their half of the inning. Roth singled to left. Ritchey captured Donohue's fly. Suthoff, after having two strikes, hit one over short and ran around to third base. He scored on Thomas's single.

Harry Smith was hit by a pitched ball in the sixth inning after Ritchey and Diehl had fouled out, and Gleason made a good running catch of Leever's fly. Lush was safe for the Phillies.

Pittsburgh tied the score in the seventh inning. McCormick hit for two bases and advanced to third on Beaumont's out. He crossed the plate on Cassady's fly to Thomas. Roth fumbled the return of the ball at the plate. The Phillies were retired in order.

The champions won the game in the eighth. Beaumont was out on a grounder to Donohue. Cassady struck out. Wagner's hit was too high for Wolverton. Kruger put him on third by a hit to right field. Wagner scored while Kruger was being run out. Ritchey fouled out and second. Lush reached third but was left there. Pittsburgh started for Boston this evening. Score:

Pittsb'gh.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Philadel.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
McCorm'k	1	1	2	3	0	Thomas m.	0	1	1	1	0
Beaum'n	0	1	2	2	0	Titus l.	0	0	2	0	0
Cassady	r.	1	0	0	0	Wolv'ton	3	0	0	2	2	0
Wagner	1.	1	2	7	2	1	McGee	r.	0	0	1	0	0
Kruger	3.	1	2	1	0	0	Gleason	2.	0	0	3	0	0
Ritchey	2.	0	1	4	2	0	Lush	1.	0	0	2	5	0	0
Diehl	c.	0	1	3	2	0	Donovan	r.	0	0	2	0	0	0
Smith	c.	0	1	0	4	3	0	Donohue	s.	1	1	2	1	0
Leever	p.	0	1	0	1	2	0	Suthoff	p.	1	1	2	1	0
								Doolin		0	0	0	0	0
Totals.	6	12	27	17	4	Totals.	3	9	27	7	0

*Batted for Suthoff in ninth.

Pittsburgh	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	1	6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3

Stolen bases—Wagner, Kruger, Smith. Two-base hits—Lush, Wagner, McCormick. Sacrifice hit—Ritchey. Double play—Diehl, Ritchey and Wagner. Struck out—By Suthoff, 4; by Leever, 4. Bases on balls—Off Suthoff, 3; Hit by pitched ball—Smith, 2. Time—1:55. Umpire—Emslie.

SEBRING TO JOIN REDS.

Former Pirate Will Go if Salary Is Satisfactory—Gossip About Players.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 10.—Jimmy Sebring will join the Cincinnati Reds as soon as he fixes up the salary question with that club. Sebring came to Philadelphia this morning and called upon Secretary Locke. He said his leg is better and that he will be able soon to play. Sebring also chatted with his former team mates.

Sebring said he had many offers from independent clubs to play, but if the salary is satisfactory at Cincinnati he preferred playing within the folds of organized ball, rather than going to a league that is not recognized.

The Chicago Americans took the lead in the pennant race yesterday and it may be the means of their falling off a shade up in the team. When the White Sox experience a run of bad luck there are persistent rumors of a big shake-up. Manager Jones is anxious to get Dooley Hoffman in the game, but if he is put into left field it will displace Callahan, who may go to second. This would send Donohue to the bench, and he is too valuable a man to be idle. There is also talk of taking Danny Green out of the game and substituting Holmes, but this plan has its serious objections. The fans want "Jiggy" Donohue taken out first and Isbell sent to the bag.

George Stone, outfielder, purchased by Washington from Milwaukee, led the American association in hitting, his mark being .412.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Aug. 10.—A game in doubt to the last was enlivened by a regular Queensberry set-to between Captain Pabst and Catcher Clark of the Montgomery team Tuesday at Memphis, as a result of criticism heaped on Pabst by Clark when Pabst allowed himself to be doubled up at first base on a line drive to right field. Bleeding noses were received by both the Pabst brothers as was half closed. Umpire Mullane allowed them to finish the game, claiming not to have witnessed the trouble. The police arrested Pabst and Clark, and Scoffel was posted for their appearance. By winning, Memphis took the lead in the Southern race.

Catcher Phil O'Neil of Cincinnati has been unconditionally released to the Louisville team of the American association. O'Neil put in most of his time on the bench this season, and on account of his lack of batting he did not come up to expectation in throwing to second base. Otherwise he is a capable young catcher and a regular player.

Eastern League Scores.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 2; Newark, 0.
Toronto—Toronto, 3; Buffalo, 11.
Montreal—Montreal, 4; Rochester, 0.
Jersey City—Providence-Jersey City, rain.

$5.00 Niagara Falls and Return $5.00
P. & L. E. Saturday, August 13.

MULLIN DISPOSES OF THE SENATORS

Detroit Field Heavy With Mud, but Playing Is Fast and Accurate.

LOSERS MAKE THE ERRORS

AMERICAN LEAGUE SCORES.

Detroit	4	Washington	1
Chicago	5	New York	1
St. Louis	8	Boston	4
Cleveland	Rain	Philadelphia	

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	59	38	.608	Cleveland	50	40	.556
New York	55	37	.598	St. Louis	36	51	.414
Boston	56	38	.596	Detroit	37	54	.407
Philadelphia	52	39	.571	Washington	21	70	.231

TODAY'S SCHEDULE.

Boston at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
New York at Chicago.
Washington at Detroit.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

DETROIT, Aug. 10.—Today's game was played on a field deep with mud on the base lines, yet the fielding of the locals was fast and accurate. Mullin pitched splendid ball, and never gave the Washingtons a chance. Score.

Detroit.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Wash'ton	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Barrett	m.	0	1	1	0	0	Stahl	1.	0	0	2	7	2	3
McIntyre	l.	1	1	1	0	0	Hill	3.	0	0	9	2	4	0
Robinson	3.	2	1	1	5	0	McCork'k	3.	0	0	2	3	3	0
Crawf'd	r.	0	2	0	0	0	Ruelsman	l.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hickm'n	l.	1	0	1	8	2	0	O'Neill	m.	0	1	4	0	0
Lowe	2.	1	1	2	2	8	0	Donovan	r.	0	0	2	0	0
Beville	c.	0	1	2	6	0	0	Cassidy	s.	0	0	1	2	0
O'Leary	s.	0	0	2	4	0	Clarke	c.	0	0	4	1	0
Mullin	p.	0	0	0	2	3	0	Towns'nd	p.	1	1	0	5	1
Totals.		4	8	27	29	0	Totals.		1	4	24	16	4

Detroit	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	*—4
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Lowe, Beville, Crawford. Stolen base—Robinson. Bases on balls—Off Mullin 2, off Townsend 5. Struck out—By Mullin 2, by Townsend 4. Double play—Stahl to McCormick. Time of game—1:40. Umpires—O'Laughlin and King. Attendance, 500.

WHITE SOX IN THE LEAD.

Get Only Two Hits, but Beat New York and Assume First Place.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—By beating New York today the Chicago American league team again went into first place in the race for the pennant. The New York pitchers held Chicago down to two singles, but the locals won, 5 to 1. Chesbro passed the first two men up, an attempted fielders' choice filled the bases, an out and Isbell's timely hit scored three runs. Errors and a long fly netted two more in the third. New York's only run resulted from Elberfeld's hit, steal and a wild throw. Attendance, 5,700. Score:

Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	New York.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Green	r.	1	1	2	0	0	0	Doherty	l.	0	1	0	0	0
Jones	m.	1	1	4	2	0	0	Keeler	r.	0	0	1	0	0
Callahan	l.	0	0	5	0	0	0	Elberfeld	s.	1	2	5	1	0
Davis	s.	2	0	1	1	2	1	Williams	2.	0	0	3	2	1
Tan'hill	3.	1	0	1	3	0	0	Ganzel	1.	0	1	8	0	0
Isbell	1.	0	1	9	1	0	0	Foltz	m.	0	0	1	0	0
Dundon	2.	0	0	0	3	0	0	Conroy	3.	0	1	0	1	1
M'Far'd	c.	0	0	4	1	0	0	McGuire	c.	0	0	7	2	0
Altrock	p.	0	1	2	2	0	0	Chesbro	p.	0	0	1	3	1
								Clarkson	p.	0	0	0	1	0
Totals.		5	2	27	11	2	Totals.		1	5	24	10	3	

Chicago	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	*—5
New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Sacrifice hit—Callahan. Stolen base—Elberfeld. Struck out—By Altrock 4, by Chesbro 5, by Clarkson 2. Bases on balls—Off Altrock 1, off Chesbro 3, off Clarkson 1. Hit with ball—Altrock. Time—1:30. Umpire—Sheridan.

St. Louis Hammers Gibson.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—St. Louis defeated Boston today. Gibson was knocked out of the box in the seventh inning, St. Louis finding him for six hits and six runs. Attendance, 2,000. Score:

St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Boston.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Burkett	l.	1	1	1	0	0	0	Selbach	l.	1	2	4	0	0
Heid'k	m.	1	1	3	0	0	0	Parent	s.	1	0	3	1	0
Moran	3.	0	0	0	4	0	0	Stahl	m.	0	1	4	0	1
Wallace	s.	0	1	1	3	3	0	Collins	3.	0	1	1	3	0
Jones	2.	1	1	1	1	3	0	Freeman	r.	1	0	0	0	0
Hynes	r.	0	3	2	1	0	0	Lachance	1.	0	2	7	1	0
Sugden	l.	1	1	3	6	0	0	Ferris	2.	0	1	1	1	0
Kahoe	c.	0	0	5	3	1	0	Criger	c.	0	1	4	0	0
Howell	p.	1	1	0	0	4	1	Gibson	p.	0	0	0	1	0
								Winter	p.	0	0	0	1	0
Totals.		8	9	27	18	2	Totals.		4	8	24	8	1	

St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	1	*—8
Boston	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2—4

Two-base hits—Collins, Hynes 2. Sacrifice hits—Criger, Sugden. Double play—Howell, Jones and Sugden. Stolen bases—LaChance. Bases on balls—Off Howell, 1; off Gibson, 3; off Winter, 1. Struck out—By Howell, 4; by Winter, 1. Hits off Gibson, 8 in 7 innings; off Winter, 1 in 1 inning. Time—1:40. Umpire—Connolly.

RAIN PREVENTS RACES.

Major Delmar Goes Against World's Trotting Record Saturday.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Rain caused the postponement of today's races at the Empire City track and the $10,000 Knickerbocker stakes for 2:14 class trotters will be run tomorrow. Among the starters are Stanley Dillon, winner of the M. and M.; Direct View, Ethel's Pride, Woodtells, Miss Gray, Sweet Marie and other great performers. A good field will compete for the $2,000 Mount Vernon stake for three-year-old pacers. There will also be three dash events, two at a mile and an eighth and one for a mile, with big fields and fast performers.

For the remainder of the week each day's program is set over a day, so that Major Delmar's attack on the world's trotting record will be held on Saturday afternoon, with six dash races.

OUT OF TOWN GAMES.

BUTLER, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The Alamedas of Butler defeated the Zelienople team at this place this afternoon, the Zelienople batters being unable to hit Pollard safely when they needed runs most. Score.

										R.	H.
Butler	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	*—9	10
Zelienople	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0—7	8

Batteries—Ogilard and Stoner; Cunningham and Baumgardner.

WOOSTER, O., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—One of the smallest games seen here in years took place this afternoon between the Eagles of Elyria and the Trolley league Giants of this city. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Wooster	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	*—2	6	2
Elyria	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1	6	1

Batteries—Lloyd and Follis; Hagner and Forber.

NEWARK, O., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The Slagle Victors of Columbus and a team from Etna, this county, played a game on neutral grounds at Idlewild park today. Gosner, for the victors, only allowed three hits. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Slagle V.	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	2	8—16	4	
Etna	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0—4	3	4

Batteries—Gosner and Baumgardner; Lines and Karsch.

FINDLAY, O., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The locals took a brace today and defeated Zanesville, 7 to 6. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Zanesville	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0—6	7	4	
Findlay	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	*—7	8	3

Batteries—Colvin and Blake; Turner and Huffing.

GROVE CITY, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The visiting ministers at the Bible school demonstrated that they can hit the baseballs as well as the sins of their flock. They were defeated, however, by Grove City business men. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Bus. Men	0	0	0	2	0	3	1	1	0	0—11	8	
Ministers	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—4	11	6

Batteries—Armstrong and Emery; McConnell and Snyder.

SALEM, O., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Salineville met defeat this afternoon by a score of 4 to 1 in a good game. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Salineville	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1	5	1	
Salem	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	*—4	10	2

Batteries—Sanders and Stevens; Schneirla, Rafferty and Reed.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The Newark team defeated the Steubenville A. C. here this afternoon in the third game of the series, in which they took all three. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	2—6			
Steubenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0	2		

Batteries—Stone and Snodgrass; Hobson and Kramer.

GREENSBURG BEATS LATROBE; WASHINGTON WHIPS M'KEESPORT

GREENSBURG, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Greensburg was outbatted and outfielded in the third of the series of games for the Y. M. C. A. championship of the county, but made a sensational finish in the ninth inning, winning 4 to 3. Driestadt was hit freely in the beginning, but steadied down and had his opponents at his mercy the last four innings. Porter caught a pretty game and the work of O'Hara, the old Greensburg star, was a feature for Latrobe. Greensburg is now in the lead in the series by one game. The score:

G'n'sburg	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Latrobe.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Brown	l.	0	0	2	0	0	Albert	2.	0	1	0	1	0
M'Elhon	2.	2	2	4	2	1	Veitch	s.	1	2	0	5	0
Bowser	s.	0	0	1	3	0	O'Hara	l.	2	1	2	6	3	1
Porter	c.	1	0	13	3	1	Smith	1.	3	1	0	0	0	0
Ramsey	m.	1	1	0	2	1	Lohr	c.	1	0	0	7	0	0
Herbert	r.	0	0	0	0	0	Dally	l-r.	1	2	1	0	0
Shirey	3.	0	1	0	1	0	Cannon	r.	0	0	1	0	0
Biggs	1.	0	1	7	1	2	Kell	m.	0	0	1	3	0	0
Driest'dt	p.	0	0	0	0	4	2	Lawson	p-l.	0	1	0	1	1
								Brechbill	p.	0	0	0	4	0
Totals.		4	5	27	16	7	Totals.		3	10	*25	14	2	

*One out when winning run was scored.

Greensburg	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	—4
Latrobe	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	—3

Stolen bases—Porter, Brown, 2; Biggs, McPherson, 2; Veitch, O'Hara, Lawson, 2; Smith, Brechbill, Albert. Double play—Porter and McPherson. Struck out—By Driestadt, 9; by Lawson, 3; by Brechbill, 3. Base on balls—Off Brechbill, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Brechbill, 3. Passed ball—Lohr, 2. Umpire—Lohr.

WASHINGTON, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—McKeesport was never in the game today with Washington, McCleary proving a complete enigma and giving but four hits. The score was 6 to 1, the Steel Works team securing their one tally in the first inning on errors by Collins and Neitzel. Washington hammered Shultz hard and ran the bases well. The teams play at McKeesport on Saturday. Score:

Wash'ton	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	M'K'p't.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Smith	r.	1	2	0	0	0	Sellars	3.	1	1	1	1	1
M'Conn'l	1	2	2	1	0	0	English	l.	0	0	1	0	0
Collins	2.	1	3	4	2	2	H. Shultz	1.	0	2	10	0	0
Comfort	m.	0	0	0	0	0	Weisser	2.	0	0	3	1	0
Welty	l.	0	1	8	0	0	J. Shultz	r.	0	1	0	0	0
King	c.	0	1	10	1	0	Murray	c.	0	0	6	1	3
Neitzel	s.	0	0	1	0	2	Price	s.	0	0	0	0	1
Fechter	s.	1	1	1	2	0	Kennedy	m.	0	0	2	1	0
M'Cleary	p.	1	0	0	4	0	W. Shultz	p.	0	0	0	3	0
Palmer	s.	0	0	1	2	0	Street	s.	0	0	1	0	0
M'Don'ld	c.	0	0	1	0	0							
Totals.		6	10	27	11	4	Totals.		1	4	24	13	5

Washington	1	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	*—6
McKeesport	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Two-base hit—McConnell. Three-base hit—Smith. First base on balls—Smith, Comfort, McCleary, 2; H. Shultz, Kennedy, 2. Sacrifice hits—McConnell, McCleary, English. Stolen bases—McConnell, Collins, Palmer, Kennedy. Struck out—Fine, English, 2; H. Shultz, Price, Kennedy, W. Shultz, 3; Comfort, 2; Welty, King, Neitzel. Passed balls—Murray, 4; McDonald, 1. Attendance—200. Umpire—Curren. Time—1:45.

DR. M. L. JOHNSON FIRST IN THE UNIONTOWN RACE

L. L. Crawford Is Second With His Auto, from Uniontown to the Summit, Six Miles.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Not much speed was made in the automobile race today from Morgantown and Fayette street, Uniontown, to the summit on the National pike, six miles. There were eight entries and Dr. M. L. Johnson, Uniontown, came in first, in 44½ minutes, his handicap being 25 minutes.

The others came in in the following order: L. L. Crawford, Uniontown, 36 minutes, 25 seconds, with 12 minutes' handicap; C. H. Gorley, Uniontown, 36 minutes, 35 seconds, with 12 minutes' handicap; T. C. Moore, Dawson, Pa., 31 minutes, scratch; J. R. Thompson, Uniontown, 34 minutes, scratch; F. T. Evans, Connellsville, 40 minutes, 5 seconds, with 3 minutes' handicap; George F. Titlow, Uniontown, 56 minutes, 20 seconds, scratch; Andrew E. Cooper, Uniontown, 1 hour, 32 minutes.

The machines of Cooper and Titlow were delayed by mishaps. On the day preceding the race A. P. Cooper made the distance in his machine in 21 minutes.

WASHINGTON AT HOMESTEAD.

Walter Granger of Trinity May Pitch for the Steel Workers.

Jim Brownlee's Washington independent team is scheduled to play Homestead L. A. C. this afternoon at Steel Works park. Manager Risher will probably pitch "Soldier" Mullin this afternoon. The game with Johnstown yesterday did not take place on account of the rain.

Pitcher Upp has joined the Warren team, and in a few days Risher and Breen will arrange a series of games for their respective clubs. Risher is the reliable pitcher. Fay, the Georgetown man, has not yet been signed. Walter Grange, the former Shadyside captain, who did fine work the past two years at Trinity college, is home and may pitch for Homestead.

NOTES OF THE AMATEURS

The Standard A. C. defeated the Elmira Jrs. 9 to 0.

All Colonial players are to report for practice this evening at 6:45 sharp.

The Oakmont Midgets will play the Oakmont Grays tonight on the latters' grounds.

The Belmont A. C. will play the Mt. Oliver A. C. on their grounds Saturday.

The Acorns want games. Address Jesse A. Cullison, 138 Erin street, Pittsburgh.

The Greenwood A. C. has Saturday open. Call up 9611-R. Brady and ask for Miller.

On Friday evening at McKnights park the Enterprise and the Greenwood Juniors teams will meet.

The Pitts Lyceum is without a game for Saturday. Address George Geissinger, care of Pitts Lyceum.

The Magee players are to report at Twelfth and Sarah streets this evening at 5:45 to play the Wilkins.

The Hillsides of Allegheny and the National Transit teams meet this evening on the W. U. P. grounds.

The Miller A. C. is out for the 8 to 9-year-old championship. Address T. Miller, 5101 Keystone street, city.

The Naturals of Allegheny meet the Pittsburgh Lyceum at Washington park this evening at 6 p. m. sharp.

The Ben Venue A. C. has Saturday open. Address Harry Warburton, 518 Cedar street, Allegheny, or Pittsburgh.

The Woodlakes challenge all 12 or 13-year-old teams for Saturday. Leo Wilson, 112 E. Pearl street, Allegheny.

The Glenwood Sluggers claim the 8 to 10-year-old championship. Address Lutie Boone, 234 Renova street, Glenwood.

The Curry A. C. claims the 12 to 13-year-old championship. Address J. R. Nicklin, 398 Thirty-third street, city.

The M. J. Brown and Manchester teams will meet this evening at the Colosseum in an Allegheny amateur league game.

The Moon Run A. C. would like to hear from some good 18-year-old team for any Saturday. Address James Harper, Moon Run.

The Ashfords will play a double-header with the Chamberlain A. C. Saturday. All Ashford players must report at 1 p. m. sharp.

The Clipper A. C. of Lawrenceville wants a game for Friday evening. Address Ed. Tauxman, 2040 Penn Avenue, city.

Any good players wishing to join a strong 8 and 9-year-old team address Nicholas Barnum, 521 Second street, Allegheny.

The Beechwood Volunteers have Saturday for any 10 to 17-year-old team. Address James Sykes, 1708 Beechwood Boulevard, Avenues.

The Lincoln of East End will play at Brackenridge Saturday. Bowers and Stephens will form the battery for the East Enders.

The Colonials challenge any 11 or 12-year-old uniformed team. Address Albert Goode, 5305 Duncan street, Pittsburgh.

The Beaver A. C. will play at Ben Avon Saturday and all Beaver players are to report at Ft. Wayne station, Federal street, at 2:30 p. m.

Harbison-Walker wants a game for this evening with any 15-class team, having grounds. Call C. T. Jackson, Bell phone 982 Grant.

The J. M. Welsts are without a game for Saturday. Any 18 or 20-year-old teams address William Smith, 170 Forty-second street, city.

The Amateurs are without a game for Saturday, and any strong 17 or 18-year-old team address Fred G. Byers, No. 2529 Mahon avenue, city.

The Newman club wants a game at home for Saturday. Address manager, Newman club, Kelly street, corner Lang avenue, or 'phone 1956 Grant.

At a meeting of the Signal club E. A. Diemer was elected manager. The Signals are without a game for Saturday. Address E. A. Diemer, Swissvale.

The Lawrenceville Reserves have Saturday open for some fast out-of-town team in the 15-year-old class. Address Ray Clark, 315 Forty-sixth street, Pittsburgh.

The Bellevue Y. M. C. A defeated the Ramblers, 11 to 5. The Y. M. C. A. would like to hear from all 12 to 13-year-old teams. Address P. Yoland, Y. M. C. A., Bellevue.

The Bellevue Y. M. C. A. defeated the Ramblers 11 to 5. The Y. M. C. A. would like to hear from all 12 or 13-year-old teams. Address P. Yoland, Y. M. C. A., Bellevue.

Brushton A. C. will play the B. L. and C. team this evening at Brushton and Saturday the Electric club of Wilkinsburg will be the attraction. Wills and Nos will do the pitching in these games.

CHARLIE M'CLOSKEY,
Captain of the Homestead L. A. C., Who Had the Longest Hit of the Year Tuesday at Steel Works Park.

MADDEN'S SIGLIGHT, 30 TO 1, GETS GRAND UNION HOTEL

Long Shot Takes Stake from Jack Lory Just When He Looked Like a Winner.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 10.—John E. Madden's Siglight, a 30-to-1 shot, captured today's stake event, the Grand Union Hotel, worth $8,500 to the winner. Just when Jack Lory, the maker of the pace, appeared to have won the race Siglight headed him out. Summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs: Collector Jessup, 108, O'Neil, 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, won; Shot Gun, 128, Hildebrand, 3 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; Louisana, 92, W. Daly, 100 to 1 and 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:13 2-5.

Second race, steeplechase handicap, short course: Grandpa, 145, Mr. Holland, 1 to 2 and 7 to 10, won; Cockrobin, 147, Mr. Baker, 1 to 2 and even, second; *Harkforward, 148, Mr. Clarke, 1 to 2 and 7 to 5, third. Time, 4:12. *Coupled in straight betting only.

Third race, 1 mile: Greencrest, 103, J. Martin, even and 2 to 5, won; Kickshaw, 108, O'Neil, 6 to 1 and 5 to 2, second; Canteen, 100, Walsh, 6 to 1 and 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:40 2-5.

Fourth race, Grand Union hotel stakes, 6 furlongs: Siglight, 110, H. Phillips, 30 to 1 and 8 to 1, won; Jack Lory, 117, Odom, 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; *Cairngorm, 117, O'Neil, 11 to 10 and 2 to 5, third. Time, 1:18. *Jonquil ran.

Fifth race, 1 mile and three-sixteenths: Caughnawaga, 119, Odom, even and 2 to 5, won; Claude, 112, J. Daly, 14 to 5 and 7 to 10, second; Daisman, 108, J. Martin, 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, third. Time, 2:00 1-5.

Sixth race, 5½ furlongs: Dreamer, 107, Hildebrand, 4 to 5 and out, won; *Artful, 107, Shaw, 4 to 5 and out; second; Katie Caffrey, 107, C. Kelly, 8 to 1 and 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:08.

*Coupled.

SIXTH REGIMENT WINS.

Takes First Brigade Miller Trophy—Second Cavalry Captures the Cavalry Prize.

MT. GRETNA, PA., Aug. 10.—The Sixth regiment was today declared the winner of the First Brigade Miller

NEWS OF THE NEARBY TOWNS AND COUNTRY

M'KEES ROCKS MAN IS PRESIDENT OF FIREMEN

Other Officers and Committees Selected at Connellsville--Carnival Manager is Arrested.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., Aug. 10.—The eleventh annual convention of the Western Pennsylvania Firemen's association closed this afternoon with the election of the following officers: President, Charles F. Engle, McKees Rocks; first vice president, George S. Wier, Sharpsburg; second vice president, Elijah Katz, Jeannette; third vice president, G. W. Deeds, Ligonier; secretary, W. H. Sharah, Braddock; treasurer, James H. Steele, Wilkinsburg; delegates to state convention, John R. Musser, Barnesboro; alternate, M. A. Coyne, Connellsville. A silver water set was presented to the retiring president, John R. Musser, and a silver bread tray to his wife by the delegates. The following committees were appointed: Executive committee, Michael Kelly, Scottdale; E. J. Parry, Greensburg; C. A. Sheets, Braddock; E. W. Blackburn, Latrobe; W. A. Keseker, Homestead; W. J. Rosenborough, McKeesport; Thomas J. McGillick, Blairsville. Law, B. F. Hough, Wilmerding; J. R. Musser, Barnesboro; Edward Shannon, McKees Rocks. Financial and transportation, William Kirkwood, Donora; J. S. Elliott, Charleroi; John Donahue, Braddock. Topic, Fire in Wood, Barnesboro; S. G. East, Bellevue; J. W. Huber, North Braddock. Committee on racing rules, F. F. Burkhardt, McKees Rocks; Joseph Rockhemer, Uniontown; Thomas Boone, Turtle Creek. Exhibit, B. C. Hyle, Franklin City; John F. Williams, Uniontown; M. A. Coyne, Connellsville; George Tromlick, Wilkinsburg; F. Stevens, Braddock; George Brady, McKees Rocks. Printing, Thomas A. Dixon, Homestead; J. T. Torrence, New Haven; John Howard, Beaver Falls. Advertising committee, S. L. Ramsay, McKees Rocks; William Kirkwood, Donora; L. Allenhoff, Donora; M. A. Coyne, Connellsville, and John F. Beer, Kittanning.

A large portion of the last session of the convention today was given over to the discussion of the foreign insurance fees paid to the boroughs of the commonwealth, a portion of which is to be set aside for the relief of injured firemen. The matter was finally referred to the law committee, with instructions to seek legislation and have the moneys paid over to the fire companies. Tomorrow the parade occurs. It is expected that 5,000 firemen will be in line and a number of the companies are making extra efforts in order to win the prizes offered for the best company in the procession. Friday the races and athletic events will be held. The entries this year are especially large and some exciting events are expected.

WARREN, PA., Aug. 10.—A sensation was sprung here today when W. C. Parker, formerly of Pittsburgh, managing the firemen's carnival this week, was arrested upon complaint of F. R. Scott, manager of the Library theater, charging him with larceny. It is alleged by Scott that Parker assumed the right to dispose of space on the public street and ordered employes of Scott's who were selling confetti, to leave the thoroughfares. The agents refused to leave and Parker confiscated a large quantity of their stock. He was arrested and held under $200 bail for the September term of court.

Rain marred the third day of the convention and carnival, but thousands of visitors are in the city and the varied program was successfully carried out. An effort to operate wheels of fortune and other gambling devices are being checked by the police, led by District Attorney Clark. The firemen's parade, the big event of the week, will occur tomorrow.

CHARLES F. ENGLE,

Of McKees Rocks, Elected President of the Western Pennsylvania Firemen's Association.

TAKING THE BIBLE COURSE.

A Number of Persons From Pittsburgh and Vicinity Are Attending School.

Rev. Black Preaches.

GROVE CITY, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Aside from the regular course work of the instructors at the Grove City Bible school the principal feature today was the lecture of the Rev. Dr. Francis L. Patton, president of Princeton seminary, who spoke upon "The Seat of Authority in Religion." The Rev. Forrest E. Dager, D. D., of Philadelphia, also spoke. The evening sermon was by the Rev. Hugh Black of Edinburgh, Scotland, upon "The Samaritan Woman."

A large numer of students are present from Allegheny county, among them the Rev. Dr. S. A. Hunter, the Rev. R. M. Russell, Mrs. G. L. Holliday, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Pew, the Rev. A. McCutcheland, Mrs. E. P. Wills, the Rev. I. S. Stewart, the Rev. P. W. Snyder, the Rev. J. H. Snowden, Mrs. L. L. Burcher, and the Rev. W. L. McClure of Pittsburgh; the Rev. R. Jamison of Oakdale; the Rev. D. A. Greene, Miss E. C. Wieckersham, the Rev. H. L. Allen, the Rev. R. J. George, the Rev. Dr. D. H. McMillan and the Rev. W. J. Coleman of Allegheny; the Rev. W. F. Plummer of Glenshaw, the Rev. W. G. White of Donora, Miss V. Patterson of Idlewood, and the Rev. D. D. Dodds of Irwin.

Preacher Accidentally Kills Another.

POMEROY, O., Aug. 10.—The Rev. Olaus Gilliian was accidentally and fatally shot today by the Rev. Mr. Newsome. These two ministers have charges in Ohioville, Pa., and were spending their vacation with the father of the Rev. Mr. Gilliian, in this county. The tragedy occurred while they were shooting at a target.

Pittsburgh Capitalists Interested.

SHARON, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Pittsburgh capitalists will erect a railroad spike factory at South Sharon. They have practically closed a deal for a location south of the steel works. It is to be one of the largest plants of the kind in the country.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following licenses were issued yesterday:

Robert Mercy	Pittsburgh
Ada Burel	Pittsburgh
Frank Drobney	Lamont, Ill
Edna V. Short	Allegheny
Frank J. McNamee	McKeesport
Annie Escow	Pittsburgh
Edward Abend	Allegheny
Dora C. Dolle	Allegheny
Charles M. Fassler	Export
Martha Reich	Noblestown
Jacob Miller	Pittsburgh
Minnie Ostrosky	Pittsburgh
Herman Rosell	Bellevue
Martha Ann Ellis	Bellevue
Orville H. Moyer	Pittsburgh
Henrietta M. Harding	Pittsburgh
Samuel Cohen	Pittsburgh
Jennie Krieger	Pittsburgh
Ferdinand C. Marsch	Allegheny
Magdalen M. Hickel	Allegheny
Mary M. Black	Gill Hall
Hall Curry	Gill Hall
Clement H. Llewell	Pittsburgh
Anna B. McElhaney	Pittsburgh
Joseph Timmins	Pittsburgh
Kate A. Killmeyer	Elliott
Paul Daniels	Braddock
Susie Adam	Braddock
Howard A. Morrison	Allegheny
Emily Burry	Allegheny
Roland Graefis	Braddock
Matilde Anderson	California
Charles E. Carter	Greeley, Colo
Annath Tucker	Tarentum
Morris S. Weiss	McKeesport
Lena Harnstein	McKeesport
John B. Thompson	Springdale
Lottie Barnsley	Springdale
William M. Morris	Pittsburgh
Anna S. Cutler	Allegheny

Reduced Rates to Boston Account National Encampment G. A. R.

Pennsylvania railroad announces sale of excursion tickets from Pittsburgh to Boston and return, on August 12, 13, 14 and 15, at rate of $18.25 round trip, good until August 20, which, if deposited with joint agent at Boston and fee of 50 cents paid, will be extended until September 30. Tickets will be good to stop-off at New York and Philadelphia on return trip.

GREGORY ALLEGES BREWERS HAD TAX BILL AMENDED

West Virginia Senate Asks House for a Conference—Reassessment Measure Is Changed.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Aug. 10.—Delegate Gregory, Republican, of Tyler county, exploded a bomb in the house session this morning when the license tax bill with the senate amendment placing a license tax of from $600 to $6,000 on distillers, brewers and wholesale liquor dealers came up for concurrence. The amendment is a blow at outside brewery intefests, imposing a graduated license tax the maximum figures being for breweries with 100,000 barrels capacity. Its passage in the senate was bitterly fought. Its opponents objected to the capacity classification and favored a flat tax of six cents per barrel. Mr. Gregory charged that the Schmulbach and Reymann brewery interests at Wheeling had been interested in securing the senate amendment. Judge Reynolds' motion that the house refuse to concur in the amendments and that a conference committee be asked for was opposed by Mr. Gregory. The motion, however, prevailed and Delegates Reynolds, Caldwell and Morton were appointed on the conference committee for the house, the senate naming Senators Caldwell, Harner and Robinson. Senator Harner fought the amendments yesterday when the measure was being considered in the senate. The others on the conference committee favor them.

The senate today refused to pass the bills relating to state institutions which requires counties to support the inmates sent from them instead of the expense of their maintenance being borne by the state as at present.

An amendment was made to the pending reassessment bill today by the house the object of which is to require coal oil and gas property, up which there is a production, to be assessed for taxation. Every effort is being made to rush business so adjournment may be taken this week.

FERGUSON'S COMPANION DIES.

Charles L. Martin Expires of Injuries Received When the Contractor Was Killed.

WASHINGTON, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The death of Charles L. Martin in Cincinnati recalls the murder of Contractor Samuel T. Ferguson at West Middletown about a year ago. Mr. Martin, who was riding in the buggy with Ferguson when the dynamite explosion occurred that killed the latter, was thrown out and seriously injured, his right arm and left leg being fractured, besides which he sustained serious bruises and internal injuries.

He had been a cripple since the explosion, and his death yesterday was directly due to the wounds received at West Middletown. He died at his home in Cincinnati, and is survived by his wife.

Admits Killing Lawyer Worthington.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—After a search lasting almost three years William Dickson, colored, is in jail here on a charge of murdering Lawyer Worthington in Plain Grove township, this county, in August, 1901. He was captured in Cleveland on Saturday and brought here last night. When arraigned before Alderman Williams, Dickson admitted the killing of Worthington, but claimed it was done in self-defense. He will be held without bail for the September term of court.

JOHN MITCHELL PRESIDES.

Conveys Thanks for the Reception Given American Representatives by the International Miners' Congress.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, presided over the meetings of the International Miners' congress today. He conveyed to the congress the thanks of the workers of America for the sympathetic reception which the representatives of the new world have received.

The day was devoted to the discussion of maladies peculiar to workingmen, and a resolution was unanimously passed that legal measures be taken to arrest and combat the spread of the evil known as ankylostorliadis.

FEAR WOUNDED MAN WILL HAVE BLOOD POISONING

Condition of Constable Washabaugh Serious—Men Who Shot Him Evade Capture.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

GREENSBURG, PA., Aug. 10.—After a night and a day spent about nearby mining towns, the posse of officers in pursuit of the two Italians who murderously attacked Constable Thomas Washabaugh late yesterday afternoon, returned to Greensburg tonight. The hunt for the fugitives has been given up, but the police officials of all towns in this vicinity have telegraphed descriptions of the men. Several times during the night Chief of Police A. K. Hutchinson was on the trail of the fugitives, but it is believed that they were harbored by friends. They were seen in the vicinity of Donohoe, early in the evening. It is presumed that they have reached Loyalhanna, their former home. Guiseppi Carlo, the man wounded by Constable Washabaugh, refuses to divulge the names of his accomplices. Twice during the day he was near death, but revived through the administration of stimulants. An interpreter has been in his cell since his arrest, but he persisted, during his periods of consciousness, in saying that the two men who escaped are strangers to him.

Constable Washabaugh's condition is serious tonight and his physicians fear blood poisoning will develop. This morning $200 worth of merchandise, consigned to Westmoreland county merchants was found in the thicket in which the shooting occurred. The police officials believe that the men who attacked Washabaugh are responsible for the many robberies of freight trains at the southwest railroad junctions at Greensburg, Youngwood and Scottdale.

CANDIDATE DAVIS VISITED.

Philadelphia and Baltimore Business Men, Touring the Wabash Railroad, Call at Graceland.

ELKINS, W. VA., Aug. 10.—Candidate Henry G. Davis returned to his home here today from Mountain Lake Park. This afternoon a party of Philadelphia and Baltimore business men, who are on a tour of inspection of the Wabash railroad, called at Graceland and were received cordially by the vice presidential candidate. He spent the afternoon quietly at home and said he would devote the remainder of the week to the preparation of his speech of acceptance. He did not see the speech of Judge Parker at Esopus until late this evening. He said he did not care to make comment upon it until he had read it carefully.

Senator Davis will remain at Graceland until within a day or two of the date set for his notification at the White Sulphur Springs on the 17th inst.

Big Gasser In New Field.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—A gas well producing 5,000,000 feet daily was struck on Turkey Creek, 20 miles southeast of here today. It is one of the greatest gassers of the state. The drill was down less than 900 feet when the crust was penetrated and part of the rigging torn away. General James Holley, Joseph and William Chilton, of Charleston, and H. A. Corbley, of this city, are the stockholders. The strike was in a new field, there being not another well within 10 miles.

Men at Axle Works Strike.

MONONGAHELA, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Foreign employes in the spring department of the Liggett Spring and Axle works at Axleton, went out on a strike this morning, demanding higher wages. An endeavor was made to get the other departments out by force, but it was unsuccessful. This afternoon the men returned, but it is feared only to disaffect the other men. Trouble is expected before a settlement is made.

Want a New Borough.

Preliminary steps are being taken toward the formation of a new borough out of a portion of Chartiers township. The proposed new municipality is to adjoin McKees Rocks, Sheraden, Ingram and Kennedy township. It is the intention to incorporate in it a portion of Chartiers City, the citizens of which place recently inaugurating a movement toward seceding from Sheraden borough.

A DAINTY BIT OF FEMININITY WHO WAS ALL IN WHITE HAD A LIFE PRESERVER

At Union station last night, travelers awaiting trains saw the most entrancing beauty that had come within the range of their vision for many a day. She was clothed in immaculate white from the tips of her boots to the top of her head of raven hair. It soon became known that she was en route to Philadelphia and that she was to occupy a state room. Her beauty was such that even the policeman could not keep his eyes from wandering in her direction—probably watching to see that someone did not attempt to steal her for his own. Prospective passengers walked up and down the waiting room for the privilege of getting an occasional glance into her face. And altogether she was the one attractive feature of an otherwise dull evening.

Finally Beauty appeared to be in distress. She opened her grip a very little way, and searched within its mysterious recesses—for what? Finally the mystery was somewhat solved. Out came a large bottle wrapped in a cool looking white garment that everybody guessed would come into service late when nature was claiming its toll of sleep. She returned the garment to her grip, then tried to remove the cork from the bottle. But the cork resisted every attempt, even though she used her teeth in her endeavors. Finally she concealed the bottle under her jacket, and walking into the station restaurant, placed it gently but firmly on the counter and requested the waiter "to please remove that cork."

The waiter complied. It was a quart of "bottled in bond," guaranteed to assist nature in the sleep producing process, if necessary, and if taken in sufficient quantities.

PASSENGERS ARE INJURED ON THREE TROLLEY ROADS

Cars Run Away in Eastern Pennsylvania—Several Victims May Die.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WILKESBARRE, PA., Aug. 10.—The brakes refused to work on an electric car on the Harveys Lake branch of the Wyoming Valley Traction Company today and the car, while running very fast, crashed into a telephone pole. There were six passengers and all were injured. The Rev. Father Holmes of Avoca had an arm, leg and should bone broken. Mrs. Dr. Davis of Nantcoke sustained a fracture of the jaw. Thomas Melany, George Weatherly and Henry Hughes were injured internally.

MAUCH CHUNK, PA., Aug. 10.—A big summer car on the Mauch Chunk, Lehighton & Slatington street railway ran away in Beaver run valley, south of Mauch Chunk mountain today. The brakes refused to work and when the car struck a curve at the foot of the grade it turned completely over. Reuben Kresge, 75 years old, of Lehighton, was probably fatally injured. Motorman Granville Rehrig and Conductor Dominick Wilkinson of Mauch Chunk, and W. T. Hunter of New York, a tourist, were also painfully hurt. The car was prevented from rolling into Beaver run, 70 feet below, by line poles and trees. A special car carried local physicians hurriedly to the scene. The wounds of the injured were dressed at neighboring farm houses. There were a dozen passengers on the car and all were more or less bruised.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 10.—By the sliding of a trolley car down a heavy grade on the Union Traction Company's line, nine persons were injured. The car was going over the top of the grade when the hood switch blew out and it descended at a rapid rate, crashing into another car. All of the injured will recover. Harry Brahler was the most seriously hurt. His left leg was broken and he sustained other injuries.

PERSONALS

"Things are looking good for the senatorial aspirations of Representative Hemenway," said John P. Armstrong of Indiana last evening when seen at the Lincoln. "Mr. Hemenway," he continued, "ever since he made his debut in national politics, has been a warm favorite with the people. He is, of course, especially strong in southern Indiana, but his popularity covers the entire state. The Hoosier voters respect him for his good sense, his ability as a worker, his integrity and his lovable traits of character. As matters now stand, he seems to have the best chance of filling the vacancy that will come through the election of Senator Fairbanks to the vice presidency."

Fred H. Tristram, assistant general passenger agent of the Wabash, and W. E. Holliday, assistant general freight agent of the same line, left last night for St. Louis on business.

D. P. Sullivan, chief of the New Kensington fire department, came to Pittsburgh last evening on business. He will go to Connellsville this morning to take part in the parade of the firemen's convention there. "New Kensington," said he, "has a population of 6,000 people, and their fire-fighting apparatus is valued at $6,000, or $1 to each of its citizens. There are 100 men in the fire department. Last year, however, the fire loss was $1,250. This is far below the average fire records."

H. Wilbur Harvey, proprietor of the Hotel Cecil, of London, England, is in Pittsburgh inspecting the hotels. He says Pittsburgh ought to have more first-class hotels.

J. F. Spranger, a wholesale drygoods merchant of San Francisco, passed through the city last evening on his way home, after spending several days in New York. "California is a Republican state," said Mr. Spranger, "and at the coming election the majority for Roosevelt will exceed that accorded to the late McKinley."

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

Residents of nearby towns at the local hotels last night were:

Colonial—William Brown, Canton; R. H. Gehring, Beaver; F. W. Crane, Morgantown; T. Owens, Somerset.

Griswold—J. D. Sullivan, Confluence; T. W. Burke, Coshocton.

Monongahela House—W. J. Chain, New Castle; P. J. Sutter, Ebensburg; B. Jefferson, Altoona; H. E. Steward, Warren; H. A. Scott, Homer City; G. B. Sheahan, Uniontown.

Duquesne—W. Haynes, New Castle; P. R. Shryock, Meadville; E. W. Chess, Oil City.

Henry—J. S. Coxey, Mt. Vernon; W. W. Irwin, Canton; H. Moore, Monongahela.

Newell's—G. J. Kelly, Youngstown.

Lincoln—F. G. Farr, California.

Seventh Avenue—S. McCabe, Leechburg; S. H. Ingram, Erie; H. E. Rockwell, Kane; George Wellinger, Wellsville.

Women's Tongues Started a Fight That Traveled

While fighting over an argument started by their wives, John Kristoll and James Neville of Munhall Hollow near Homestead, rolled down an embankment and into the door of the home of Charles Haulin. Continuing the fight they upset a table full of dishes and demolished every piece of table ware. Informations were made before Justice Giles.

"I am well now and enjoying better health than ever before in my whole life."

That is the statement of a woman who had never been well until she was made well by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. There are a great many other women in like case. They have always been sufferers from disease. They have never known the joy of perfect health.

For all such women Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription holds out the prospect of perfect and permanent health, by the cure of the womanly diseases which weaken women. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"It gives me pleasure to let you know of the great benefit received from Dr. Pierce's medicines and the advice which you so kindly sent," writes Mrs. Bertie Parker, of Bonham, Fannin Co., Texas. "I took your 'Favorite Prescription,' 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets,' and followed your advice regarding the 'Lotion Tablets,' and am cured. I had been treated by different doctors and spent one hundred dollars for treatment and medicine, but received very little relief. I have only spent seventeen dollars and fifty cents for your medicine and it has *cured* me in three or four months of ulceration and falling of uterus. I suffered severe misery in my back, also irregular periods. Had bearing-down in lower portion of body and great pain all through my body. Pain in uterus was very severe. Had smothering spells, breath was very short all the time, had pain in stomach, pain in my thighs, pain in breast, also between my shoulders. Bowels constipated. I am well now and enjoying better health than ever before in my whole life. Am happy to tell you that I was cured by your good advice and good medicines, the 'Favorite Prescription,' 'Golden Medical Discovery,' 'Pleasant Pellets' and 'Lotion Tablets.' These medicines cured me and will cure others also."

The dealer who offers a substitute for "Favorite Prescription" does so to gain the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious medicines. His profit is your loss, therefore accept no substitute.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate the bowels.

SOCIETY

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT TAGGART of Buena Vista street and Arlington avenue, Allegheny, will celebrate their golden wedding this fall. They have not yet decided whether the celebration will be of a formal character or not, but the occasion will be an interesting one to a wide circle of friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Taggart will reach the fiftieth milestone of their married life on October 20. Before her marriage Mrs. Taggart was Miss Angeline Smith, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Smith, at whose home in Knoll street, Allegheny, the wedding took place. The ceremony was performed by an uncle of the bride, the Rev. William Taylor of Beaver, who has since died.

Both Mr. Taggart and his wife were born in Allegheny. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Taggart, pioneer residents of Allegheny who came to the city from Ireland. Mr. Taggart, who is a retired shoe merchant of Allegheny, in his early business career owned a tannery in Duquesne borough, where he and his wife lived after their marriage. After losing all his property by fire, he came to Allegheny, where he set up a tannery, later opening a shoe store. In the course of time he took into the firm his sons, who are now managers of the business.

Mr. and Mrs. Taggart have nine children, Mrs. Samuel H. McKee of Wilkinsburg, Mrs. John Carson, Boston, Mass.; Mrs. Galen Hartman of the East End, Mrs. Frank Minnemeyer, Bellevue; Mrs. I. L. Jones, McKeesport; Mrs. P. Spangler, who makes her home with her parents; Charles Taggart, Chicago; George Taggart, Sewickley, and D. B. Taggart of Allegheny. Their grandchildren are Miss Ellen McKee, Miss Edna Jones, Miss Helen Jones, John Carson, Miss Eleanor Carson, Dale Carson, and the children of George Taggart, who include Ralph Taggart, Bradford Taggart, Miss Mary Esther Taggart, Jesse Taggart, Robert Taggart, Miss Angeline Taggart and George Taggart, Jr. Mrs. Taggart is 68 years of age and her husband is several years her senior. Both are members of the First Presbyterian church of this city.

This will be the second golden wedding in the Taggart connection within 13 months, Mr. and Mrs. John Hopkins, the latter being a sister of Mr. Taggart, having celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary in the old Taggart homestead in Irwin avenue, Allegheny, last September. Mr. Hopkins died a few months after the celebration.

Four Hundred Dollars in Arrears.

With the closing of the summer playgrounds and vacation schools the joint committee of Women's clubs finds itself as usual in arrears so far as the financial side of the enterprise is concerned—$400 is the amount this year. This has been borrowed in order that all the salaries of the teachers and those bills which have been presented for supplies and equipment and other expenses connected with the work might be met. Each year the committee finds itself in the same predicament, as many people who intend contributing to this work delay sending in their checks until the playgrounds are closed. It is expected that the full amount will be made up by the time the committee holds its annual meeting in the fall, when the treasurer closes her books for the year.

The work of this season was planned on a larger scale than in previous years, 19 playgrounds being conducted this summer and 15 a year ago. Pittsburgh and Allegheny increased their appropriations this year, the Pittsburgh central board of education appropriating $3,500, as against $3,000 last year, while Allegheny councils increased their appropriation in a like manner, the $1,000 of last year becoming $1,500 this year. The results of the work in the schools increased much beyond those reached a year ago. The manual training department in most of the schools has solved the problem of the unruly big boys who were previously irregular in their attendance.

Walker-Gibson.

The wedding of Miss Florence Walker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard J. Walker of Bradford, and Robert Johnston Gibson, now of Philadelphia, but formerly a resident of Pittsburgh, was conducted on Tuesday evening at the home of the bride's parents. The marriage was solemnized by the Rev. Dr. James E. Kebyon, pastor of the Pine Methodist Episcopal church of Bradford. The bride was given away by her father. Her maid of honor was Miss Ada Carson Gibson of Pittsburgh, a sister of the bridegroom. Dr. Granville H. Walker, a brother of the bride, was the best man. Immediately after the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Gibson left for the east and will visit Boston before returning to Philadelphia to make their home.

Among the wedding guests were Mr. and Mrs. James H. Taylor and Miss Marjorie Taylor of Bellevue, Mrs. B. F. Cushing of Conneaut, O.; Miss Ada C. Gibson and William G. Kitchin of Pittsburgh, Dr. Granville H. Walker of Philadelphia, Dr. De Forrest E. Walters of McKeesport, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hampsher of Bolivar, N. Y., and Miss Effie B. Keener of Kittanning.

Pittsburghers in California Military Camp

Lieut. and Mrs. Manus MacCloskey of this city are now in Atascadero, Cal., where Lieut. MacCloskey has been stationed for a month by the government. Prior to their removal to the military camp their home was in Ft. Worden, Washington. Mrs. MacCloskey is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George N. Monro of Dithridge street. Miss Sara Monro of London, England, visited the MacCloskeys before coming to Pittsburgh, and is now the guest of her aunt, Mrs. George N. Monro. Miss Monro has been in America 14 months, this being her first visit to this country. Miss Alice Monro, Mrs. George N. Monro's daughter, is coming home next week from the Blue Ridge mountains, where she has been for a couple of weeks.

Off for Western Trip.

Howard D. Baird will leave for a six weeks' vacation trip in the west this evening. Mr. Baird's itinerary embraces points of interest between Pittsburgh and San Francisco, where he will be present at the Knights Templar conclave, returning by the way of Salt Lake City. He will be a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thomas and Mrs. Thomas' daughter, Miss Louise C. Bullens, formerly of Kansas City, while in Los Angeles, and will also be entertained by Thomas Hughs, a successful oil operator, formerly of Pittsburgh, but now living in Los Angeles.

Returned from the Exposition.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. McKenna and Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. McKenna of this city returned Tuesday evening from the Louisiana Purchase exposition, where they have been for three weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Alexander G. McKenna of Braddock, with their three children, Phillip, George and little Anna McKenna, will leave today for St. Louis. Their stay at the fair will be very short as they expect to go on early next week to Denver, where Mr. McKenna is interested in mines just opened. They will remain in Denver a month.

Wilson-Holmes.

Miss Mary A. Wilson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Wilson of West Elizabeth, and William Holmes of Duquesne were quietly married yesterday morning at the home of the bride by the Rev. Mr. Ewing of the West Elizabeth Presbyterian church. Only the immediate relatives were in attendance because of the ill health of the bride's mother. After the wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Holmes left for a trip which will include a tour of Niagara Falls and the lakes.

The Torrances Are in Johnstown.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis J. Torrance of Western avenue, Allegheny, and their daughter, Miss Jane Torrance, are visiting Mrs. Torrance's relatives in Johnstown, having left Allegheny yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Torrance will be with Miss Florence Dibert, a sister of Mrs. Torrance, over Sunday, while Miss Torrance will visit her uncle, Scott Dibert, and his two daughters, Miss Marion Dibert, and Miss Elizabeth Dibert, for a week.

Returned from Lake Trip.

Mrs. William H. McKinley, Miss Lucy Kennedy, Joseph Kennedy, John Kennedy and Miss May Kennedy, all of this city, and Mr. and Mrs. Reed Kennedy of Homestead returned last evening from the lake trip which they had made on the Carnegie ore boat, Harvard. Mrs. McKinley's daughter, Miss Faille McKinley, will leave tomorrow for the Thousand Islands, to be the house guest of Miss Barnum of Binghamton, N. Y., at her summer home.

Will Winter in California.

Clarence J. Fleming of Bayard street is with his brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Francis T. F. Lovejoy, in Glenwood Springs, Col. He will return to Pittsburgh early in September, but Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy are not expected home until the middle of the month. Mrs. Lovejoy's mother, Mrs. Robert J. Fleming, will go to Pasadena, Cal., early in November to remain there until the early spring.

Ball-Lovell.

MERCER, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—An interesting wedding here was that tonight of Miss Florence Ball, daughter of Mr. W. S. Ball, and the Rev. Gilbert Lovell of Plainfield, N. J. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. George K. Smith. The bride is a graduate of Grove City college and of Wellesley. The Rev. Mr. Lovell is a Yale graduate.

In Need of Contributions.

At the August meeting of the managers of the Woods Run Industrial home, Miss Wickersham, the superintendent, reported the urgent necessity for the furnishing of another bedroom. The managers desire to place the need of one bed, two dressers, chairs and rockers before the friends and contributors of this institution with the hope of receiving the articles named by September 1.

Wedding Will Soon Follow Engagement.

The engagement of Mrs. Mary Voelker of Allegheny and John Jackoby is announced. The wedding will take place on Thursday, August 25, and because of a recent death in the family will be very quietly conducted. Mr. and Mrs. Jackoby will be at home after September 20.

CHAUTAUQUA

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—That musical events at Chautauqua are appreciated is shown by the large audiences, and this afternoon a great number of visitors from the various points on the lake came to hear the popular concert, which has become a feature of Wednesday afternoons. The concert was given by the choir, orchestra and soloists under the direction of Harry Vincent.

Dr. W. B. Forbush was welcomed by a large audience, which was interested in the "Boy Problem." Dr. Forbush interspersed his lecture with many humorous anecdotes illustrative of boys' irreverence to things in general and to ministers, teachers and parents in particular. Victor Hugo's expression: "I am the tadpole of the archangel" is a common stock illustration of psychologists who describe a period of a boy's life which extends from eight to 18 years. It is so full of energy, enthusiasm, moods or spells that he is a problem most difficult to solve. There are three things of which the boy is guilty; the first is that he is irreverent towards his parents, his school, the preacher of the gospel. All educators agree that the primary principle in education is reference. His hatred for sham and his passion for the real make him irreverent. If we offer him reality we can best cure him of irreverence.

He has queer friendships, his chums are unpromising, his heroes are such strange heroes, and the gang to which he invariably belongs is a very queer lot. He is an extremist. His response to every impulse leads him to undesirable ends. Remember that each passion or motive drives out something else; that the good drives out evil and evil drives out good. "Salvation by displacement" is a pharse for the moral treatment of children." Give the boy enthusiastic action. Reality produces reverence. Heavenly hygiene produces the healthiest children.

Miss Rea McCain had charge of the children's story hour and held her little listeners spellbound as she unfolded to them the story of "Robin Hood." It is almost impossible for the children to have a real children's hour, so many grown-ups insist upon being present. This evening the older people were requested to go to prayer meeting when the children's hour arrived. Prayer meetings were held in the various denominational houses this evening. The Rev. J. S. Isaacson, a Lutheran missionary, who spent 10 years in India, conducted the meeting in the Lutheran headquarters, and Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Baker of Ingole, India, addressed the audience at Baptist headquarters.

Fresh Every Day.

You can have Reymer's fresh every day, no matter where you are. No other candy quite so good. Sent anywhere by mail. Reymer's, 243 Fifth avenue.

SINFUL NEGLECT

How is it possible for a sane man with good teeth to destroy them through careless neglect! SOZODONT is positively beneficial. It has made the toothbrush habit a real pleasure.

SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER

the natural complement of SOZODONT Liquid, is a beautiful polisher, absolutely free from grit and acid. Are you using it? You ought to be.

3 FORMS: LIQUID, POWDER, PASTE.

Headache?

DR. JAMES' HEADACHE POWDERS have stood every test for forty years. 4 doses 10 cents.

NEURALGYLINE cures sciatic rheumatism, 25 cents.

Baby ills quickly yield to DR. JAMES' SOOTHING SYRUP CORDIAL.

The Old Safe

is good enough for some purposes, but the Baltimore Fire has proved how worthless it is sometimes.

A Box

in our new MANGANESE STEEL SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT contains 280 cubic inches of absolute security and costs less than 10c per week—$5.00 per year, for insurance against

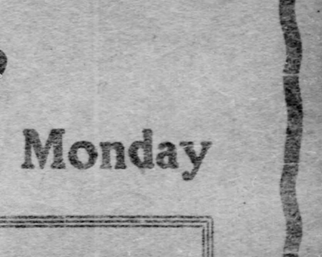
FIRE, MOB & BURGLARS

PITTSBURG TRUST COMPANY

525 FOURTH AVE.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.



Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 50 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

Now is the Time

To think about your fall suit. Low prices and perfect fit at

DICKSON, The Tailor,

420 Wood Street.

RUGS woven from OLD CARPETS

The most desirable method of covering a room. Made any size desired. Send for Price List.

CARPET CLEANING

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Relaid.

THE ALLEN RUG WEAVING & CARPET CLEANING CO.

5979-5981 Center Ave., E. E. Both 'Phones.

EAST END MANTEL & TILE CO.

Manufacturers of

CHANDELIERS, ETC.

5914-16 Baum St., 295 East—Both 'Phones—231 Bessemer Bldg., 6th St. and Duquesne Way.

APROPOS OF THE

38th Annual G. A. R. Encampment

Which Begins at BOSTON Next Monday

MRS. JOHN A LOGAN

contributes to The Sunday Gazette an article which will be read with deepest interest by every patriotic American, entitled

"THE STORY OF THE G. A. R."

Another timely and stirring article will be

"The Heroes of the North and South"

By GEN. JOSEPH WHEELER.

Both articles will be freely illustrated, and will appear next Sunday exclusively in

The Editorial Section of

The Sunday Gazette

SPRING WHEAT SHOWS DECREASE

Agricultural Department's Report Gives Smaller Estimates Than Last Month.

WINTER CROP EQUALS 1903

WHEAT SHORTAGE IS NOT SO GREAT

New York Produce Exchange Estimates Say Decrease Is Less Than Expected.

HIGH RECORD FOR CORN CROP

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The monthly report of the chief of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture will show the condition of corn on August 10 to have been 87.3, as compared with 88.4 last month; 78.7 on August 1, 1903; 86.5 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a 10-year August average of 83.5.

Preliminary returns indicate a winter wheat crop of about 383,400,000 bushels or an average of 12.3 bushels per acre, as compared with 12.3 bushels per acre last year, as finally estimated. The average condition of spring wheat on August 1 was 87.5, as compared with 93.7 last month; 77.1 on August 1, 1903; 88.7 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a 10-year August average of 91.2. Rust has made its appearance in a number of counties in the northwest, but except as to South Dakota it is chiefly in supplemental reports that reference is made to it, and such report being somewhat conflicting in character it is evidently too early to estimate definitely the extent of the damage resulting from it.

The average condition of the oat crop on August 1 was 86.6, as compared with 88.8 last month; 79.5 on August 1, 1903; 89.4 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a 10-year August average of 82.7. The proportion of the oat crop of last year still in the hands of farmers is estimated at 5.4 per cent, as compared with 7.4 per cent of the crop of 1902 in farmers' hands one year ago; 4.2 per cent of the crop of 1901 in farmers' hands two years ago, and a nine-year average of 7.4 per cent.

The average condition of barley on August 1 was 88.1, against 88.5 one month ago; 83.4 on August 1, 1903; 90.2 at the corresponding date in 1902 and a 10-year average of 88.2.

The average condition of spring rye on August 1 was 95.8, as compared with 96.8 one month ago; 87.2 on August 1, 1903; 90.5 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a 10-year average of 86.2.

The acreage of buckwheat is less than that of last year by about 19,800 acres or 1.3 per cent. The average condition of buckwheat on August 1 was 92.8, as compared with 93.9 on August 1, 1903; 91.4 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a 10-year average of 90.3.

The average condition of flax on August 1 was 78.9, as compared with 86.8 one month ago and 80.3 on August 1, 1903. The average condition of tobacco on August 1 was 83.9, as compared with 85.3 one month ago; 82.9 on August 1, 1903, and a five-year average of 81.7.

The average condition of potatoes on August 1 was 94.1, as compared with 93.9 one month ago; 87.2 on August 1, 1903; 94.8 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a 10-year average of 84.6.

Preliminary returns indicate an increase of 1.2 per cent in the hay acreage. The average condition of timothy hay on August 1 was 94.0, as compared with 92.2 on August 1, 1903; 90 at the corresponding date in 1902, and a nine-year average of 85. Reports as to the production of clover indicate that nearly a full crop will be harvested. In point of quality the crop of clover is well up to high medium grade.

The average condition of pasture on August 1 was 95.5, as compared with 95.8 one month ago; 84.9 on August 1, 1903; 97.1 at the corresponding date in 1902, and an eight-year average of 84.5. The average condition of rice on August 1 was 90.2, as compared with 88.2 one month ago, and 92 on August 1, 1903.

WHEAT IS "SPOTTY."

James J. Hill Gives His Estimate on the Crops in Northwestern States.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—James J. Hill arrived at the office of the Northern Securities Company from the west today. In describing the outlook for wheat, President Hill stated that for years past it had been the custom of the Great Northern officials to ask the farmers 20 questions bearing on the outlook. As the questions asked are the same each year, the system enables estimates to be compiled that prove to be reasonably correct. Mr. Hill added:

"As the spring wheat is harvested conditions may change so that 520,000,000 bushels will be reported for the total 1904 crop of the country, but nothing that I learned in the west makes me want to change my original estimate of 540,000,000 bushels. In some parts of Minnesota and the Dakotas the prospects now are that the crop will be 'spotty,' as we already know that was true of the winter wheat in the southern states. In any of the country where good crops are harvested, railroad earnings will be good. As some wheat has already been spoiled, railroad earnings for the year will likely be 'spotty' too."

"MONACA CHILDREN WERE BITTEN BY A MAD DOG

Are Coming to Pittsburgh to Receive the Treatment from Dr. Leteve at the Mercy Hospital.

If it lies within the power of 'Squire James Irons, the justice of the peace of Monaca, the little children bitten by a mad dog from Pittsburgh, will be relieved of all fears of hydrophobia. 'Squire Irons has read the papers, and so when a dog ran amuck through the streets of the borough he knew exactly what to do.

The children will come to Pittsburgh to be treated by Dr. A. R. Leteve, the pathologist at the Mercy hospital. In 20 days they will be able to bid defiance to the effects of the dog bite, for that is the length of time the Pasteur treatment requires.

The dog appeared in Monaca on Tuesday morning, bit several dogs and then attacked the children, biting several of them. 'Squire Irons learned the names of two and expects to ascertain the names of the others who were bitten. It would have been better to catch the dog alive and keep him alive until there was no doubt that he had hydrophobia, but the policeman who went after him could not catch him and therefore shot him.

By 'Squire Iron's advice the head of the dog was cut off and was shipped to Dr. Leteve. Yesterday the doctor telephoned to the justice and told him there could hardly be any doubt that the dog was mad, and the 'squire made immediate preparations to send the children to Pittsburgh.

The dog had on a collar and a license plate with this inscription: "Pittsburgh D. 1477, 1904," evidently meaning "Pittsburgh dog license 1477, issued in 1904." The animal is supposed to belong to some Pittsburgher spending the summer near Monaco.

"A microscope examination of the dog's brain showed lesions which in nine cases out of 10 would indicate rabies," said Dr. Leteve last night, "I have therefore advised that if any persons were bitten by the dog they should undergo the Pasteur treatment. I have inoculated a rabbit and expect that the result will bear out the finding of the microscope. In my mind there is hardly any doubt that the dog had rabies, but even if he had not the treatment will do no harm. Prompt treatment may be the means of saving the lives of those bitten."

$13.25 to Boston and Return
Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.
Account G. A. R. Encampment.

Tickets on sale August 12, 13, 14 and 15, good until August 23, extension of limit until September 30, upon payment of 50 cents additional. Stop-overs, returning, at New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

$13.25 Boston and Return $13.25,
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Ry.,
August 12, 13, 14 and 15.

Tickets good returning until September 30. Ten days' stop-over allowed at Niagara Falls. Get your tickets and reservations at ticket office, 504 Smithfield street, or depot, end Ninth street bridge, Allegheny.

$5.00 Niagara Falls and Return $5.00
P. & L. E. Saturday, August 13.

WANTED.

Female Help.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced young woman; must be competent and reliable; permanent position and good salary to right person; give age, experience and salary expected. Address N 133, The Gazette.

WANTED—Woman demonstrator and house-to-house canvassers for an invalid's food; only experienced people wanted. The Lens Co., 625 Third ave.

WANTED—Six girls to saw draperies; none but those having experience need apply. The Grotzinger Carpet Co.

WANTED—Every girl who drives to try CHICLETS.

Male and Female Help.

YOUNG and middle-aged men and women to educate for commercial positions at the Actual Business College, conducted by responsible Pittsburgh educators and established 25 years; we can and do place students in positions without charge; summer school, day and evening; easy terms. THE ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, 816 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh. Public school pupils admitted without examination.

Situations—Male.

TRAVELING salesman, well known in Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan and Illinois. Was crew manager and salesman. Would like to represent Pittsburgh house. Address W. 133, The Gazette.

WANTED by watch and clock maker, well up in turning; age 27. Address S 133, The Gazette.

Oil Production.

WANTED—To buy from owner for cash, good settled oil production. Address, stating particulars, Lock Box 1396, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Real Estate.

WANTED—We have a customer for a property not to cost over $15,000; must be on car line, in the Oakland district, Forbes st., Craig st. or Fifth ave. property. See
L. A. CLARK & CO.,
409 Fourth ave.

Houses.

WANTED—$12,000 residence in the Shadyside or Baum Grove district; house must be of brick, with eastern or southern exposure preferred; not less than 10 rooms.
L. A. CLARK & CO.,
409 Fourth ave.

Business Opportunities.

WE HAVE customers for good store; drygoods and shoes preferred; store invoicing about $10,000 preferred.
MILLER & HOWARD, 481 Fourth ave.

Boarders.

BOARDING—Baby or two children to board and care for by day or week, good home, reference. Address B 125, The Gazette.

Farms.

WANTED—Good farm to work on shares or monthly salary, where everything is furnished. Experienced in general farming and poultry raising. Address Robt. J. Bell, Coraopolis, Pa.

WANTED—Farm, to rent or lease, small farm, convenient to railroad, suitable for poultry farm. Give full particulars and price. Address M 105, The Gazette.

Miscellaneous.

WE buy second hand gas engines.
W. E. NICKUM, 205 Federal st., Allegheny.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3821 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE ROOM RENTING BUREAU, 2nd floor, 120 Diamond st., P. & A., 1614 MAIN, WILL FURNISH FULL INFORMATION CONCERNING ANY OF THE ROOMS IN THESE COLUMNS.

BELTZHOOVER AVE., 79—Nicely furnished front room, bath, private family; Knoxville cars pass door.

BROWNSVILLE AVE., 168—Furnished housekeeping rooms, $2.50 up, 7 minutes to Smithfield st.

BROWNSVILLE AVE., 172, S. S., Pittsburgh—Furnished room for light housekeeping.

CENTER AVE., 4835, between Neville and Craig—Three finely furnished, large, airy, second-floor rooms, single or en suite.

CENTER AVE., 2016—Back parlor for doctor or dentist; also other room; all conveniences.

COR. FIFTH AVE. AND ATWOOD ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; price reasonable.

DE SOTO ST., 6—Between Oakland and Atwood, nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences.

DE SOTO ST., 36—Opposite Oakland car barns. Boarding by the meal, day or week.

FIFTH AVE., 2035—Furnished room, board optional; one or two gentlemen. Jumonville apartments J.

FIFTH AVE, 1932—FURNISHED ROOMS.

FIFTH AVE., 8519—The Lothrop, elegantly furnished rooms; first-class board; shaded porches; all conveniences.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, bath, complete for light housekeeping. Snap for couple. Terms moderate; 10 minutes from postoffice. Address K 128, The Gazette.

FISK ST., 222, Lawrenceville—Furnished large front room, two gentlemen or couple; all conveniences.

FISK ST., 218, Lawrenceville—Nicely furnished room, in private family; all conveniences.

FIRST ST., 211—Aspinwall; two furnished rooms; bath; gases; gentlemen preferred; board convenient.

FORBES ST., 2006—Nicely furnished, large airy front room, private family.

MADISON AVE., 8328—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, second and third floors; all conveniences; near Bedford cars.

MAGEE ST., 81—A swell furnished front room, third floor, for two gentlemen, with separate beds and bath; private family, for $2 week each.

MAIN ST., 345, Lawrenceville—Two neatly furnished front rooms, single or en suite.

MEADE ST., 307, Wilkinsburg—Large, finely furnished front alcove room, convenient to station.

MIFFLIN AVE., 852, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished rooms, private family, moderate prices; every convenience.

NORTH ST. CLAIR ST., 424—Two large front and one smaller furnished room.

OAKLAND AVE., 334—Elegantly furnished rooms, all conveniences; private family.

PENN AVE., 4116—Two furnished rooms, to let, for light housekeeping.

PENN AVE., 746, Wilkinsburg—Neatly furnished rooms, conveniences, on car line, near depot. Meyer.

PENN AVE., 811, Wilkinsburg—Two well-furnished rooms, one alcove; desirable location.

PRINCETON PLACE, 365—Nicely furnished rooms, near East Liberty station and all car lines.

ROBINSON ST., 11, Oakland—A large front room, first floor, for doctor or dentist.

SCOTT PLACE, 12, between Sixth and Seventh sts.—Furnished rooms.

SECOND AVE., 4827—Hazlewood—Two neatly furnished rooms, every convenience, near station.

SOUTH AVE., 1027, Wilkinsburg—Two neatly furnished second floor rooms, every convenience.

SOUTH AVE., 1176—Wilkinsburg—Three large unfurnished rooms, use of laundry, bath; $15 month.

SOUTHERN AVE., 68, Mt. Washington—Front room, nicely furnished; both gases, rent reasonable.

SOUTHERN AVE., 82, Mt. Washington—Two large front and back rooms for light housekeeping.

SYCAMORE ST., 134, Mt. Washington—Nicely furnished room, conveniences; rent $10 per month; board optional.

TIOGA ST., 7714—Large nicely furnished alcove room, all conveniences; on car line.

WARD ST., 3409—Furnished large front room; second floor; all conveniences; no other rooms.

WYOMING ST., 43, Mt. Washington—Large front room, alcove bedrooms attached; lawn, porches, modern house; six minutes from postoffice; board if desired.

East End.

ATWOOD ST., 237—Large nicely furnished front room with all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

ATWOOD ST., 427—Nicely furnished rooms; 'phone; all conveniences; shady porch; near boarding.

ATWOOD ST., 351—Suite of two newly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; also single room.

CAROLINA ST., 348, Oakland—Two furnished front rooms for light housekeeping; every convenience.

COLLINS AVE., 341—Furnished rooms; also light housekeeping rooms; gas and bath.

ELSINORE SQUARE, 3223—Three neatly furnished rooms, single or en suite; desirable location.

EAST END AVE., 409—Two nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite; all conveniences.

EMERSON ST., 242—Three furnished rooms, single or en suite; board if desired.

FINANCE ST., 7232, Homewood—Big furnished front room for rent; 2 minutes from Homewood depot and street car lines.

FORBES ST., 4826, near Craig—Large well furnished rooms with all conveniences. Private family.

HAMILTON AVE., 6005—Furnished front large alcove room; all conveniences; five minutes from Fifth ave. station; private family.

HAYES ST., 5805—Two large furnished front rooms; every convenience; desirable location.

KENNETT SQ., 3001—Three rooms, furnished, for light housekeeping; 2d floor.

KENTUCKY AVE., 6809—One or two well furnished rooms; pleasant location.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

East End.

LANG AVE., 1412, Homewood—Two nicely furnished housekeeping rooms; bath, gases; all conveniences.

LIBERTY AVE., 5117—Nicely furnished rooms for 1 or 2 gentlemen; 'phone 2702 R Highland.

LOWELL ST., 628—Three large light unfurnished rooms; modern house; desirable location.

MARCHAND ST., 6347, East End—Elegantly furnished rooms, suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife; all conveniences.

MARCHAND ST., 6345—Large, cool rooms, lawn, porches, with breakfast and six o'clock dinner.

MARTLAND AVE., 420—Nicely furnished large airy room, all conveniences, private family.

MAYFLOWER ST., 154—Large, light, nicely-furnished room; all conveniences; gentleman only.

MELLON ST., 520, near Margaretta—Large furnished or unfurnished front room; reasonable rates.

NEGLEY AVE., 112, North—Nice large, airy furnished rooms; every convenience.

NIAGARA ST., 3117, OAKLAND—Large neatly furnished room; all conveniences; private family.

NORTH HIGHLAND AVE., 7, HIGHLAND Place—Furnished rooms; housekeeping, clean, airy; fine view.

OAKLAND AVE., 432—Large, nicely furnished room with all conveniences. Bell 'phone 322-L Schenley.

PENN AVE., 5032—Extra large neatly furnished room, most convenient location in city.

PORTLAND ST., 814—Three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; private family; no children.

RACE ST., 7309—Five rooms, all conveniences, use of porches, yard; no children.

SHADY AVE., 278—Large front room, furnished; suitable for two gentlemen; all conveniences.

SHADY AVE., 271—Well furnished rooms; first and second floors.

ST. CLAIR ST., 311, North—Large front alcove room; also lady room-mate wanted.

SHADY AVE., 272—Large well furnished rooms; second and third floors; all conveniences; good location; convenient to cars and East Liberty station.

SHERIDAN AVE., 810, East End—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable rates.

TUSTIN ST., 1706—One large furnished and one unfurnished room; convenient to cars.

Allegheny.

ALPINE ST., 15—Neatly furnished front room; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1813—Two neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; terms reasonable.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1813—Elegantly furnished flat; second floor, front rooms; bath, gases, free telephone.

BEECH AVE., 841—Elegantly furnished second floor front room, every convenience; also small room; board if desired.

BROADWAY, 217, Perrysville district—Three unfurnished rooms, on first floor; all conveniences, two gases, with separate meter; hot and cold water, separate bath and closet. Rent reasonable; no children; possession given at once. Call quick. Sarah O'Neil.

BUENA VISTA ST., 1730—Two rooms, complete for housekeeping; cheap to right party.

FEDERAL ST., 1812—Very desirable furnished rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

FEDERAL ST., 1330—Very desirable furnished rooms; all conveniences; centrally located.

GRANT AVE., 1015—Neatly furnished rooms, housekeeping; all conveniences; reasonable rates.

KIRKPATRICK ST., 1016—Three nicely furnished rooms; bath, gases; private family; no children.

LOCUST ST., 1403—Neatly furnished rooms, housekeeping or roomers; rent reasonable; conveniences.

NORTH AVE., W., 412—Neatly furnished rooms; bath, gases, 'phone; reasonable rates.

OHIO ST., W., 121—Neatly furnished front room, all conveniences; for gentlemen.

PARK VIEW HOTEL, 925 Federal st—Nicely furnished rooms facing park; all conveniences.

PARK WAY, W., 15—Neatly furnished rooms, all conveniences; opposite E. & B.

PALO ALTO ST., 1206—Near park; neatly furnished room for two gentlemen; conveniences.

PALO ALTO ST., 1212—Single rooms with good board; also meal tickets.

PENNSYLVANIA AVE., 1403—Nicely furnished rooms with board; all conveniences; also boarders wanted.

REBECCA ST., 754—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; single or en suite.

SAMPSON ST., 106—Nicely furnished front room suitable for two gentlemen; conveniences.

SEDGWICK ST., 1930—Three very desirable furnished rooms; all conveniences; terms reasonable.

SHEFFIELD ST., 1434—Two rooms, furnished complete for light housekeeping; bath, gases; 'phone $4 week.

UNION AVE., 709—Nicely furnished room, all conveniences; overlooking park.

WEST NORTH AVE., 808—Nicely furnished rooms, facing park; all conveniences; $2 week up.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

BEDFORD AVE., 1913—Large furnished front room, boarding; all conveniences; gentlemen; near incline.

ROSS AVE., 738, Wilkinsburg—Neatly furnished desirable rooms, reasonable; boarding optional; near station.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5901, cor. College—Furnished rooms, excellent board; members wanted; 1883 ring W. Highland.

BENNETT ST., 7711—Large, cool, neatly-furnished room; every convenience; boarding if desired.

BOARDING AND ROOMS—Private family, will rent several large home-like rooms (with board) to gentlemen. Point Breeze district. Address G 133, The Gazette.

HOWE ST., 5507—Nicely furnished rooms, with all conveniences; suitable for two; excellent board; fine location; rates very reasonable; private family.

HOWE ST., 5505—Large, well furnished second-story front rooms; excellent table board; convenient to cars and Roup station.

LINCOLN AVE., 651—Furnished room and boarding in private family; all conveniences.

NEGLEY AVE., 827 S.—Two well furnished rooms with excellent table board; gentlemen only.

NEGLEY AVE., 731, South—Nicely furnished room for two, bath adjoining; private family; reasonable.

NORTH ST. CLAIR ST., 315—Neatly furnished rooms, good boarding; near all cars.

NEVILLE ST., 531—Large, nicely furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen or married couple.

OAKLAND AVE., 240—Large, nicely furnished room, with or without board. Bell 'phone 1189-J Schenley.

PENN AVE., 5605—Two neatly furnished rooms, one alcove; excellent board; all conveniences.

RURAL AVE., 5821—Two large furnished rooms, good boarding. 'Phone 317 R Highland.

SHADY AVE., 434—Large elegantly furnished cool rooms; excellent board, references exchanged. Bell 'phone.

SHADY AVE., 435—Large, light, elegantly furnished rooms, excellent boarding; desirable location.

S. HIGHLAND AVE., 406—Second floor front, with alcove; table board; references required.

THE WINDEMERE, 6300-6301 MARCHAND ST.—Large well furnished rooms with excellent table board; convenient to street cars and East Liberty station; Bell 'phone 991 R Highland.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

BOGGS AVE., 82—Three large unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; no children.

MEADE ST., 311, Wilkinsburg—Three large light unfurnished rooms, modern house; family adults.

PENN AVE., 949—Two extra large unfurnished rooms for doctor's office.

THIRD ST., Aspinwall—Three fine unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping and one nicely furnished second-story room; all conveniences; private family; rates reasonable. Address M 135, The Gazette.

East End.

HAMILTON AVE., 7814—Three unfurnished rooms, water and gas, rent moderate; no children.

HERMITAGE ST., 7313—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms; also one furnished room; modern house.

HIGHLAND AVE., 302—Doctor's office; office and waiting room, partly furnished; hot and cold water; entrance from street; good light; established office.

IDLEWILD ST., 7817—Four unfurnished rooms, second floor; all conveniences.

MIGONETTE ST., 5717—Second story front room, furnished or unfurnished; all conveniences.

NORTH HIGHLAND AVE., 810—Furnished or unfurnished rooms suitable for housekeeping or studio; board.

OPHELIA ST., 344—Three large unfurnished rooms, bath, cupboard, all conveniences.

PORTLAND PLACE, 722, North Negley, near Harr—Two unfurnished rooms, with bath, both gases.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

Allegheny.

CALIFORNIA AVE., 477—Three unfurnished rooms, bath, laundry; $18 month.

GRANT AVE., 1021, cor. North—Two very desirable rooms, all conveniences; reasonable.

SEDGWICK ST., 1930—Three very desirable unfurnished rooms; all conveniences; terms reasonable.

WEST NORTH AVE., 706—Two large unfurnished rooms, second floor; running water, both gases.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—Young couple, no children, desire 3 or 4 unfurnished rooms in Lawrenceville. Address F 105, The Gazette.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

TO LET.
A COMPLETE LIST OF HOUSES AND APARTMENTS,
with Map of East End,
Will be mailed upon request, free.
S. H. LLOYD,
6022 Penn Ave., E. E.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

PITTSBURGH DWELLINGS TO LET.
2180 Second ave., 2 rooms, $6 per month.
104 Twenty-fourth st., 2 rooms, $6 60 per month.
1847 Locust st., 3 rooms, $7 per month.
3028 Spruce alley, 3 rooms, $7 per month.
Send for list.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
329 Fourth Ave.

TO LET SELLEFIELD RESIDENCE
Fine location on Fifth ave., near Hotel Schenley, 22 rooms; 2 baths; all modern fixtures; newly papered and painted; especially suitable for rooming house; reasonable rental. See
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
327-329 Fourth Ave.

TO LET—2238 Wylie avenue, 4 rooms and attic; water; gases, etc., $10 per month.
Also 1817 Wylie avenue, 4 rooms, water, etc., $17 per month. See
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
329 Fourth Ave.

$15—HARRISON ST., Swissvale—Brick house, 4 rooms, natural gas for heat and light; gas range; water; gases, etc., $10 per month.
GEO. C. NORRIS & CO., 430 Fourth ave.
Or 7728 Stanton st., Swissvale.

LIVE IN EAST END—Rent, gas, etc. free by buying my house furnishings and lease will be transferred. Address L 135, The Gazette.

Real Estate.

TO LET
We have stores, apartments, business properties and dwellings in all parts of the city. See
CONTINENTAL TRUST CO.,
106 Sixth st. (Bessemer Bldg.)

Apartments.

APARTMENTS of all sizes; with every modern convenience; in good locations; at reasonable rents, including steam heat and hot water. A complete list of houses and apartments, with map, will be mailed upon request, free.
S. H. LLOYD,
6022 Penn avenue, E. E.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

—FOR RENT—
FURNISHED APARTMENT,
5 rooms, in Wilkinsburg, furnished; during July and August, $30 month.
Send for rent list of Wilkinsburg houses.
WILKINSBURG REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO.,
Wood and Penn, Wilkinsburg, Pa.

Warehouses.

STRONG BUILDING TO LET.
Business or warehouse, 22x80 ft., six floors, elevator. Immediate possession. Send for printed list.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.
327-329 Fourth Ave.

Flats.

FLATS.
Four rooms and bath, $11.
Four rooms and bath, first floor, $16 50.
Four rooms and bath, second floor, $20 00.
Six rooms and bath, $35 00.
Eight rooms, private house, $25 00.
Nine rooms, brick house, $40 00.
J. H. MCLELLAND & CO.,
309 Brushton Ave., East End.

Business Properties.

LOFTS.
Second ave., near Smithfield st., new building, size 40x80; well lighted; steam heat; elevator service free.
SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
Farmers Bank Bldg.

TO LET—1415 Penn ave., Pittsburgh; fine storeroom; just been remodeled.
W. L. SCOTT & CO.,
390 Federal st.

Storerooms.

TO LET—Liberty street store room, first floor and basement, between Ninth and Tenth streets; reduced rental to April 1. See
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE COMPANY,
327-329 Fourth Ave.

Offices.

BANK FOR SAVINGS BLDG., rooms Nos. 202, 204; fine location; special rental; immediate possession.
HOME TRUST CO.,
Wood st. and Sixth ave.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR SALE.
Brick house, two stories, attic, cellar, seven rooms, reception hall, bath and pantry, gas and electric light; every modern convenience; corner lot, 45x100. Price $6,000.

Five-room house, centrally located; convenient to churches, schools and cars, $1,700.

Farm of 100 acres, good house, barn, outbuildings, fences, fine orchard, excellent water, near Ohio Pyle; $4,000; will trade for city property.

ALSO
farm of 138 acres, underlaid with coal, with good house of 8 rooms, barn, outbuildings, fences, fine orchard, excellent water.
PRICE $5,000.
WILL TRADE FOR CITY PROPERTY.

J. B. WEBB,
208 Sixth avenue,
McKeesport, Pa.

BRUSHTON—6 rooms, bath, laundry, cement cellar; paved street; lot 29x132; price $4,000.

Idlewild st.—5 rooms, attic, bath; lot 25x140; price $3,500.

Sheridan—5 rooms, well and city water, gas; corner lot, 60x100; price $2,900.

Aavlon—5 rooms, bath, cab. mantels; lot 35x103; third house from Lincoln ave.; price $3,600.

Twenty-first ward—Frame house, 5 rooms; lot 25x120; price $1,800.

Fifteenth ward, Allegheny—3-room house; lot 25x100; 3 minutes to cars; price $850.

Wilkinsburg—4-room house, frame; well water; lot 30x50 ft.; close to cars; price $1,800.
THOMPSON-YOWLICKEL CO., 331 Fourth av.

FOR SALE.
SUBURBAN HOUSES.
EASY TERMS.
New frame dwellings of 6 rooms and bath and two attic rooms, all modern conveniences. Now ready for occupancy. Located on Emerson place, Allegheny, two squares from Perrysville avenue, just 8 minutes' ride from Allegheny market.

Beautiful new brick dwellings of 9 rooms, reception hall and all modern improvements, located on Kendall avenue, Bellevue.

Here is a bargain in a small frame dwelling, just 15 minutes' ride from the Pittsburgh postoffice: Frame dwelling of 5 rooms, two attic rooms and bath. Price $3,250. Will consider in exchange a lot as first payment.
MORTGAGE BANKING COMPANY,
425 Fourth ave.

$2,600.
WEBSTER AVE., NICE 7-ROOM DWELLING, BATH, GAS, INSIDE W. C., LARGE YARD, IN EXCELLENT CONDITION. GOOD LOCATION.
M'KLVEEN & WHITE, 604 PARK BLDG., REAL ESTATE "HUSTLERS."

SQUIRREL HILL RESIDENCE.
Reception hall house of 11 rooms, tile bath; lavatory on first floor; bay windows; open sanitary plumbing; hardwood finish; front and back stairs; laundry, etc.; excellent neighborhood; price only $9,000; biggest bargain in this section. M. T. 1903.
A. Z. EYERS & CO.,
621-2 Farmers Bank Building.

FOR SALE.
WILL SACRIFICE ON ACCOUNT OF LEAVING PITTSBURGH.
A nice 6-room reception hall house; bath, furnace, combination chandeliers, hot water heater; nicely papered.
$3,700. $3,700.
FRANK X. BEHEN,
406 Home Trust Building.

$2,000 under price; new 10-room brick house; very high class; large rooms; easy terms. J. Z. Svanner Co., 909 Times Bldg.

$900—Sheraden, new cottage, 2 rooms, water, gas, away below cost; forced sale; near cars. McGhie, 312 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

East End Residences.

FOR SALE.
Belmar plan, Monticello st., nice 8-room brick, modern, $4,300. Easy payments. See
CONTINENTAL TRUST CO.,
106 Sixth st. (Bessemer Bldg.)

OAKLAND, ABOVE FIFTH AVENUE.
One of the nicest homes of its size in the city, having 10 rooms and reception hall, tile bath, cement cellar, laundry, beautiful mantels, fine combination chandeliers, with the benefit of one of the largest lawns in this section. Only $4,000 cash required; balance on long-term mortgage; possession immediately.
LAND TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY,
315 Fourth ave.

Allegheny Residences.

MUST BE SOLD
To close an estate. Brick house of 7 rooms, with lot 98x72 feet and adjoining lot 24x97 feet; within short distance of Allegheny parks; can be bought for $6,000.
UNION REALTY CO.,
Penn ave. and Ninth st.

Farms.

FOR SALE—Farm of 127 acres, Westmoreland county, 15 miles from Pittsburgh; 20 acres good oak timber, balance in good state of cultivation and very productive. Cut over 60 tons of hay last year and other crops proportionately. Having a good 9-room frame house, bank barn 60x80, and all necessary outbuildings. Farm is well watered, and has fruit of all kinds and new orchard started. Only two miles to station; near church and school. Price $6,000, terms, $4,000 down, balance on easy payments. For the price this is one of the cheapest farms in Westmoreland county, being as near Pittsburgh as it is. Will not trade. R., Gazette branch office, Wilkinsburg.

FOR SALE—OHIO FARMS.
100 acres, 5 miles from city, $5,000.00; 170 acres, $5,000.00; 160 acres, $8,500.00; 209 acres, with milk route yielding $5,600 per annum, $11,000.00; farms are 4 miles from Lake Erie on electric and steam R. R.; land is level, very productive; good buildings, timber, fruit, water; desirable neighborhood; facilities and markets; for further particulars adress Owner, Lock Box 1396, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FARM of 17 acres, 12 acres in choice fruit, consisting of apples and peaches; good water; on Pittsburgh & Western Railroad. Inquire for John L. Wyland, De Haven, Pa.

FARM SEEKERS.
Get our FARM LIST. Mailed free.
THE JAS. MURTHA CO., 330 Fifth ave.

Lots.

MAKE US AN OFFER
On a fine building lot 50x100 feet; just off Perrysville ave.; cheap at $35 per foot front.
UNION REALTY CO.,
Penn ave. and Ninth st.

FOR SALE—Choicest on Forbes st., Near Morewood ave., Shadyside.
Corner building lot 145x250 ft. See
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
327-329 Fourth avenue.

Summer Residences.

FOR SALE
A SUMMER RESIDENCE
AT
OHIO PYLE
New frame house, 2 stories and cellar; 11 rooms and bath; fine well of water; outbuildings; two stories and cellar; nice grove; lot 90x110.
ONLY $2,500.
J. B. WEBB,
208 Sixth avenue,
McKeesport, Pa.

Real Estate—Special.

WE can sell your business, your farm or other realty. See our list before buying.
FIAT & BARRETT,
514 Ferguson Bldg., 320 Fourth Ave.

IF you are thinking of buying a home in California, cash or trade, call on
C. C. ANDERSON, 424 Fourth ave.,

For Sale or Exchange.

FOR EXCHANGE—We have a handsome 15-room brick residence, situated on Dithridge street, near Bayard, with all the latest improvements; lot 50x187 to an alley; owner will exchange for smaller properties; the house is 3 years constructed and the situation is first-class; convenient to all street car lines.
L. A. CLARK & CO.,
409 Fourth ave.

TO EXCHANGE FOR TOWN PROPERTY.
A splendid farm of 150 acres in Ashtubula county, Ohio. Nice living fertile land, well watered, fenced, plenty of fruit, 90 acres of timber; sugar bush of 700 trees. Price $6,500; equity $3,000. Possession any time.
FRANKSTOWN REALTY CO.,
7806 Frankstown ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR EXCHANGE—Four lots (clear of encumbrance), situate on Osgood street, Tenth ward, Allegheny, in fine location; will exchange for East End improved property and assume mortgage.
L. A. CLARK & CO.,
409 Fourth ave.

For Sale or Rent.

MANUFACTURING PLANT.
FOR SALE OR TO LET.
THREE corrugated iron buildings with power and shafting, 30,000 square feet ground, on corner of paved streets, in good manufacturing district. Address Owner, 704 Bessemer bldg.

Business Opportunities.

HOTEL—Without license; 5 miles from Pittsburgh; 3-story brick, 30 rooms, 2 bath rooms, hot and cold water, both gases, electric lights. Rent only $40 per month, with long lease. We offer for sale the complete furnishment of this house, doing a good business. Price only $2,500.

LIVERY AND SALES STABLE—Nearby town, 5 horses, 3 set single harness, 3 set double harness, 2 closed carriages, 1 surrey, 3 runabouts, 2 top buggies, clippers, blankets, robes, whips, etc., doing $35 to $40 daily. Good reason for selling. Price only $1,200.
FIAT & BARRETT,
514 Ferguson Bldg., 320 4th ave.

A MONEY-MAKER—A FORTUNE.
HOTEL—The best at the famous summer resort, Conneaut Lake; 50 sleeping rooms, with all good furnishings; seating capacity of dining room 150; equipped for 130; about 200 feet of lake frontage, with new dock, which cost $1,000 this spring; engine, gas plant and a full equipment; always full at the best of prices; owner has made a fortune and wishes to retire; the chance of a lifetime for a good, live man; price $15,000, easy terms. Be quick, as this won't last long.
VET L. BROWN,
531 Fourth ave.
Room 208.

SPECIAL BARGAIN.
Hotel in one of the best towns in Northwestern Pennsylvania; 3-story brick, with bar and livery doing $2,000 per month; is offered for sale on account of owner's health; look this up; price $18,000, including furnishings and barn; if you are wanting a hotel property see me.
VET L. BROWN,
208, 531 Fourth ave.

DO YOU KNOW that for $100 you can buy a 5-ACRE POULTRY AND FRUIT FARM, close to a large town and directly on two railroads, and that we will build you a house and take pay same as rent, $5 down, $5 monthly? Let us tell you more about it.
THE JAS. MURTHA CO., 330 FIFTH AVE.

FURNISHED HOUSE—In Wilkinsburg, filled with boarders and dealers; 3 minutes' walk from P. R. R. depot, 9 rooms, furnished; clearing $75 mo.; rent $40; price $650.
JOHN R. CAVANAGH & CO.,
608-609 Keystone Bldg., 324 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—One of the best small rent collecting agencies in city; net profit of $200 per month; a chance seldom offered to get into an old-established business; close investigation invited. Address Renting, P 133, The Gazette.

FOR SALE—Rooming and boarding house; 10 rooms furnished complete; central Allegheny; near parks; 3 minutes to library; good business stand; ill-health reason for selling; a bargain. Address H. 99, The Gazette.

JOHN R. CAVANAGH & CO.,
608-609 Keystone Bldg., 324 Fourth ave.
We buy and sell all kinds of business and real estate everywhere; partners secured; stock companies organized and financed. Call or write; all transactions strictly confidential.

MILLINERY STORE—Located in suburban town, doing good business; 6 living rooms in connection; established 20 years; price $700.
JO

STOCK MARKET FEVERISH, BUT PRICES CLOSED HIGHER

Traction Shares, Sugar, Smelting and Southern Pacific Were the Strong Features—United States Steel Preferred Closed Lower.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

The New York stock market yesterday was very feverish, rallies quickly following declines and vice versa, without any change in other than purely speculative conditions. The most active stocks were those which would be least affected by crop news or iron trade conditions, and the movements were therefore in response to special causes entirely outside what may be classed as legitimate influences. Under the lead of Metropolitan Street Railway all the tractions were active and buoyant. Metropolitan opened higher at 124½ and with few reactions advanced to 125¾. Late in the afternoon there was a sudden reaction to 123⅝, and the close was at 124 bid, a net gain for the day of only ¼ per cent. Metropolitan Securities was even stronger and held its gain better, advancing 5½ per cent to 94¾ and closing at 94. Interborough closed at 148¼ bid, and Third Avenue Railroad advanced 2¼ per cent to 126½. All issues sold at the highest prices of the year. Renewed denial of a deal that involved a new combination of the traction interests of Greater New York did not receive any attention from trades, whose experience tells them that the stock ticker is more trustworthy than the word of even eminent financiers.

From the tractions speculative interest turned to some of the industrials which have been neglected. Sugar was one of the strongest of these and advanced to 134⅝, which is the highest price since January, 1903. Its financial affairs are a closed book to stockholders, but the stock has a record for maintaining dividends under the most adverse business conditions, and as the fruit season this year is one of the best on record, the inference is that the profits of the company will be correspondingly increased. American Smelting common advanced to 103⅝, the highest price of the year, and the preferred crossed par for the first time on this movement.

United States Steel was one of the few prominent stocks to close at a net loss. It was rather heavy all day, and less active than for some time past. The common declined to 11⅞ and the preferred to 58⅝, and only slight rallies occurred at the close. The friction in the billet pool is the basis for the weakness, and the fact that a contract was made which was equivalent to a reduction of nearly $4 a ton from the quoted price for billets has had a distinctly chilling effect upon the demand for steel. It is not so certain as Wall street bears would have the public believe, however, that there is danger of a wide open market on steel products.

Southern Pacific was again the strongest of the railroad list, and the final sale at 52⅝ was the highest of the day, representing a net gain of 1⅜ per cent. Union Pacific was less active and did not advance to the same extent, but it closed firm at the top. The grange stocks were favorably affected by the weakening in wheat and the more temperate estimates of the damage in the northwest. Atchison, St. Paul, Rock Island and Missouri Pacific elevated at net gains ranging from ⅛ to ⅝ per cent. The Rock Island statement for June made a favorable showing, net earnings increasing $307,000. The report for the fiscal year ended June 30, however, showed a decrease in net earnings of $3,241,000.

The government crop report, given in full in another column, showed a depreciation in the condition of spring wheat during the month of July and an improvement in the condition of corn. The spring wheat figures were 87.6, which is down 6.6 points compared with July 1, but is 10.4 points above the figures for the corresponding month last year. Corn is reported at 87.3, which is 8.6 per cent higher than on August 1, 1903, and indicates the largest crop ever raised.

There was little change in the money market, call loans being quoted at ⅞ to 1 per cent. Time loans also continue easy at rates ranging from 3 to 4 per cent for periods running from four months to over the end of the year. The National City bank took $1,500,000 gold for shipment to Cuba, but the incident attracted no attention.

The local stock market was moderately active, but the tone was heavy and prices averaged lower. Pittsburgh Brewing common led in point of activity, declining to 24¾, after a sharp rebound to 25¼. Preferred declined to 45¾, but recovered to 45⅝. Crucible Steel preferred was the weakest of its group, selling down to and closing at 87¼, while the common remained unchanged at 5⅞. Westinghouse Electric declined ½ point to 70, and Air Brake was 5 dollars a share lower at 130, closing at that price bid. Pittsburgh Coal common declined to 13¾, while the preferred closed nominally unchanged at 54½ bid, 55 asked. River Coal preferred declined to 19½ and recovered to 19¾, closing at 19½ bid. There was very little future to the remainder of the market, which closed dull.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Sales on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

10:00 A. M. to 10:30 A. M.

50 Brewing com. 25¼ | 100 U. S. Sti. pfd. 58⅝
50 do. 25⅛ | 50 do. 58⅝
50 do. 25⅛ | 10 Electric 2nds. 79½
10 P. Proof pfd. 28¾ | 10 Luster 11¾

10:30 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

20 W. Airbrake 130 | 25 Brewing pfd. 45⅝
10 do. 130 | 75 do. 45⅝
50 Brewing com. 25 | 12 P. Coal pfd. 55
25 do. 25⅛ | 50 Mon. Water 35½
50 do. 25 | 50 Crucible pfd. 87½
35 do. 25 | 20 do. 87½
50 Brewing pfd. 45¾ | 30 Crucible com. 5⅝

12:30 P. M. to 2:00 P. M.

20 Airbrake 130 | 200 M. L. & H. 32¼
50 Luster 11¾ | 50 Brewing com. 24⅞
50 do. 11⅝ | 300 do. 24⅞
50 Electric 2nds. 78¾ | 50 do. 24⅞
100 do. 79 | 5 Mon. Water 35½
50 Crucible pfd. 87¼ | 10 Riv. Coal pfd. 19¾
50 do. 87¼ | 50 Crucible com. 5⅝
50 do. 87¼ | 150 Crucible com. 5⅝
150 do. 87¼ | 10 Phila. com. 38¼

2:00 P. M. to 3:00 P. M.

20 Airbrake 130 | 200 M. L. & H. 32¼
50 Luster 11¾ | 50 Brewing com. 24⅞
50 do. 11⅝ | 300 do. 24⅞
50 Electric 2nds. 78¾ | 50 do. 24⅞
100 do. 79 | 5 Mon. Water 35½
50 Crucible pfd. 87¼ | 10 Riv. Coal pfd. 19¾
50 do. 87¼ | 50 Crucible com. 5⅝
50 do. 87¼ | 10 Phila. com. 38¼

Summary.

Shares.		High.	Low.	Last Sales.	Ch'ge.
510	Brewing	25⅝	24⅞	24⅞	−¼
150	Do preferred	45⅝	45½	45⅝	0
180	Crucible Steel	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	0
570	Do preferred	87¾	87¼	87¼	−⅝
10	P. Proof pfd	28¾	28¾	28¾	−⅛
110	Luster	11¾	11½	11⅝	−⅛
200	M. L. & H.	32¼	32¼	32¼	+¼
47	Mon. Water	35½	35½	35½	+¼
100	Pgh. Coal	13¾	13¼	13¼	−¼
12	Do. preferred	55	55	55	+½
245	River Coal pfd.	19¾	19½	19¾	−¼
10	Phila. Gas	38¾	38⅝	38⅝	0
150	U. S. Steel pfd.	58⅜	58⅛	58⅛	−¼
75	W. Airbrake	130	130	130	−1
137	W. Elec. 2nds.	*79¾	79	79	−½
2306					

BONDS.

$3000	P.McK. & C.5s.	99½	99½	99½	+¼

*Less than 10 shares.

Closing Bids and Offers.

STOCKS.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.
Arsenal bank	50	135	....
Federal National	100	....	188
Iron & Glass bank	100	....	300
Lincoln National	100	240	....
Pitchers & Mechanics	50	70	....
Guarantee Title & Trust	100	....	180
Commonwealth Trust	100	176	185
Iron City Trust	100	115½	....
Manufacturers Light & Heat	50	32	32¼
Ohio Fuel Supply	25	37	....
Peoples Pipage	25	21	22
Citizens Traction	50	....	69
Ulster Mining	10	11⅛	11¾
Pleasant Valley Traction	25	29½	....
Allegheny Valley R. R. pfd.	50	....	25
Westinghouse Elec. 2nd pfd.	50	78¾	79
Consolidated Ice	50	....	6
Crucible Steel	100	5⅞	6
Do preferred	100	38¾	87¼
Harbison-Walker Co.	100	5⅜	6
Do preferred	100	50	....
Monongahela River Coal	50	8	....
Do preferred	50	19½	....
Marsden	100	3¼	3½
National Fire Proofing	50	7⅝	8
Do preferred	50	28⅝	29⅞
Philadelphia Co.	50	38	38¼
Pittsburgh Brewing	50	24⅞	25
Do preferred	50	45⅝	45⅞
Pittsburgh Coal	100	13	....
Do preferred	100	54½	55
Pittsburgh Plate Glass	100	114	115
Union Switch & Signal	50	....	69
United States Steel	100	....	11⅞
Do preferred	100	58⅝	58⅞
Westinghouse Airbrake	50	130	....
American Sewer Pipe	100	20½	21

BONDS.

Pittsburgh Brewing 6s		....	....	113¼	
Wilk. & E. Pch. St. Ry. 5s		....	....	112	
American Sewer Pipe 5s		....	97½	....	
Harbison-Walker 5s		100	....	....	

PIG IRON WARRANTS.

A—Southern coke	13.75	13.85	
B—Northern coke	12.50	12.85	
C—Virginia coke	13.00	13.25	
D—Standard Bessemer	13.00	13.25	
E—Southern charcoal	16.65	17.25	

LOCAL BANK CALL.

There were no sales at the call of local bank and trust company stocks yesterday, and prices were nominally unchanged. Following were unquoted quotations for small lots:

	Bid.	Ask.
Allegheny National bank, Pgh.	120	....
Cosmopolitan National	100	118
Federal National	....	183½
Merchants Trust	....	58
Colonial Trust	327	350
Union Trust	....	2,200
North American Savings	108	109½
Iron City Trust	116	....
Land Title & Trust	100	....
Pittsburgh Life & Trust	....	100
Franklin	....	50
Homewood Peoples	50	58

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Although Pittsburgh banks continue to quote 5 to 6 per cent as the rates on call and time loans, there are free offerings from outside sources at lower rates. The writer was yesterday shown letters from out-of-town leaders offering four months' loans at 3½ per cent and six months' loans at 4 per cent, with Pittsburgh or New York stock exchange securities as collateral and the ordinary margin for banks locally. It was also reported on good authority that the representative of a private capitalist was offering considerable sums at a concession on the low rates quoted for six months' loans. So far the easier market has had no effect in stimulating trading in the stock market. There has been some buying to average holdings of steel and coal stocks, but apparently very little new trade is coming in. The one favorable feature of the local situation is the maintenance of a good demand for bonds.

For quotable lots of Commonwealth Trust 176 was bid, 185 asked, the first public quotation on the stock for some time.

Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Connellsville 5s were ¼ per cent higher at 99½.

The Allegheny Heating Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 4 per cent and an extra dividend of 1 per cent, both payable August 25 to stock of record August 20.

United States Steel preferred yesterday declined on the New York board to 58¾ on sales of less than 1,000 shares, which was taken to indicate the absence of support.

One of the most active bond issues in the New York market yesterday was Consolidated Tobacco 4s, one house taking $500,000 at an advance of 1 per cent.

Predictions on the New York tractions yesterday were confident that Metropolitan Securities would reach par this week and that Metropolitan Street Railway would eventually sell at 130.

A very well known New York capitalist who is not a director in any of the traction companies said the other day: "I believe that things are shaping themselves so that the 7 per cent guaranty on Metropolitan will be made secure. With this guarantee secure, I see no reason why Metropolitan should not sell at $140 a share."

The bond sales for July, according to the United States Investor, amounted to $32,031,-773 42, not including temporary loans. Of this amount $27,464,036 were issued by cities and towns and $4,567,740 42 by counties. This amount shows an increase of $622,050 over $31,-409,723 reported for June, and an increase of $15,280,905 50 over the $16,140,868 83 reported for July, 1903.

The grain markets reflected the importance attached to the government report in the nervousness exhibited by speculators committed in that market and their desire to lighten their contracts before the report should appear. The realizing which carried back the prices of wheat was largely attributed to this purpose, although the weather in the spring wheat country was considered better.

A dividend of 2½ per cent has been declared on the preferred stock of the Scranton Railway Company, payable September 1, as registered August 15.

Good advances were made by southwestern railroad stocks, which were fairly attributable to the comparative prosperity of the cotton and corn crops as compared with wheat.

The conviction has became firmer that gold will be exported to England this week, as sterling exchange continued to advance and the London market rallied on the same assurance.

There is nothing that need cause surprise in the report that the National City bank has been considering the feasibility of the purchase of ownership the control of some bank in London. As is well known banking in the United States is fast outstripping local territory, and is becoming more and more national in its scope. For instance, the National City bank is not only the largest banking institution in this city, but has close affiliations by ownership or otherwise with other large banks and trust companies, not only in New York, but in other cities. The same is true of the Bank of Commerce and the First National bank. It would be carrying this development one step further to acquire similar affiliations in foreign money centers.—Wall Street Journal.

The New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin compiles figures of fire loss in the United States and Canada as follows:

	1904.	1903.	1902.
January	$ 21,790,200	$13,166,850	$15,032,800
February	90,051,000	16,090,800	21,010,500
March	11,202,180	9,960,850	12,056,600
April	23,623,600	13,549,000	13,894,000
May	15,221,400	16,366,850	14,866,000
June	10,648,700	14,634,350	10,246,350
July	11,823,200	12,838,600	10,028,000
Totals	$184,457,650	$96,593,550	$97,133,850

More than 5,000,000 bushels, probably 7,000,-000 bushels of September wheat were sold on the Chicago and Minneapolis markets on Thursday and Friday last by the northwestern crowd, which began buying this option at 80. There was no pool operation, the values being carried by "plungers." The heaviest buying was below 86. It is safe to say that the northwestern crowd averaged a 10-cent profit on a minimum of 5,000,000 bushels, or $500,000, and it is not unlikely that their profits ran up in the neighborhood of $1,000,000.

NEWS FOM THE MINES.

The Arizona Copper Company for the half-year ended March 31, 1904, produced 7,656 tons; for the half-year ended September 30, 1903, 6,850 tons; total for fiscal year to September 30, 1903, 14,506 tons; half-year to March 31, 1903, 7,375 tons; April 1 to June 30, 3,483 tons. For the year ended September 30, 1903, it earned $1,659,015 from mines and railway, against $1,730,805 in the 1901-02 year and $1,721,490 in 1900-01. For the 1902-03 year 80 per cent was paid on the two classes of "ordinary" stock, preferred and deferred, against 47½ in 1901-02 and 92½ in 1900-01.

The Centennial-Eureka, at Tintic, Utah, has made a lead strike. It occurred last week on the 1,400-foot level in the mine, or a depth exceeding 2,100 feet below the apex of the hill 2,000 feet above the collar of the shaft, at which time six feet of the lead carbonates with some galena was discovered, the ore, in addition to its lead contents, containing as much as 6 per cent copper and 20 ounces silver, with the auriferous values somewhat less than the average contained in the wealth of the bonanza. The ore, which occurs on the hanging wall, lies alongside the copper, gold and silver-bearing rock, and while the extent of the discovery has not been ascertained it appears strong and persistent.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Uncle Sam Consolidated of Tintic it was decided to resume work on the dividend column, and on August 20 it will pay a cent a share, or $5,000.

During the extension of the eighth level of the Elkton mine northward another high-grade ore shoot has been encountered in the water vein. The new shoot is about five feet across. From two to four inches of it goes around $800 to the ton. The basalt, of which there is two feet, carries gold values in the seams. The balance is good for about $30 to the ton. The company expects to commence hoisting ore this week, when the Elkton will resume its place among the producers of the Cripple Creek district.

Leonard Harrison and Seaver, who are operating under lease the bonanza W. P. H. property, are now sending out on an average of 50 tons of ore a day, most of which is coming from between the second and third levels, returning an average value of $50 a ton. The recent strike made between the second and third levels, at a depth of 245 feet, now measures 10 feet in width and from all appearances is an extension of the rich body that has yielded over $250,000 since the first of the year. The other body of ore recently opened found at a depth of 325 feet is now running about 3 to 4 feet in width, returning values of $30 to the ton.

Work on the Caliente Gold Mining Company's claim, close to the township of Caliente, Nev., is progressing rapidly in the tunnel, which is now in 325 feet and rapidly nearing their objective point. Both crops up over 500 feet on the surface, showing assays of over $60 a ton, and the ore showing considerable free gold. The values run in a rose quartz between lime and crystal walls, and seem well in place and very strong.

Since the starting of the extra stamps in the the Amicus mill by the Homestake Company, in Lead, S. D., a marked increase in the daily output of gold has been noted. The mine is now outputting about 4,400 tons of ore a day, an increase of about 400 tons. The mill capacity now has 1,000 stamps, each stamp crushing a little over four tons a day. The company is experimenting all the time on ways to save all the values that are in the ore. Six new sand vats are being installed at cyanide plant No. 1, giving a total of 20 vats in the mill. This will increase the capacity of the plant to about 1,800 tons a day. The ore comes from the Amicus mine on the Lead side of the mine. The cyanide plant No. 2, at Blacktail, over the hill north from Lead, is being increased about 30 per cent by making the sand vats deeper. A still greater saving of the fine values in the ore is now being made by a method is found that will save the remaining gold and silver that is now left in the slimes.

One of the richest strikes in the history of Summit county, Colorado, was made in the Admiral tunnel last week. The value of the ore was not known until returns were received at the mine from Leadville of $112 a ton, principally free milling gold. The strike has caused much excitement throughout the district, as it fully demonstrates the correctness of the theory that deep tunnel mining in the Ten Mile range will develop some of the greatest mines in the state. The strike was made by cross-cutting the Frank vein in the tunnel over 1,100 feet from its mouth at a depth of 1,200 to 1,500 feet under the surface. The vein is four feet wide on the point of intersection and the rich ore is very ordinary looking material. This is the second vein cut by the Admiral.

The Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—While tin was a little higher in London, closing at £121 15s for spot and £122 7s 6d for futures, it acted easier here with demand light, and closed lower at $28 62½@28 87½. Copper continued quiet at New York, where Lake, Superior and electrolytic are quoted at $12 50@12 75 and casting at $12 25@12 50. In the London market the metal was a little easier, closing at £56 10s for spot and £56 12s 6d for future. Lead was steady and unchanged at $4 20@4 25 in New York. In London it was firmer, closing at £11 16s 3d. Spelter also advanced slightly in the London market, closing at £22 2s 6d, while locally it remained unchanged at 5 85@6 05. Iron closed at 52s in Glasgow and 43s 6d in Middlesboro. Locally, iron was unchanged. No. 1 foundry northern is quoted at $14 00@14 50; No. 2 foundry northern, $13 75@14 00; No. 1 foundry southern and No. 1 foundry southern, soft, at $13 50@13 75.

Boston Copper Stocks.

(Reported by A. E. Masten & Co.)

STOCKS.	Open	High.	Low.	Close Bid.
Allouez	8⅞	10	8⅞	9¼
Atlantic	9¼	9	9	8⅞
Bingham	25	25	25	....
Calumet & Arizona	197	....	....	196½
Calumet & Hecla	480	480	480	....
Centennial	24⅜	....	....	24½
Copper Range	128	128¾	....	27
Elm River	12¼	....	....	....
Franklin	17½	....	....	7
Greenwater	14½	14½	14½	....
Goldfield	1.97	....	....	.92
Mass	4¼	....	....	3½
Mohawk	42⅜	42⅜	42⅜	42½
Mich.an	4½	....	....	4
Midwinter	1.49	....	....	.47
Phoenix	5⅞	5⅞	....	....
Pgh. & Duluth	130	....	....	128¾
Range Consolidated	55¼	55¼	54⅝	54¾
Trinity	8¼	8¼	8	7⅞
United Fruit	105¼	105½	105¼	105¼
Utah	38½	38⅝	38½	38½
U. S. Mining	42	42	....	41
Wolverine	80	80	80	79
Winona	7⅛	8¼	7⅛	7¾
Tonopah Extension	1.97	1.40	....	....
Tonopah Montana	42	.45	....	2.40
Tonopah Belmont	1.77	....	....	.68

*Bid. †Ask.

New York Mining Stocks.

Adams Con.	.25	Little Chief	.05
Alice	.20	Ontario	8.25
Breece	.10	Ophir	2.15
Brunswick Con.	.12	Phoenix	.11
Comstock Tunnel	.08	Potosi	.08
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.10	Savage	.18
Horn Silver	1.50	Sierra Nevada	.17
Iron Silver	1.45	Small Hopes	.25
Leadville Con.	.62	Standard	1.90

THE MONEY MARKET

There is an easier tone to the local money market, due to the offerings of funds from outside markets. Rates remain at 5@6 per cent on call and time loans. Clearing house comparisons:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Yesterday	$6,748,849 14	$2,301,224 93
Last week	6,709,454 71	1,608,678 07
Last year	7,206,589 35	1,272,068 73

Treasury and the Banks.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—In redemption of checks drawn by depositors of gold at the San Francisco and Seattle assay offices, today's official records show that the subtreasury paid out yesterday $110,885; of this amount $80,604 had been deposited at San Francisco and $30,251 at Seattle; total thus paid since Friday, $370,191, against $416,568 for the same period a week ago; total payment by government to New York banks for the day, $3,555,000; payment by banks to government, $5,381,000; balance on the day's transactions, $1,846,000, paid by banks to government; total net payment by banks to government since Friday, $877,000, against $1,327,-000 similarly paid for the corresponding period a week ago and $102,000 paid by government to banks a year ago.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $148,863,010; gold, $43,427,-205; silver, $32,643,291; United States notes, $15,513,144; treasury notes of 1890, $106,746; national bank notes, $10,090,748; total receipts this day, $1,625,002; total receipts this month, $14,552,174; total receipts this year, $61,338,561; total expenditures this day, $2,070,009; total expenditures this month, $18,800,000; total expenditures this year, $87,054,115; deposits in national banks, $122,581,946.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Close: Money on call very easy, ⅝@1 per cent; closing bid ⅝; offered at 1. Time easy and dull, 60 days and 90 days, 2 per cent; 6 months, 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady at actual business in bankers' bills at $4 88.45 for demand and at $4 85.45 for 60 days' bills. Posted rates, $4 86@4 88½ and $4 88@4 89½. Commercial bills $4 85¼. Bar silver, 55½c. Mexican dollars, 45½c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm.

COMPLETE RECORD NEW YORK STOCKS

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples Savings Bank building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges and Chicago board of trade.

ACTIVE LIST.

Sales.	STOCKS.	Open	High	Low.	Close Bid.
11900	A., T. & S. F.	77⅛	78⅛	77⅛	78⅛
200	Do preferred	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
700	Amer. Cotton Oil	34¾	34¾	33⅝	33⅝
	Amer. Sugar Ref	132½	134⅝	132¼	133⅝
	Do preferred	131	131	131	131½
800	Amer. Locomotive	21⅝	21⅝	21⅛	21⅝
100	Do preferred	88¾	88¾	88¼	88¾
	Am. Car Foundry	....	....	....	38
	Do preferred	....	....	....	77
	American Can	....	....	....	4¼
	Do preferred	....	....	....	41½
29600	Amal. Copper	52⅜	53¼	52⅛	52½
300	Anaconda Copper	72	73½	72	72
10700	Atc. Smlt. & Ref.	85¾	90⅜	85¾	89
1900	Do preferred	100	100½	100	100⅝
400	American Ice	....	....	....	6¾
	Do preferred	27⅜	27¼	27⅛	27
9000	Balt. & Ohio	85⅜	85⅞	84⅞	85⅜
	Do preferred	....	....	....	92
28800	Brooklyn R. T.	53⅛	53⅝	52⅜	53
800	Canadian Pacific	123½	125¼	123	125¼
300	Chicago & G. W.	14⅛	14¼	14¼	14
31700	Consolidated Gas	145	146¼	145	145¾
500	C., C., C. & St. L.	78	78⅜	76	76½
2100	Chic. & Ohio	34⅜	34⅞	34⅜	34⅜
700	Chicago & Alton	39⅝	40⅛	39⅝	39½
	Do preferred	....	....	....	80½
260	Chicago & W.	180	180	180	180
300	Col. Fuel & Iron	35⅞	36⅛	35⅞	35
	Corn Product	....	....	....	11¾
500	Do preferred	66¾	66¾	66	65¾
	D., L. & W.	270	270	270	270
600	Del. & Hudson	159⅜	159⅝	159½	159½
1500	Erie	24⅞	25	24⅝	24⅞
100	Do 1st pfd	63¾	63¾	63¾	63⅜
	Do 2nd pfd	....	....	....	47½
100	General Electric	162⅝	162⅝	162⅝	161½
	Hocking Valley	....	....	....	65½
	Do preferred	....	....	....	79½
100	Illinois Central	....	....	....	134
12200	Missouri Pacific	103½	104⅜	103½	103⅝
3000	M. K. & T.	18¾	20	18¾	19¼
3800	Do preferred	41½	42⅜	41½	42⅜
82500	Metropolitan	124½	125⅜	123⅜	124
58600	Do Securities	89¾	94	89¾	94
300	Mexican Central	9¾	9¾	9¾	9½
500	National Lead	21½	21⅝	21⅛	21⅝
	Do preferred	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛	92½
	National Biscuit	....	....	....	47½
	Do preferred	....	....	....	120
	N. Y. Airbrake	129⅜	129⅞	129½	129
	N. Y. Central	119¼	119¼	118⅝	118¾
	N. J. Central	....	....	....	163
2700	N. Y. & W.	31⅛	31⅜	31	31⅛
	Norfolk & West	....	....	....	42⅞
100	N. American Co.	87	87	87	85¼
8300	Peoples Gas	101½	102⅜	101½	102
900	Pacific Mail	26¼	26⅝	26¼	26½
300	Pressed Steel Car	32½	32⅝	32½	32⅝
	Do preferred	....	....	....	74½
6600	Penna. R. R.	120½	120⅞	120⅜	120⅞
100	P. C. C. & St. L.	64¼	64¼	64¼	64
	Do preferred	....	....	....	94
	Railway Springs	19½	19½	19½	19¼
	Do preferred	....	....	....	74
16000	Reading	63¼	63⅝	62¾	63
	Do 1st pfd	....	....	....	75
	Do 2nd pfd	....	....	....	70
8300	Rock Island	23⅜	23⅝	23½	23⅝
1300	Do preferred	65⅝	66⅜	65¼	66½
100	Republic Iron	7⅞	7⅞	7⅝	7¾
	Do preferred	....	....	....	43
	Southern Pacific	51¾	52⅝	51½	52¼
	Southern Railway	25½	25⅞	25¼	25⅝
	Do preferred	....	....	....	90¼
8500	St. Paul	148¼	148⅝	147⅝	148¼
100	Do preferred	178⅜	178⅝	178⅜	178⅜
1600	St. L. & Sw.	14½	15	14⅝	14⅞
2400	Do preferred	36½	37⅛	36½	36½
2600	Tenn. Coal & Iron	44	44	43	42⅞
15400	Texas & Pacific	27⅞	28⅝	27⅞	28⅛
200	T. St. L. & W.	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛
100	Do preferred	38⅝	38⅝	38⅜	37⅜
2800	U. S. Steel	11⅞	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝
19200	Do preferred	58⅞	58⅞	58⅛	58½
	Do 2d 5% bonds	78⅜	78⅜	78⅛	78⅛
27500	Union Pacific	96⅛	96⅝	95⅞	96⅜
	Do preferred	....	....	....	93
300	U. S. Rubber	19½	19½	19¼	19⅜
900	Do preferred	74⅜	75	74⅜	74½
900	U. S. Leather	....	....	....	7
	Do preferred	83¼	83¼	83¼	83
	U. S. Cast I. P.	9	9	8½	8¼
	Do preferred	58	58	62½	62
200	Wabash	17⅜	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛
1600	Do preferred	36⅜	37	36⅛	36⅛
300	Western Union	89	89	88⅝	88½
	W. & L. E.	....	....	....	14½
	Do 1st pfd	....	....	....	37¼
	Do 2nd pfd	....	....	....	22
300	Wisconsin Cent.	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
200	Do preferred	39¼	39¼	39	38¾
100	West. Elec. 2nds	157½	157½	157½	157
700	M. & St. L.	73⅜	73⅜	73⅛	73
	Do preferred	....	....	....	127½
	Va. Car. Chem Co.	29½	29½	29½	29¾
	Do preferred	104	104⅜	103½	103⅝
	D. & R. G.	22¾	22¾	22¾	21⅜
	Do preferred	72	72¾	72	71¾

INACTIVE LIST.

Sales.	STOCKS.	Open	High	Low.	Close Bid.
200	Allis Chalmers	....	11½	11	11⅛
100	Am. Malt	....	5	5	3
120	Am. Linseed	....	11	11	10⅜
500	Corn Product pf.	....	98	98	98
900	Con. Tob. pfd	....	118⅝	117½	117½
200	Denver & R. G.	....	22½	22½	22¾
400	Do preferred	....	73¼	72	72¾
200	D. S.S. & A. pf.	....	93¾	93¾	93¾
200	Iowa Central	....	18⅞	18½	18⅞
100	K.C. F.S. & M.pf	....	74¼	74¼	74¼
800	M.,S.P. & S.S.M.	....	73	71¾	71¾
60000	Met. Subs	....	94¾	88¾	88¾
33125	M., L. & T.	....	98	97⅜	97⅝
350	N. Y. Airbrake	....	129½	129½	129½
100	P. C. C. 2d pfd.	....	73	73	72½
400	Rubber Goods	....	17½	17	17¼
400	S. F. & G.	....	14¾	13⅝	13⅝
500	Do 1st pfd	....	43¾	45¾	45¾
500	Do 2d pfd	....	24	23½	24
1760	Third Ave.	....	126½	124	126
1175	Twin City	....	98	97⅜	97⅝
200	U. S. C. I. Pipe	....	....	8½	8¾
400	Do preferred	....	53	52½	52¾
1185	Va. Car.—Chem.	....	29½	29¼	29½
620	Do preferred	....	104¾	104	104¾
100	West. Elec 2 pf.	....	157½	157½	157

NEW YORK CLOSING BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s, reg.	104½	Man. con. gold 4s.	103¾
Do coupon	104¾	Mexican Cen. 4s.	81½
U. S. 3s, reg.	104½	Do 1st inc.	14½
Do coupon	105	M. & St. L. 4s.	98½
U. S. new 4s, reg.	131	M. K. & T. 4s.	99¾
Do coupon	132¼	Do 2nds	87½
U. S. old 4s, reg.	106¼	Mo. Pacific 4s.	97
Do coupon	106¾	N. Y. C. gen. 3½s.	100
Atchison gen. 4s.	103¾	N. J. C. gen. 5s.	132½
Do adjt. 4s.	95	North Pacific 4s.	103½
Atl. Coast Line 4s.	114½	Nor. & West. gen. 6s.	118½
Balt. & Ohio 4s.	103¾	N. & W. con. 4s.	101½
Do 3½s	94⅞	Ore. S. L. & N. 4s.	96
Cen. Georgia 5s.	111¾	Penna. conv. 3½s

PIG IRON SALES CONTINUE LARGE

Many Deals Are Being Made Aggregating a Considerable Total.

GENERAL STEEL MARKET NEWS

Sales aggregating a considerable total have been made during the past week in the pig iron market. The aggregate is said to be approximately 50,000 tons. This has been mainly foundry iron and the purchases have been marked more by their number than by the sizes of the individual orders.

The prices of northern pig iron are steady. Bessemer for immediately delivery can be quoted at $12 00 to $12 35 at the furnaces. On contracts including the last quarter it is perhaps impossible to do better than $12 25 with some sales at $12 50. No. 2 foundry, spot, $13 85, Pittsburgh, is quoted, and for delivery in the last quarter, $13 25, Pittsburgh, is asked. Gray forge is quoted at $11 85, furnace. For prompt delivery and $12 at for latter.

These prices reflect the confidence which the furnace operators feel in prices advancing within the next month. The sentiment throughout the iron and steel industry is of the kind that shows a marked activity in the near future. Following up the big deals that were made within the fortnight the situation seems to be better in hand now.

The deal between the Republic Iron and Steel Company and the Pittsburg Steel company for 110,000 tons of billets at practically $4 00 below the pool price of $23 00, Pittsburgh, still continues to be a subject of much speculation in the iron and steel markets.

Investigation Being Made.

The investigating committee of the Billet association has been looking into the matter and is expected to report at a meeting of the entire membership in Pittsburgh this week. What will happen remains to be seen, but despite all official denials it is evident that matters in the pool are far from serene. The dissolution of the pool itself seems to be threatened although the real control of the pool will be reflected more accurately in the prices fixed.

In the finished lines also there is much talk of the pool prices being higher than could reasonably be expected at this time and the most significant feature of the interest in the steel business is needed to prevent the law of supply and demand from putting there prices also on a truer basis.

An instance of the market righting itself is found in the formal announcement by the large wire producers this week that a reduction of $2 50 a ton is effective in wire nails and plain wire. This price has in fact been the selling one in the market for a couple of months and the formal lists have not been sufficient to hold up the values. It is expected that this action will be followed by similar action in other lines, thus restoring to buyers and sellers alike a condition which will be merely to have the price drop in time for competitors to buy beneath them, soon afterward.

It is expected, however, that with a resuming market the prices will rise under the stimulus of the demand. Both manufacturers and consumers have been standing deadlocked on prices for months past in many cases and the weight of the policy of each has not been widely questioned. The policy now growing in favor seems to be the natural one of lowering price as the demand falls and increasing as the demand grows.

Current Quotations.

Below are given current quotations on various lines of iron and steel:

Bessemer pig iron—A ton, $12 00@12 50, valley furnaces.

No. 2 foundry iron—A ton, $12 35@13 25, Pittsburgh.

Gray forge—A ton, $11 35@12, furnaces.

Billets—Bessemer and open hearth, association price, $23, market lower.

Muck bar—A ton, $24, Pittsburgh.

Steel rails, etc.—Standard sections, 50 pounds and over, in lots of 200 tons and over, $28; carlots and less than 500 tons, $20; less than carlots, $33; 16 to 20 pounds, $29@25; 40 pounds, $28@25, hexagon nuts, $2 40@2 45; fish plates, $1 60 on orders of 500 tons or more; rail end contracts, otherwise $1 80@8 15 is asked.

Structural shapes—Beams and channels, 3 to 15 inches, $1 90 the 100 pounds; 18 to 24 inches, $1 70; tees, $1 75; zees, $1 90; angles from 6 to 16 pounds, universal plates, $1 60.

Steel plates—Tank plates, $1 60, Pittsburgh, the 100 pounds; flange and boiler, $1 70; locomotive fireboxes, $2 10.

Boiler iron, $1 90, Pittsburgh; $2 35, Chicago; Bessemer steel, $1 35, Pittsburgh; open hearth, $1 40.

Wire and wire nails, Pittsburgh, $1 80, base; plain wire, carload lots, $1 70 base.

Merchant steel—In carlots, Chicago delivery, spring steel, $1 75 the 100 pounds; smooth finish machinery steel, $2 25 and upward, according to quality; ice pads, $1 90; ordinary grades of tool steel, 6@7c specials, 12c and upward; cold-rolled shafting in carlots, 6¢, and in less than carlots, 50 per cent discount from list.

Specifications for less than 2,000 pounds of a size, but not less than 1,000, are subject to an extra charge of 10 cents the 100 pounds; less than 1,000 pounds to an extra charge of 30 cents the 100 pounds.

Tin plate—100-pound coke plates, $3 50 a box at nearest mill, Pittsburgh delivery.

Sheets—Black sheets, in 500-pound lots and over, range from $2 50 down to No. 30 for No. 8; galvanized sheets range from $2 20 on Nos. 10 and 17 to $3 90 on No. 30. No. 28 black sheets are selling at $2 10@2 15.

Merchant pipe—The latest list of discounts to consumers, issued by the largest producer covering carload lots, f. o. b. Pittsburgh, follow:

	Steel.	Iron.
	Blk. Galv.	Blk. Galv.
½, ¼ and ⅜-inch	70 55	60 45
½ to 3-inch	78½ 68½	77½ 67½
3½ to 12-inch	77 67	76 66
7 to 12-inch	72½ 57	71½ 56
Extra strong, plain ends, ⅛ to 8-inch	60 50	68 58

Ferro-Manganese—Domestic ferro, 80 per cent, $41 06@41 50, delivered at buyers' mill in carload lots east of the Mississippi river.

Spelter—Prime western grades, $48 75 a ton, Pittsburgh, in carload lots.

Skelp—Grooved iron, $1 40 the 100 pounds; sheared, $1 47½; grooved steel, $1 35; sheared, $1 37½.

Old materials—Heavy melting stock, $11 00@11 50; No. 1 wrought scrap, $10 00@10 50; old steel rails, $13 00@13 25; machinery cast scrap, $11 75@12 25; No. 1 cast iron borings, $5 25@5 75; turnings, $7 50@8 00.

The Hardware Market.

Hardware business continues to move along in regular summer fashion, season goods still moving and good deal of fall ordering for general lines. Orders for wire nails and wire come in for good quantities and with great regularity, showing that the trade generally is keeping well up to the lines and has a point of safety in the event of a change in prices. Builders' hardware, housefurnishing goods, Albion tools, bicycle sundries and bicycles keep moving in a good manner. Orders continue to come in for fall goods and early shipments are even now going forward for fall use. Prices continue firm, no recent reports of changes having been made. The Bradley Hardware Company furnishes the following quotations:

Columbia pocket knives, discount 25 per cent; Albion hatchets, discount 50 per cent; Bindley coal shovels, 50 per cent; Bindley steel garden rakes, discount 70 and 10 per cent; sheet iron base, No. 26, $2 85 the 100 lbs.; galvanized sheet iron base, discount 70 and 10 per cent; sash weights, 2 ton, $30 per ton; window glass, 1, C. L., 90 and 15 per cent from list October 1, 1903; Albion sewing machines, discount 25 per cent; blue and white enameled ware, 30 and 10 per cent; Albion gas stoves, discount 40 per cent.

ENCOURAGING ANALYSIS OF IRON PRODUCTION

The Country's Output Is Safely Within the Limits of the Consumption.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—The following analysis of the returns of the country's iron production during July will be published in the Iron Age tomorrow. It is on the whole rather encouraging:

Our monthly statistics of the production of pig iron shew that the make, exclusive of charcoal iron, was 1,052,794 tons in July, as compared with 1,222,050 tons in June, and 1,357,309 in the first month of the year, April. In spite of this small output, stocks accumulated during July to the extent of 46,323 tons. On the face of these figures it would seem as though consumption were still unable to cope with production. The returns, however, shew that the active capacity declined from 272,800 tons on July 1 to 240,000 tons on August 1, so that we are safely within the limits of consumption if the latter is only up to the July record. Everything, however, points to a better figure for August. The July requirements are always low, owing to the closing down of mills and foundries for repairs.

It looks, therefore, as though we had at last reached the point where we are running the corner, if production remains on the present low plane. The only fact which justifies any expectation to the contrary is that Alabama seems to be booming her pig iron output, when the labor troubles are at an end.

The production of the merchant furnaces, which was 588,690 tons in April, 606,000 tons in May, and 570,000 tons in June, fell to 484,000 tons in July, thus shewing clearly how sharply their production has been restricted. From May 1 to August 1 they accumulated 222,000 tons of iron, the bulk of it in May and June.

During the week there have been heavy sales of pig iron by a number of blast furnaces located along the Ohio River. The most encouraging feature of it is that in several conspicuous instances the buyers have taken deliveries expending over eight and ten months. This shows confirmation of the feeling in the markets to only a very limited extent.

A good deal of fuss is being made over the question whether the Republic-Pittsburgh steel consortium arrangement is or is not a technical violation of the rules of the Billet association. That "gentlemen's agreement" has been of so little consequence for so long a time that its final collapse should not create a ripple.

In the trade it has long been regarded as a very much more subtle matter that evasion of the terms of the beam and plate agreement are claimed to be taking place. These are quite rigid pools, whose disruption would force a readjustment in important interests. The rail pool has little more to expect during the present year.

Reports from Europe indicate that the German steel syndicate is having its troubles and has been forced to put prices on billets and bars back to the figures which prevailed before its formation.

A fair tonnage is moving in many of the finished lines. The lower quotations on wire nails which have prevailed for some weeks are now tacitly accepted by all, although the "official" prices still live.

Among the larger contracts awarded during the week is one for 15,000 tons of pipe for the Kansas oil fields. Some very good tonnage is in course up in the structural line and there is talk of a little more activity in the lake ship yards this fall and winter.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS

PITTSBURGH UNION STOCK YARDS.

Wednesday, Aug. 10, 1904.

Cattle—Supply light; market steady. Choice, 1,400 to 1,500 lbs., $5 80@6 00; prime, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs., $5 50@5 75; good, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs., $5 20@5 40; tidy butchers', 1,050 to 1,150 lbs., $4 90@5 12; fair, 900 to 1,100 lbs., $4 10@4 50; common, 700 to 900 lbs., $3 00@3 90; roughs, 1,000 to 1,220 lbs., $3 75@4 25; heifers, 700 to 1,000 lbs., $3 75@4 50; common to good fat cows, $2 00@3 75; common to good fat bulls, $2 00@4 00; good to choice milking or springer cows and springers, $35@50; common to fair, $15@30.

Sheep and Lambs—Supply fair and market slow on sheep and lower on lambs. Prime wethers, 90 to 100 lbs., $4 15@4 25; good mixed, 85 to 90 lbs., $3 60@4 10; fair mixed, 75 to 85 lbs., $2 25@3 65; culls and common, $1 50@2 00; spring lambs, $4 00@6 50; veal calves, $6 00@6 50; heavy and thin, $3 50@4 50.

Hogs—Receipts, 30 double-decks; market slow and lower. Prime medium and heavy hogs, $5 20@5 30; medium, $5 00; heavy Yorkers, $5 00@5 05; light Yorkers and pigs, $5 05@5 10; roughs, $4 00@5 00; stags, $3 00@4 00.

The Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Cotton futures closed strong. August, 10.14c; September, 9.95c; October, 9.78c; December, 9.70c; January, 9.71c; February, 9.80c; March, 9.85c; April, 9.85c; May, 9.88c. Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 10.65c; middling gulf, 10.90c; sales, 180 bales.

Lima beans, $1.20@1 40
do soaked ....75@80
String beans, 2-lb. 70c
do 3-lb. 95c
Stringless ....$1.25@1.75
Peas, marrowfat ....85@90c
do early June ....92½@95c
do soaked ....55@65c
Apples, N. Y. ....
gal cans ....$2 15@2 25
Pineapples ....$1 20@2 55
Pumpkins, California ....$1 55@1 60

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl $26 00
do half bbl $11 50
do quar, bbl $6 00
Mackerel, No. 1 shaffs, bbl $20 00
do half, bbl $10 50
do quar, bbls $6 25
do 20-lb pails $2 40
do 10-lb pails $1 75
Mackerel, No. 2 large bbl $14 00
do half bbl $7 40
do quar, bbls $3 85
do 20-lb pails $1 75
do 10-lb pails 95c
do 5-lb pails $5 00
Lake herring, 100 lbs $3 25
do half-lb $1 35
do 10-lb. 50c

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap., bags ....10@12c
do 25-lb boxes ....10½@12½c
Apples, bulk ....6¾@7c
do 1-lb cartons ....7½@8c
Peaches ....7@10½c
Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkg ....7½@7¾c

Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown, 50-lb boxes ....@2½c
do Ondaria ....
do Vai ....5@8½c
do Cal. Val ....7½@8c
Currants, cleaned, 25 and 60-lb pkgs ....6½@6¾c
Prunes ....3@8c
Figs, 10-lb. boxes ....
do Turk ....12½@14c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu small ....$6 75@7 00
do mammoth ....$6 85@7 00
do crimson ....$4 50@4 75
do white ....$11 00@11 50
Loose from wagon ....$14 00@16 00
Straw, oat ....$8 00@8 50
do wheat ....$8 00@8 50
do rye ....$11 00@11 50
Oil cake, No. 2 white ....45½@46c
do No. 2 ....44½@45c
do No. 4 ....42½@43c

Millet, German ....$1 25@1 30
Southern ....$1 75@1 80
Grass, Hungarian ....90c@$1 00
do lawn, 1½ bu ....16@18c
do lawn, 14-lb bu ....$1 85@1 75
do red top, 14-lb bu ....$1 10@1 00
Timothy ....$1 00@1 00

GROCERIES.

Flour.
Fancy spg. patent, quarters in paper ....$5 80@5 85
First clears ....$3 80@3 90
Second clears ....$3 60@3 70
Fancy winter patents ....$5 55@5 60
Straight win ....$5 40@5 45
Rye ....$4 30@4 35
Graham ....$4 60@4 75
Cornmeal ....$2 00@2 10
do 10-lb cotton bags ....1½@1¾c
Rolled oats, bbl $5 40
do bags $2 85
Roasted Coffee.
Rio ....12@15c
Santos ....22½@23½c
Maracaibo ....17½@18c
Peaberry ....17½@18c
Golden Rio ....14½@15c
Caracas ....19@10½c
Standard, strictly prime ....11.85@12.05c
High grade ....17.80@19.00
Molasses, fancy refined ....35@36c
do choice ....31@34c
do open ket. ....37@30c
Syrup.
Fancy syrup ....28@30c
Maple syrup, gal $1 00
Sug. and cane ....24@28c
Prime ....24@26c
½-lb cans, doz $1 90
1-lb cans, doz $3 25
5-lb cans, doz $1 85
10-lb cans, doz $8 40
Maple, gal ....75c@$1 00
Oatmeal, bbl $5 60
do 50-lb bags $2 80
Sugar, sta. cane 5.20c
do bags 5.15c

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, sta. pie $1 10
do pie, gal ....$2 50@2 75
do California, E. C. ....$1 65@2 25
do Mayflower, yellow ....$1 45@1 65
do California, E. F. ....$1 80@2 00
Corn, Lancy, Md., do stand ....$1 20@1 35
Cherries, Cal. white ....$2 50@2 75
Pears, California ....$1 60@1 80
Pineapples, sliced ....$4 00@4 50
Grapes, California, crates $1 80
Grape fruit ....$3 00@3 50
Apples, per bbl ....$5 00@6 00
do ½ bu ....40@50c
do bbl ....$2 50@2 75
Peaches, new clings, 6-basket carriers ....60@75c
do Elbertas ....$1 00@1 25

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, do new, bbl ....$2 25@2 50
do track ....$1 75@2 00
Virginia sweets, bbls ....$4 00@4 25
do bbl ....$1 00@1 50
Loose from wagon ....$14 00@16 00
Corn, No. 2 yellow ear ....63@65c
Oats, No. 2 white ....45½@46c
do No. 2 ....44½@45c
do No. 4 ....42½@43c
Flour.
Fancy spg. patent, quarters in paper ....$5 80@5 85
First clears ....$3 80@3 90
Second clears ....$3 60@3 70
Fancy winter patents ....$5 55@5 60
Straight win ....$5 40@5 45
Rye ....$4 30@4 35
Graham ....$4 60@4 75
Cornmeal ....$2 00@2 10
do 10-lb cotton bags ....1½@1¾c
Rolled oats, bbl $5 40
do bags $2 85
Roasted Coffee.
Rio ....12@15c
Santos ....22½@23½c
Maracaibo ....17½@18c
Peaberry ....17½@18c
Golden Rio ....14½@15c
Caracas ....19@10½c
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High grade ....17.80@19.00
Molasses, fancy refined ....35@36c
do choice ....31@34c
do open ket. ....37@30c
Syrup.
Fancy syrup ....28@30c
Maple syrup, gal $1 00
Sug. and cane ....24@28c
Prime ....24@26c
½-lb cans, doz $1 90
1-lb cans, doz $3 25
5-lb cans, doz $1 85
10-lb cans, doz $8 40
Maple, gal ....75c@$1 00
Oatmeal, bbl $5 60
do 50-lb bags $2 80
Sugar, sta. cane 5.20c
do bags 5.15c

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, sta. pie $1 10
do pie, gal ....$2 50@2 75
do California, E. C. ....$1 65@2 25
do Mayflower, yellow ....$1 45@1 65
do California, E. F. ....$1 80@2 00
Corn, Lancy, Md., do stand ....$1 20@1 35
Cherries, Cal. white ....$2 50@2 75
Pears, California ....$1 60@1 80
Pineapples, sliced ....$4 00@4 50
Grapes, California, crates $1 80
Grape fruit ....$3 00@3 50
Apples, per bbl ....$5 00@6 00
do ½ bu ....40@50c
do bbl ....$2 50@2 75
Peaches, new clings, 6-basket carriers ....60@75c
do Elbertas ....$1 00@1 25

Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown, 50-lb boxes ....@2½c
do Ondaria ....
do Vai ....5@8½c
do Cal. Val ....7½@8c
Currants, cleaned, 25 and 60-lb pkgs ....6½@6¾c
Prunes ....3@8c
Figs, 10-lb. boxes ....
do Turk ....12½@14c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu small ....$6 75@7 00
do mammoth ....$6 85@7 00
do crimson ....$4 50@4 75
do white ....$11 00@11 50
Loose from wagon ....$14 00@16 00
Straw, oat ....$8 00@8 50
do wheat ....$8 00@8 50
do rye ....$11 00@11 50
Oil cake, No. 2 white ....45½@46c
do No. 2 ....44½@45c
do No. 4 ....42½@43c

Millet, German ....$1 25@1 30
Southern ....$1 75@1 80
Grass, Hungarian ....90c@$1 00
do lawn, 1½ bu ....16@18c
do lawn, 14-lb bu ....$1 85@1 75
do red top, 14-lb bu ....$1 10@1 00
Timothy ....$1 00@1 00

GROCERIES.

STATE IS GIVEN 302 NEW DOCTORS

Medical Examiners Condemn Colleges That Grant Degrees to Inefficient Candidates.

ONE EXPELLED FOR CHEATING

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Young's Ocean Pier, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 10.

The state board of medical examiners of Pennsylvania concluded its examination of the papers of the 370 medical students who applied for a license to practice in Pennsylvania, tonight. Of those who applied 73 failed, three withdrew and one was expelled for cheating. This gives a percentage of failures of 19.5, higher than for many years. In explanation of this the board handed out the following statement:

Because medical colleges all over the country have been conferring medical degrees on illiterate and incompetent persons it has become necessary to protect the country from the evil consequences of this questionable practice, and to see to it that the public is given a reasonable degree of safety. The state board has had to contend with those who persist not only in not requiring a high degree of efficiency at matriculation, but whose curriculum does not give the students the principles of medical practice necessary to one contemplating the treatment of the sick.

"With an unfailing regard of its duty to the community at large, the board has sought to make the standard very high, as is due to public safety. The present examination was characterized by questions that were eminently fair. They deal with principles of medicine and practice that every doctor should know. Notwithstanding this, more than 10 per cent of those who appeared before the board were found to be incompetent. This is certainly an indication of a certain lack of duty on the part of the colleges where these men studied and where they were given a medical degree, and demonstrates that they are unwise in conferring those degrees on persons whose papers show them to be wholly illiterate and who, in the beginning, had not the proper training or common knowledge, to enable them to pursue the study of medicine. It is evident that something must be done, and, unless the matters complained of are remedied, the members of the board will take steps for the annulment of the charters of the institutions that are at fault."

The board will re-examine the papers of those who failed, to determine to what extent the institutions that conferred degrees upon them are at fault, and this may be the subject of a special report to the state legislature.

The examinations were held from June 28 to July 1. Those who passed are as follows:

Jessie Allen, Clarence Ellwood Apple, Herbert Arthur, James Cooper Artis, J. Emmanuel Austin, Walter Philip Bader, James Augustus Bailey, Jesse Cruikshank Bailey, Robert Wellesley Bailey, Charles Homer Bair, Theodore Baker, Sydney E. Bateman, Harvey Lolan Bates, Edward Beach, David Major Bell, David Fuller Bentley, Henry Bergh, Pierre Norbert Bergeron, Leonard Bershad, Mary Louise Dixon Bickings, Warren Joshua Bieber, Samuel Edward Bigelow, John Rickard Bigelow, Paul Harold Bible, Frederick Tremaine Billings, James Wade Blair, Albert Herbert Blakeslee, Carl Boardman, Reuben A. Boggs, Charles Walter Bonney, J. P. Bottenhorn, Walter Garfield Bowers, Edward Grosvenor Brace, James Lenson Brenton, Emilie Breithaupt, Miles Briggs, Bennett Brockbank, Bernard Browne Jr., Harrison Morgan Brown, James Erroll Brown, Joel Daniel Brown, Harry Sheldon Buckingham, Ralph E. Buckley, Stoddard S. Burg, Harry Frederick Bushey, William Reddield Butt, John Sankey Buttermore, Jerome Calvin Campbell, Delos Campbell, Iron Chesney Campbell, Sydney Smith Carrier, William Willis Carrier, Thomas Benjamin Carroll, Frank William Cartwright, Ira Wellington Chapman, Louis Chadoff, Andrew Reid Cook, Charles Patrick Coll, Anna Evans Corliss, Rebecca Cornfield, H. Noble Crandall, William James Creighton, William Judd Creighton, James Crowe, Alfred W. Crozier, Chester W. Cunningham, David Dale, William Price Davis, Thomas Daniel Davitch, Percy Edward Deckard, Anna Degnering, Benjamin Franklin Devitt, Albert J. Devlin, Exra A. Dickey, Samuel James Dickey, David T. Ditchburn, John Patrick Donahue, James Oswell Donaldson, Kadrey Whitin Downs, William Drayton, Jr., James H. K. Duff, Ralph Duffy, Harry A. Duncan, Julia Reiss Earhart, Elliott Bard Edie, George Martin Edwards, William McEwen Edwards, Alexander Ellis, Charles Ellis Elsenhofer, Hershey Fansler, Hyrax Fegenbaum, Myrtle Regina Feltwell, Charles Kline Forer, John Wesley Fermen, William McCrea Findley, Margaret Robb Finney Finn, Edward Fisher, Howard Stiner Flood, James Roy Freeland, Leonard Davis Fresolin, Cyrus Ward Fridy, Benjamin Frye, Albert Ferdinand Garton, Marjorie Goldsmith Gaston, John Cutler Gourley, Robert L. Gray, Stoddard P. Green, George Washington Grier, Jesse Grime, Robert Emery Grove, Kenneth Sylvan Guthrie, Orbin Hall, Charles Hamilton Harris, Henry Monroe Harsarve, Howard Cyrus Harper, Charles Vincent Hart, William Curtis Hensyl, Henry Heydt Herb, Samuel Evans Hibbs, Anna Augusta Hintze, William Hober Hoffa, Charles Ray Hoffman, George Llewelyn Hoffman, Frank Kennedy Holman, Mark Benjamin Holzman, John Stuyvesant Hook, John Ferguson Hope, Robert John Hunter, Jay Donald Iams, Clarence E. Imbrie, W. W. Ireland, James Jefferson Horace H. Jenks, Frank Dalis Johnston, John Bayley Jones, Jr., Stuart Smith Jordan, Louis Daniel Judson, Clinton Austin Kane, Joseph Jeremiah Kane, John Brooks Kaufman, Thomas "L" Kelly, Fred H. Kiser, Louis P. Kroll, Frank Joseph Kosek, William V. Kuder, Hobart Leslie Lantz, Frederick Charles Lehman, Harry Lewis, Nathan Lewis, Clarence Emanuel Lewis, Orville Garrett Lewis, Philip Albert Ley, Seth Andrew Light, Walter Crispin Lippincott, Henry Nathan Litchfield, John Forsyth Lowrie, Thomas Longcope, Jr., Frank James Longwell, Raymond E. Loghead, Edward Dalland Lovejoy, Robert Spear Lowry, Clarke McEwan Luman, Loyal Graham Lutz, Pye Francis McAvoy, Willis Austin McCall, William Sommer McCausland, James Garrett McCollin, Samuel C. McCorkle, F. Manuel McCready, Oscar D. McDonough, Thomas J. McGinley, Hugh Dallas McIlvaine, Charles Malcolm McLaughlin, Earl McCormick McLean, Neal R. McLean, Edwin Harbaugh McMillan, Phillip Prentice McMunn, Marion A. Mahaffey, James Clyde Markel, John Ross Smith Martin, Edward Browning Meigs, Frederic Aaron Meisle, Kirby Smith Mellinger, A. A. Merritt, Melvin John Bernhard Menacke, Benjamin Eugene Merrill, Frank Mershon, Frederick Theodore Dubois Merrine, Ralph E. Miller, William W. Mills, Alice David Mitchell, Charlotte Barnard Mitchell, David Clinton Mock, Frank Fisher Moore, Wilson McKerney Moore, Erwin Mortimer, Jr., Harry Murphy, Russell Edward Murvin, D. H. Noble, John Joseph O'Donnell, Edward Young Ord, John Henry Orr, Charles Thomas Palmer, Dottor Ferrari Pasquale Stewart, Hill Patton, Charles Oscar Penny, Ira Hartzell Penrod, Benjamin Franklin Peter, Isaac Swartz Plymire, Edward Johnston Podobnik, Ellen Culver Potter, John Read, J. Ed. Reed, Walter Roland Register, Alphonse F. Reiner, Sidney J. Rettger, Otto Ahn Richard, Blodgard Audley W. Ricketts, Hugh Howard Riddle, William Frederick Ridgway, Charles E. Rink, James Foster Ritter, Mercedes A. Roberts, Frankock Browning Rogers, James Nathan Rohrbach, John Rouse, Jr., John Franklin Rowles, James Bernard Rucker, Mary Priestly Sheriff Rupert, Edmund Russell, William Stewart Russell, Elijah Williams Ryon, Jr., G. W. Sammons, Clyde Sanders, Charles Nicolaus Schaefer, Charles Wesley Schaubel, Joseph John Schiff, George William Schlindwein, Thomas Wesley Schoop, George Denny Senks, Charles K. Seidel, James Herbert Shannon, Wayne L. Sharpe, Carrie Walton Shelton, William H. Shenberger, Ralph Edwin Shrom, Jacob O. Sherman, George Chester Smith, Alexander Ross Sneilden, Barry B. Soberuheimer, Paul Darling Spratley, Oswald C. Stackhouse, The-odore A. Starkowski, Newton Henry Stein, Richard Cook Stellwagon, Jr., Harry Abraham Stembler, Mary Eleanor Stephenson, Harry Joseph Stockdorger, John Wallace Stokes, Philip Samuel Stout, Miles Edwin Stover, Walter Ayr Strayer, Otto Gradison Strickland, Charles Martin Strotz, Jackson Taylor, J. Robertson Tettsworth, Marshall McClelland Thompson, Edgar Albert Tobey, John Albert Tupper, Martha Tracy, Prince Glenn Treat, Hunter Heiner Turner, Jean Jacques Abram Van Kauthoven, Frederick Oswin Wagge, Leroy Clifford Waggoner, J. Fred Wagner, Claude William Walker, Porter Morrison Wall, Henry W. Walter, Milton F. Weaver, Amelia Welckel, Frank Highley Wellerman, Ernest Charles Wenrick, John Edward Wellner, William Charles Werts, J. Scott Willock, J. Norman Wolfe, Finley R. Whitfield, John Lawrence Widmyer, Walter Edward Williams, Herbert Willis, Robert Lewis Wilson, Frank W. Wilson, John J. G. Wilson, Otis Lee Wingate, Morris W. Winfield, Walter A. Wood, Harry Robert Woods, George Jesse Wright, Blanche Baker Wunderlee, Randall Zimmerman, Herbert Zeigler Giffin, Richard E. Pettigrew.

W. C. LITTLE.

Two Policemen Were Dismissed.

At the meeting of the police trial board yesterday R. W. Ward of the Forty-third street police station and Charles Schoenveth of Frankstown avenue police station, both patrolmen, were recommended for dismissal. Ward was charged with being intoxicated while on duty and Schoeveth for neglect of duty. The other policemen on trial were exonerated.

CHIEF OF POLICE OF WASHINGTON, PA., ACCUSED OF RECEIVING ILLEGAL FINES.

ALEXANDER RANKIN,

Who is a veteran of the civil war and is at the head of the Washington police force.

WASHINGTON, PA., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—A sensation was caused today by the arrest of Alexander Rankin, chief of police, on the charge of receiving illegal fines. George T. Hallam, a councilman, made the charge. Rankin gave bail for a hearing, John Curran being his bondsman. It is claimed that Chief Rankin at different times received fees from prisoners whom he discharged illegally. Chief Rankin is one of the best known men in Washington county. He is a veteran of the civil war and stands high in all circles.

DIVINITY CAUSED JAPANESE WAR

Opinion Advanced by a Subject of the Mikado While in Pittsburgh.

WORK OF AMERICAN GUNNERS

L. Kauaga, a Japanese tea merchant who left his native country on June 20 when the war with Russia had developed to a point when the mikado's soldiers were flushed with victory, is in Pittsburgh. He is the first native of Japan who has reached here since the outbreak of hostilities. He is 40 years of age and called attention to this fact in profuse apologies for not taking part in the patriotic defense of his country. He wore the "Japanese smile" and was reticent in his references to the conflict which is being waged in Manchuria.

"The war with us is regarded to have been caused by a divinity," he said, as he boarded a train for Washington, Pa., where he was going to dispose of his tea. "In Japan we obey the mikado when he voices the call of our forefathers to rise up and smite the enemy which has sought to crush our country and imperil its trade. The answer has been universal. I have two sons in Gen. Kuroki's army."

"Are the losses as heavy as have been reported?" Mr. Kauaga was asked.

"In this country I have learned more of the war in three weeks than I heard in Japan since last winter," he answered. "We know of the reverses on the battle fields, but I have no reason for believing that all the rumors we hear have any foundation. I place no trust in news I hear from China or St. Petersburg. I have heard military and medical men in Tokyo say that the losses, especially in killed, were small compared with the destructive qualities of the weapons used. I have heard the Russians called very poor marksmen."

"Are there many American gunners in the Japanese navy?"

"American gunners have been in our navy since our war with China in 1895 and we received more after the Americans took the Philippines, but the most of the shooting has been done by Japanese gunners who received their training under the Americans. The Americans over there seem to care little for the actual fighting, and prefer to train our soldiers, but of late of the Russian guns. The Americans are well paid and live in luxury in the Tokyo tea houses, spending a very short time each day in giving lessons in the handling of the big cannon and the machine guns."

"How soon do the Japanese people expect the war to end?"

Mr. Kaunga shrugged his shoulders and did not answer. He was educated in an English school in Hongkong and has traveled extensively in this country and Europe.

INTERESTING AMUSEMENT PROGRAMS NEXT WEEK

Charles Hawtrey, the English Comedian, Will Inaugurate Vaudeville at the Grand Opera House.

That Harry Clay Blaney, the popular little comedian, who appears at the Bijou next week, in his big comedy drama, "Across the Pacific," has surrounded himself this season with the best company of players ever seen in the play, is unanimously conceded by the critics. The strength of Mr. Blaney's company has grown from year to year.

The Grand opera house will open on Monday, August 22, with Charles Charles Hawtrey, the English comedian, as the headliner. Mr. Hawtrey will be remembered for his cleverness in "A Message from Mars" and last year's play, "Sweet Sally." When Manager Davis announced that the Grand was to be devoted to vaudeville, he stated that during the season he would introduce to the public numerous dramatic stars as well as the leading vaudeville attractions of Europe and America, and the engagement of Mr. Hawtrey at this playhouse, which is now undergoing extensive repairs which promise to make it one of the most ornate and attractive places of entertainment in the country, is merely a practical illustration of his policy to give Pittsburgh theatergoers the best type of this class of entertainment.

Rowe and Lemon, two famous exponents of trick bicycle riding, will be at Kennywood park next week. The Second Brigade band will give the Sunday concerts and the Homestead Library band will play throughout the week. Mai. Esler will play at Calhoun park Sunday with his Rough Rider band from Blaney's "Across the Pacific" company, which will mean some first-class music. All the members of the Cumming and Gore comedy company will be at Calhoun park an extra feature. The Fourteenth Regiment band will entertain Oakwood patrons with the Excelsior quartet as an extra attraction.

CHAMP CLARK'S MEMORY SHORT

Objects to Republicans Sending Out Campaign Literature With Franks.

REMINDER FROM OVERSTREET

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—The secretary of the Republican national congressional committee, Jesse Overstreet of Indiana, and Champ Clark, Democratic congressman from Missouri, had a discussion today through intermediaries as to the right of sending campaign literature by franking, and the plea that it had been done as the material was part of the Congressional Record.

The controversy started over the announcement that the first campaign literature of the Republican party has been sent out under the postal frank of Congressman James McCleary of Minnesota. The campaign document, it is said, is merely extracts from speeches and articles written by President Roosevelt, but which Congressman McCleary started to read in congress and then asked "leave to print." Under this ruling anything printed in the Congressional Record can be franked. Secretary Overstreet, when asked about it, said:

"Certainly they are going to frank it. It is well known that when a congressman speaks for a minute he can then get leave to print the entire speech and this is frankable. There is no limit to the number of franks a congressman can send out. Why, I remember on the instance of a speech of John Sharp Williams, of which only a small portion was read, and then all printed and which was a campaign document, and at least 1,000,000 copies have been sent out by franking.

Champ Clark, when told of Mr. Overstreet's views, said:

"I disagree with him. When congress adjourned there was a tacit understanding between the two parties that while the leave to print was given generally, nothing would be printed that was not by congress. They have violated this positive agreement between the parties."

Mr. Overstreet was told of this statement and said:

"Eight years ago Champ Clark did the very same thing. He started to read a speech, which was represented to be parts of speeches of 15 congressmen. It was printed on the records and afterward it was found that he had incorporated the entire book of Henry George, entitled 'Progress and Poverty.' That was sent out by the millions. It is no new thing to frank this stuff and it is done every year."

FAMILY FEUDS IN PUEBLO.

They Reduce Still Further the Population of the Colorado City.

GOLDEN, COL., Aug. 10.—Mrs. Ida Stebbins of Pueblo has shot and killed her husband, Albert Stebbins. They had been separated for two years and the husband sought an interview with the woman at the ranch near here where she was employed. Upon being refused admittance to her room he threatened to break down the door. The woman thereupon fired through the door, the bullet lodging in Stebbins' brain. A young daughter of the couple handed the mother the gun with which she did the shooting. The woman was arrested.

PUEBLO, COL., Aug. 10.—J. W. Miller, a former smelter employe, today shot and killed his wife, attempted to murder his eldest daughter and then killed himself.

FRAUD ORDER ISSUED AGAINST SPECIALTY CO.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The postmaster general today issued a fraud order against the National Specialty Company of New York. Inspectors reported that the concern failed to fulfill promises made in advertisements which promised $8 to $15 a week to ladies who could do the work at home. One dollar was charged for a circular which informed applicants that the advertised wages could be obtained by doing plain sewing.

France and Belgium Protest.

SAN DOMINGO, REPUBLIC OF SANTO DOMINGO, Aug. 10.—The French and Belgian governments have again protested officially to the government at Rome against the Italian-Dominican protocol, which instrument, they claim, violates the rights of French and Belgian citizens.

King Edward Goes to Bohemia.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—King Edward started for Marienbad, Bohemia, today to take his annual cure at the baths. He travels incognito as Duke of Lancaster. The King's stay at Marienbad will be entirely of a private character, with the exception of the occasion of Emperor Francis Joseph's visit to him there.

Bringing Gold to America.

SIDNEY, N. S. W., Aug. 10.—The steamer Sierra, which sailed from this port August 8 for San Francisco, has on board $750,000 in gold.

SUIT TESTS LOT RESTRICTIONS

Court Refused License to Holdover Who Had Transferred It for Cash.

BILL TO ENJOIN STRIKERS

F. E. McGillick has entered an equity suit against Samuel Hasley, which will test the strength of building restrictions, now common in the sale of residential real estate. A "spite fence" is involved in the controversy. The property is in South Atlantic avenue, near Millvale and Center avenues, and was sold originally by Elmer W. Moore. The plaintiff secured a number of the lots and one of these was subsequently purchased by Hasley. The plaintiff claims that a part of the contract for the conveyance was a provision requiring the house to be erected on the lot to cost not less than $6,000, and that it should not be closer than 40 feet from the street. Hasley, it is alleged, is covering his entire lot with a building and has constructed the 16-foot fence, which shuts out the plaintiff's view.

Three creditors filed a petition in the matter of Daniel Webster Wylie of Pittsburgh, against whom a petition for adjudication has been filed. The petitioners are James Young of Butler, the Neeb-Hirsch Publishing Company of this city and Harry Stecher, receiver for the Standard Trust Company of Butler. They allege that on June 16, while insolvent, Wylie allowed James Sheafer and James E. Clark, creditors, to obtain a preference through a confession of judgment. Young's claim is for $10,569.10, on a judgment secured in common pleas court No. 3. The other claims are of a like nature, Stauffer's being on three judgments in amounts of $10,000, $5,000 and $2,000. The claim of the Neeb-Hirsch Publishing Company is for $158.35.

James Fish Huffman, a druggist of Washington, Pa., filed a petition in bankruptcy giving his liabilities as $4,208.13 and assets at $3,650.

License Transfer Refused.

Judge Collier refused to grant a license transfer to Jacob Tannebaum, who had purchased the lease hold and fixtures of Charles A. Howard at 80 Fulton street. At the last sitting of license court Howard, who had formerly held a license, was held over for three months. Taking for granted that the license would be issued at the expiration of that time, Tannebaum purchased the place. Yesterday both men appeared at the clerk of courts' office and asked if the license had been granted, Tannebaum having previously applied for a transfer. Attorney W. J. Bachman went to Judge Collier for the men, who told him the license would not be granted, although there was no formal order made in the case.

The following executions were issued: M. J. Conahan vs. Bridget M. Costello, $146.61; the Third Ward B. & L. association of Allegheny vs. Joseph Trabert, et al., $832.12; Mrs. Mary Moss vs. William A. Spohnsler, Jr., $3,186; John Siebert vs. Amie E. Engelmohr, et al., $8,421; Thomas C. Jenkins vs. Thomas M. McQuade et al., $286.65; Mrs. L. E. Shoup, use, vs. L. E. Shoup, $9,000; L. E. McIlvain & Co. vs. Otterman Manufacturing Company, $264.90.

Joseph McD. Elliott has sued the Monongahela Connecting Railroad Company and Isaac Edward Muse, an engineer, for $8,000 damages each. He has his hand smashed while coupling cars on May 19.

George D. Fuckiner has begun equity proceedings against Robert Lamont & Sons and others to restrain the erection of a building. The plaintiff occupies a barber shop at 107 Fourth avenue and he alleges the defendants are erecting a building which will deprive him of light and air from his rear window.

Injunction Against Strikers.

The Pittsburgh Steel Foundry filed a bill in equity against T. B. Kennedy and others, asking an injunction against the strikers at Glassport. Judge Collier received the bill and fixed Monday at 9:30 as a time for a hearing. The bill names about 60 men as defendants, who were formerly in the company's employ and who belonged to the Iron Molders' union. It is alleged that since June 15 they have dissatisfied with the company's action in undertaking to run its plant as a non-union establishment, have conspired and combined with others unknown to prevent the company from taking into its employ persons not members of the union.

Mrs. N. G. Gosser has sued Rohn Brothers Electric Laundry Company for $25 damages. She states she sent a carpet to the defendants to be cleaned, but that the company threw the carpet to his own house and used it there. When she determined where it was the defendants, she says, offered to restore it to her, but she did not want it then as it was damaged.

C. R. Moffitt of McKeesport has entered suit against the Fidelity Home Assurance and Realty Company to recover $100.70, which, he avers, he paid in on a contract that was fraudulently obtained.

The Safe Deposit and Title Guaranty Company has sued W. W. Murray to recover $1,500 alleged to be due.

The master in the divorce suit of John E. Walker against Opal Walker has filed his report. The husband's testimony shows the wife chose her father to him. The marriage was a run-away one, occurring on the silver wedding at Youngstown. On returning to his father's home in Upper St. Clair township, they were domiciled there for a short time, while the husband and his father began building a home on the farm for the young couple. The father, Mr. Wilson, summoned his daughter home and developed an antipathy for his son-in-law. He advised her to stay away from her husband, and, according to the testimony, when her husband asked her to join him she said her father had advised her that if she went to her husband "she could not come to his (her father's) house even if one of the family was lying there a corpse."

PREMIER BALFOUR DECLINES.

Announces He Will Not Call Imperial Conference as Suggested by Joseph Chamberlain.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Premier Balfour announced in the house of commons today that he did not propose at present to call an imperial conference or appoint a royal commission to examine the fiscal situation of the empire.

Joseph Chamberlain, defending himself in the house of commons August 1 against an attack of free traders, said the only difference between himself and Premier Balfour was that the latter did not think the country would consent to colonial preference, as it involved a food tax, and urged Mr. Balfour to call a conference of the colonial representatives to ascertain what they wished and were prepared to do in order that the country might discover whether he had based his policy on knowledge and experience.

STREET CAR CRUSHED CAB.

Democratic Leader Killed and Three Other Men Injured at Sheepshead Bay.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Crashing into a cab on Neptune avenue, in the rear of the Brighton Beach race track, Coney Island, a Smith street car today smashed the cab, almost instantly killing Thomas Osborne, Democratic leader of Sheepshead Bay and chief clerk of the Coney Island police court, and injured three others, one of whom may die.

The injured are Alderman Fred Lundy of Voorhees avenue, Sheepshead Bay; William McKane of East Twenty-third street, and Charles Hogan, of East Fourteenth street, Sheepshead Bay, driver of the cab. Hogan is in a critical condition. For 45 minutes the body of Osborne was pinned under the forward truck of the car before a wrecking crew arrived.

MyStomach

"It feels so uncomfortable. Food distresses me. I get blue and despondent. I fear it is my heart. But my doctor says it's my stomach." And what did your doctor tell you to take? Ayer's Sarsaparilla? Quite likely, for he knows. $1.00. All druggists.

When the liver is wrong, everything is wrong. The digestion is weak. The disposition is weak. The nerves are weak. Nothing acts well. Just one of Ayer's Pills each night will make these wrong things right.

25 cents. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Youngest Vagrant on Record at Homestead

James Wakefield, aged 11 years, is the youngest vagrant ever placed in the Homestead lockup. He says he was living with his grandparents at Pittsburg, but they would not keep him any more, so he hired out to a farmer up the Allegheny river but the man did not treat him right and he ran away. He is being held for the juvenile court.

Supreme Judge Appointed.

BISMARCK, N. D., Aug. 10.—Gov. White today appointed Edward Engerud of Fargo to be supreme judge to succeed the late Judge John M. Cochrane, who died suddenly July 29, while the state nominating convention was in session.

STOMACH TROUBLE NOT HEART DISEASE OR DROPSY.

Testimonial of Mr. Wetzo, Showing How Catarrh of the Stomach is Cured by Dr. Byers.

Mr. John Wetzo, 75 Ontario St., Allegheny, says: "My stomach troubled me so much and I got so weakened down that I could hardly do my work. Frequently when I got home from work I had to get my wife to apply hot cloths to my abdomen to relieve the awful soreness. My abdomen would swell up and become so painful I could not bear my clothes to touch me. My appetite failed and what little I ate caused great pain. The pain would reach up to my heart and make me feel that my heart

Doctor W. C. Byers, Graduate Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia.

was affected. I fell away so in flesh and strength and was so weak I could hardly work. My bowels wouldn't move, my sleep was disturbed and I would get up in the morning as tired and aching and sore as if I had worked all night instead of being in bed.

"I frequently had spells of rumbling in my bowels just as if water was splashing around in there and I feared dropsy had set in until Doctor Byers explained that it was caused by an accumulation of gas, the result of my food not digesting. A friend took me over to Doctor Byers' office and under his treatment all these distressing conditions have disappeared. The soreness has gone out of my stomach, my appetite has returned, I am gaining in strength and flesh, I sleep well and feel refreshed in the morning. I say to any citizen if you want the best Doctor Byers is the doctor to go to, his charge is reasonable and he is good and kind to you."

$5.00 A MONTH

for all diseases, medicine included. No charge for consultation or advice either in office or by mail. If unable to visit office write for symptom blank for home treatment.

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Doctor Byers treats all chronic diseases of the eyes, ears, nose, throat, lungs, stomach and bowels, asthma, liver, kidney and heart diseases, blood, skin and nervous diseases.

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THE PARK HOTEL—Lake front, open. Public Park. Strictly up-to-date. Rates $2.00 per day. Special rate by the week. S. M. Johannsen, Prop.

THE BEEBE HOUSE—On Park and Bay; $2.00 and $3.00 per day. Special provision for families. Capacity 400. J. B. Ward & Son, Props.

THE PUT-IN-BAY HOUSE—Most centrally located of all hotels. Overlooking parks and all boat landings. Quiet and homelike. Noted for its excellent cuisine, efficient service and moderate prices.

HOTEL DELSCHLAGER — Lake front. Rates $10 per week. E. Delschlager, Prop.

NEW WARD HOUSE—$1.50 to $2.00 per day; $10 per week. Never closed. S. J. Campbell.

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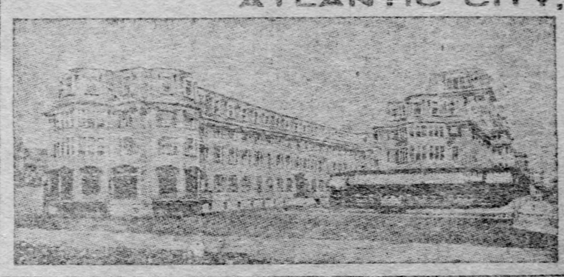

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Capacity 500.

MODERN and metropolitan in every detail of equipment and management with a feature of a large high-class patronage. Luxuriously furnished Sea water and private baths. Open all the year.

Write for terms and booklet.

JOHN C. GOSSLER, Propr.

Visitors to Atlantic City from Pittsburg are invited to make free use of the facilities at The Gazette and Chronicle Telegraph bureau, on Young's ocean pier.

The facilities include stationery and a private postoffice. Letters addressed in care of The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Atlantic City, will be promptly delivered to the addressee.

A coupon will be printed on second page of the Atlantic City edition, which, with three cents, (one-half the regular price) will admit to the pier.

Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at The Gazette office.

The Gazette's advertising representative in Atlantic City is John C. Benson, Gen'l Mgr. of The Resort Advertising Co., Bartlett Building, North Carolina and Atlantic aves. All advertisements will be accepted at the same rates as at the home office of The Gazette.

HOTEL DENNIS

Atlantic City, N. J.

Beautifully situated with 200 feet on the Ocean Front, thus insuring an unobstructed ocean view from a large number of rooms and public parlor.

Noted for the liberality of appointments and for the select class of patronage.

Hot and cold sea water in private baths. All Golf privileges. Write for booklet.

WALTER J. BUZBY.

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WHOLE BLOCK BEACH FRONT.

400 rooms—ATLANTIC CITY—200 with bath.

Thoroughly rebuilt, Refurnished, Reopened and complete. Hydrotherapy Baths, Swimming Pools. Rates reduced, $2.50 daily, $12 to $18 and up weekly. Automobile. Booklet Orchestra.

A. C. Mitchell & Co.

Grand Atlantic

Under new liberal management. Virginia ave. and Beach. Capacity 600. Hot and Cold Sea Water Baths. Improved cuisine and service. Fine Cafe. Musical Concerts. Phones in bedrooms. Rates $2.50 and up daily, $15 up weekly. American plan. Coaches meet trains. Photo Booklet.

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THE SCARBOROUGH

ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.

Directly on the Beach Maryland Ave.

$2.50 a Day Up. $12.50 a Week Up.

Walter R. Davis, Manager.

The Albemarle.

Virginia Ave., near Beach. Elegant modern hotel, new throughout, 100 large, cool front rooms with excellent table. Special reduced terms, $10 to $12.50 per week; $2 to $2.50 per day. Illustrated booklet. J. C. Cope.

MARLBOROUGH HOUSE,

Stone, Iron and Slate Construction. Capacity 600.

Whole block on Central Beach front. Exclusive patronage. High grade music every night in the year. Running ice water and bell telephones in the bed rooms. Sea and fresh water in all baths. Yachting, bathing, Golf, automobiling, driving, fishing; innumerable amusements.

JOSIAH WHITE & SONS, Props and Managers.

THE FRONTENAC.

Ocean end Kentucky ave., 100 yards from Beach, famous piers and all attractions. Atlantic City. A new hotel as good as the best; capacity 250; offering special rate $10 to $12.50 per week up; daily for large ocean room, well beds, new gas ranges, tile furnishings. Excellent table and service. Elevator, baths, telephones, etc. Hotel porches overlook ocean and boardwalk. Booklet. MRS. H. M. MOYER.

THE SAN MARCOS.

Near Beach, Pacific and Massachusetts aves. High-class family hotel. Capacity 300. Will make special rate $7 to $10 up weekly; $1.50 up daily; for large, cool, ocean-view rooms and unsurpassed table. Elevator, baths and every convenience. Extensive porches, lawns and balconies overlooking ocean. Delightfully situated near all attractions. Booklet.

W. F. WATTS.

Hotel Rudolf

OPEN ALL YEAR. Atlantic City, N. J. Rooms with sea and fresh water baths. American and European plans. McKee's Boston Symphony Orchestra.

CHAS. R. MYERS, Owner and Proprietor.

HOTEL IROQUOIS

South Carolina ave. and Beach—Making special rates of $12, $15, $17.50 weekly. Capacity 400. Large, cool rooms, private baths. 'Phones in rooms; elevator to street; sunlit porches, with ocean view; excellence in table and service. Booklet.

W. F. SHAW.

BEST MODERATE PRICED HOTEL.

HOTEL ELBERON—Penn. Ave., near Beach. Opposite Catholic church. Filtered water. Windows screened. New metal beds. Excellent table $8 to $15 weekly. Capacity 300. Booklet.

R. B. LUDY, M. D.

SPENCER HALL—Maryland ave. and Beach. Capacity 300. Positively no better table and service in Atlantic City at any price. Rates moderate.

SPENCER & RUTTER.

NEW BRICK BOSCOBEL.

Every known hotel appointment with exceptional luxury. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Special rates until the first of August. Rooms single and en suite, with large luxurious baths. Write for illustrated literature. Elevator to street level. Special rates to August 1.

A. E. MARION, Owner and Manager.

JOHNSTOWN FLOOD

is on

THE BOARDWALK

Opposite Steel Pier. The finest electric scenic production in the world.

FROM $3 PER DAY, $20 PER WEEK UP.

HOTEL LAWRENCE Maryland Ave. and Beach. New and modern. Two min. walk from Boardwalk. Bathing and Steel Pier. Good table, quick service. CAPACITY 150. J. G. KENDRICK.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL.

Located directly on the beach. Open until October 1, 1904. Under new management. Write for terms and booklet.

L. J. MATROUS, C. B. PRETTYMAN, Manager. Owner and Proprietor.

Hotel Ponce De Leon

Virginia ave., second house from Beach. Capacity 350. Cuisine unexcelled.

E. E. SWEENEY, Owner and Prop'r.

CHALFONTE

The Leeds Company.

HOTEL CHAMPLAINE—Modern, high class, grand location; Kentucky ave., near Beach; beautiful ocean rooms; unexcelled cuisine; elevator, baths, phones; cafe capacity 300; liberally supplied; booklet. Special $10 up weekly, $2 to $3 daily. A. C. EKHOLM.

THE RUNNYMEDE.

Park Place, close to Beach, facing City Park. Select location. New and strictly modern. Elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, rooms en suite with baths, cuisine and service highest standard. Booklet mailed. L. McILVAIN.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL—Tennessee ave. Central to all attractions, every comfort for guests. American, European plan, weekly rates $8, $10, $12; transient $1.50 $2. Special rates to families and commercial trade. Music. New management. GRAHAM & CO.

LA FONTAINE

Kentucky Ave., near Beach; refined; homelike. Excellent table and appointments. Special rates, $8 to $12 weekly.

R. B. PARKER.

BERKSHIRE INN—Ocean End Virginia Ave. Special rates, $10, $12.50 and $15 weekly, and $2.50 to $3 daily. Capacity 300. Elevator, private baths, all appointments.

J. O. & J. E. DICKINSON.

HOTEL ABBEY—Pacific and Mt. Vernon aves., near Beach; steam heat. Electric lights, elevator, suites with baths, American and European plan. Cafe attached.

HARRY J. GORMLEY, Mgr.

HOTEL RICHMOND—Ocean Front, Kentucky Ave. Capacity 250. Every appointment, including elevator, steam heat, baths, sun parlor, etc. Special rates. J. D